



EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

BANKING SUPERVISION

Supervisory Banking Statistics for significant institutions

First quarter 2023

BANKENTOEZICHT

July 2023

BANKTILLSYN BANKU UZRAUDZĪBA

BANKŲ PRIEŽIŪRA NADZÓR BANKOWY

VIGILANZA BANCARIA

BANKFELÜGYELET

BANKING SUPERVISION

SUPERVISION BANCAIRE BANČNI NADZOR

MAOIRSEACHT AR BHAINCÉIREACHT NADZOR BANAKA

BANKING SUPERVISION

PANGANDJUSJÄRELEVALVE

SUPERVISÃO BANCÁRIA

BANKOVNI DOHLED

BANKENAUF SICHT

БАНКОВ НАДЗОР BANKTILLSYN

ΤΡΑΠΕΖΙΚΗ ΕΠΟΠΤΕΙΑ PANKKIVALVONTA

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T00.01 Overview

(EUR billions; percentages; number of institutions)

Main figures	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Number of SIs					
Full sample	112	111	111	110	111
Liquidity sample ¹⁾	112	111	111	110	111
Balance sheet composition					
Total assets	26,458.16	26,765.38	27,770.97	25,840.64	26,420.99
Total liabilities	24,840.14	25,152.06	26,141.36	24,184.63	24,716.97
Equity	1,618.01	1,613.32	1,629.60	1,656.01	1,704.02
Key indicators					
Net interest margin	1.20%	1.23%	1.23%	1.36%	1.48%
Cost-to-income ratio	64.30%	62.20%	61.43%	61.19%	60.36%
Cost of risk	0.56%	0.52%	0.48%	0.47%	0.46%
Return on equity	6.04%	7.59%	7.55%	7.68%	9.56%
Capital adequacy and leverage					
CET 1 ratio ²⁾	14.99%	14.97%	14.74%	15.38%	15.53%
Tier 1 ratio ²⁾	16.22%	16.22%	16.03%	16.71%	16.94%
Total capital ratio ²⁾	18.87%	18.86%	18.68%	19.37%	19.60%
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.68%	5.27%	5.17%	5.62%	5.52%
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.59%	5.19%	5.09%	5.53%	5.48%
Asset quality					
Non-performing loans ratio (including cb) ³⁾	1.95%	1.85%	1.79%	1.84%	1.80%
Non-performing loans ratio (excluding cb) ³⁾	2.51%	2.35%	2.30%	2.27%	2.24%
Stage 2 as a share of total loans and advances ⁴⁾	9.28%	9.72%	9.82%	9.62%	9.31%
Funding					
Loan-to-deposit ratio	104.49%	105.34%	104.75%	103.52%	104.97%
Net stable funding ratio	128.88%	126.99%	127.06%	125.79%	125.87%
Liquidity					
Liquidity coverage ratio	167.39%	164.32%	161.99%	161.32%	161.27%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) As of the reference period Q1 2020, the liquidity sample matches the full sample. For entities where the ultimate EU parent of the banking group is located outside the SSM, the data show the highest level of consolidation reported to the ECB at the cut-off date. The obtained data are aggregated in the liquidity coverage ratio shown above.

2) CET1, Tier 1 and total capital ratios are based on the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (the Capital Requirements Regulation).

3) "cb" refers to "cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits".

4) Stage 2 loans as a share of total loans and advances. Loans and advances at amortised cost (AC) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are excluded.

T01.01 Significant institutions by country and classification

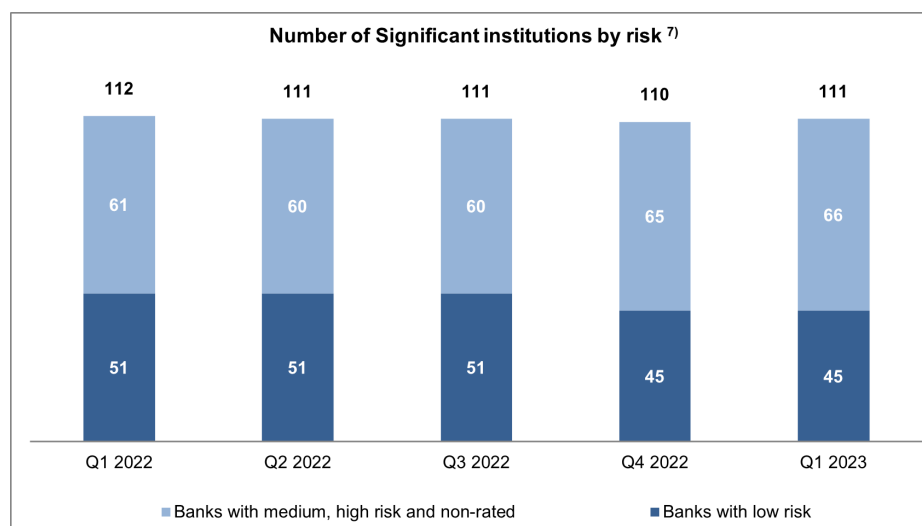
(number of institutions)

Country	Q1 2023
Belgium	5
Bulgaria	1
Germany	22
Estonia	4
Ireland	6
Greece	4
Spain	10
France	11
Croatia ¹⁾	-
Italy	12
Cyprus	2
Latvia	3
Lithuania	3
Luxembourg	4
Malta	2
Netherlands	7
Austria	6
Portugal	3
Slovenia	3
Slovakia ¹⁾	-
Finland	3
Total	111

Size	Q1 2023
Banks with total assets	
Less than €30 billion	23
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	43
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	17
More than €200 billion	20
G-SIBs ²⁾	8
Total	111

Geographical diversification	Q1 2023
Banks with significant domestic exposures ³⁾	15
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures	
SSM	67
Non-SSM EEA ⁴⁾	10
Non-EEA Europe ⁵⁾	9
RoW ⁶⁾	10
Total	111

Business model classification	Q1 2023
Corporate/wholesale lenders	10
Custodian and asset managers	8
Development/promotional lenders	5
Diversified lenders	32
G-SIBs ²⁾	8
Retail and consumer credit lenders	13
Small market lenders	15
Universal and investment banks	20
Not classified	-
Total	111



Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

2) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

3) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

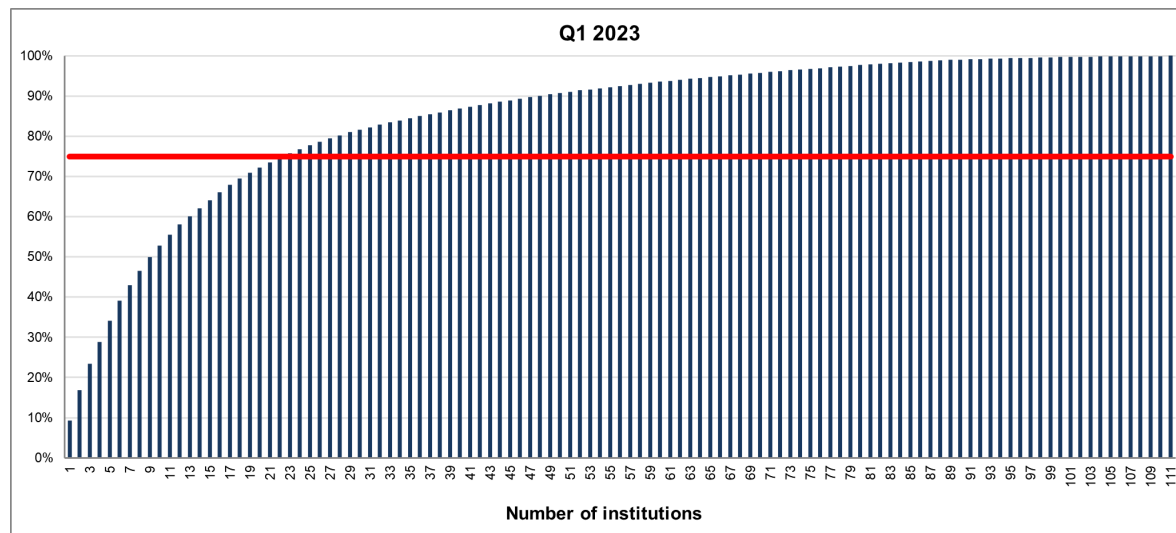
5) European countries not in the EEA.

6) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

7) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc.

Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

T01.02 Concentration of total assets (cumulative percentages of total assets)



Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

The charts show the cumulative percentage of the total assets in the sample which is covered when the total assets of each institution, ordered from the largest to the smallest, are added. For instance, it is shown that the largest institution in the sample accounts for almost 10% and the 20 largest institutions represent approximately 75% of the total assets in the sample. The solid line in red corresponds to the 75th percentile.

T02.01.1 Profit and loss figures by reference period

(EUR millions; percentages)

Profit and loss ^{1) 2)}	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Net interest income	68,141.40	139,694.55	213,703.53	297,875.45	84,436.31
Net fee and commission income	41,617.05	82,972.35	123,624.34	165,408.93	41,471.77
Net trading (and investment) income	13,477.68	25,005.55	33,087.93	41,602.98	13,340.50
Net gains or losses from hedge accounting	648.48	1,265.91	1,244.79	1,255.78	91.94
Exchange differences, net	-209.12	-91.48	1,441.13	1,123.03	1,382.42
Net other operating income	5,874.45	11,117.28	15,320.23	20,274.96	3,100.66
Operating income ³⁾	129,549.95	259,964.17	388,421.95	527,541.12	143,823.59
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-83,295.57	-161,699.21	-238,615.09	-322,816.67	-86,806.14
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	46,254.38	98,264.96	149,806.86	204,724.45	57,017.45
Impairment and provisions ⁴⁾	-16,561.13	-24,367.96	-36,857.70	-56,241.63	-12,642.29
Other	3,687.14	5,460.57	9,032.52	14,870.21	6,625.31
Profit and loss before tax ⁵⁾	33,884.65	82,278.54	122,960.14	163,743.08	54,688.99
Tax expenses or income	-9,438.96	-21,085.06	-30,722.92	-36,634.19	-13,947.25
Net profit/loss	24,445.69	61,193.48	92,237.22	127,108.89	40,741.74
Net interest income to operating income	52.60%	53.74%	55.02%	56.46%	58.71%
Net fee and commission income to operating income	32.12%	31.92%	31.83%	31.35%	28.84%
Net trading (and investment) income to operating income	10.40%	9.62%	8.52%	7.89%	9.28%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

2) Figures reported are year-to-date.

3) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.

4) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

5) Profit and loss before tax from continued operations (i.e. "net income before impairment, provisions and taxes" + "impairment and provisions" + "other") plus profit and loss before tax from discontinued operations.

T02.01.2 Profit and loss figures by country

(EUR millions; percentages)

Profit and loss ^{1) 2)} (Q1 2023)	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ⁶⁾	Italy
Net interest income	84,436.31	2,213.33	C	10,519.93	367.16	2,346.49	1,869.11	20,868.58	16,495.47	-	11,256.08
Net fee and commission income	41,471.77	843.09	C	6,418.44	64.45	838.28	385.53	6,589.31	14,173.01	-	6,485.88
Net trading (and investment) income	13,340.50	236.90	C	3,118.10	0.16	392.27	0.72	1,055.04	7,178.97	-	440.11
Net gains or losses from hedge accounting	91.94	-49.82	C	252.14	C	-2.58	-17.92	12.69	-100.74	-	-59.46
Exchange differences, net	1,382.42	-68.73	C	58.95	C	39.08	29.47	92.48	240.56	-	352.04
Net other operating income	3,100.66	-36.56	C	502.30	7.77	286.44	111.55	-1,622.50	1,333.11	-	1,516.28
Operating income ³⁾	143,823.59	3,138.22	C	20,869.86	454.90	3,899.98	2,378.45	26,995.60	39,320.39	-	19,990.93
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-86,806.14	-2,573.89	C	-13,700.57	-175.52	-2,125.51	-923.21	-12,854.23	-29,529.34	-	-10,913.82
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	57,017.45	564.33	C	7,169.29	279.37	1,774.47	1,455.23	14,141.36	9,791.05	-	9,077.11
Impairment and provisions ⁴⁾	-12,642.29	C	C	-916.63	C	C	-368.48	-5,713.95	-3,380.58	-	-1,007.31
Other	6,625.31	C	C	120.87	C	C	10.08	694.01	4,463.14	-	483.62
Profit and loss before tax ⁵⁾	54,688.99	1,149.09	C	6,373.53	292.13	1,641.62	1,053.06	9,110.99	14,541.76	-	8,553.34
Tax expenses or income	-13,947.25	-231.42	C	-1,886.19	-46.85	-303.14	-278.16	-2,686.63	-3,544.51	-	-2,078.83
Net profit/loss	40,741.74	917.67	C	4,487.34	245.28	1,338.48	774.89	6,424.36	10,997.25	-	6,474.51
Net interest income to operating income	58.71%	70.53%	C	50.41%	80.71%	60.17%	78.59%	77.30%	41.95%	-	56.31%
Net fee and commission income to operating income	28.84%	26.87%	C	30.75%	14.17%	21.49%	16.21%	24.41%	36.04%	-	32.44%
Net trading (and investment) income to operating income	9.28%	7.55%	C	14.94%	0.04%	10.06%	0.03%	3.91%	18.26%	-	2.20%

Profit and loss ^{1) 2)} (Q1 2023)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ⁶⁾	Finland
Net interest income	C	160.59	262.14	351.53	C	9,176.99	3,783.57	1,531.65	298.74	-	2,444.98
Net fee and commission income	C	40.61	53.83	247.86	C	1,922.83	1,881.23	416.98	99.43	-	881.69
Net trading (and investment) income	C	-0.63	3.52	63.67	C	555.64	-286.03	7.69	8.51	-	C
Net gains or losses from hedge accounting	C	C	C	-0.19	C	C	-22.29	2.90	C	-	54.94
Exchange differences, net	C	C	C	9.19	C	C	369.87	39.29	5.34	-	C
Net other operating income	C	1.18	2.82	25.69	C	654.92	19.11	192.49	C	-	73.51
Operating income ³⁾	C	210.74	332.79	697.74	C	12,628.96	5,745.46	2,191.00	380.55	-	3,877.40
Administrative expenses and depreciation	C	-74.94	-85.15	-491.22	C	-7,156.91	-3,096.78	-724.43	-213.25	-	-1,865.21
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	C	135.80	247.65	206.53	C	5,472.05	2,648.68	1,466.57	167.30	-	2,012.19
Impairment and provisions ⁴⁾	C	-7.87	C	C	C	-169.31	-490.21	-404.10	C	-	C
Other	C	C	C	C	C	58.58	236.54	24.31	C	-	C
Profit and loss before tax ⁵⁾	C	C	242.47	182.02	C	5,378.36	2,395.01	1,086.69	171.48	-	2,013.13
Tax expenses or income	C	C	-48.62	-45.05	C	-1,509.53	-435.60	-377.18	-21.74	-	-394.24
Net profit/loss	C	115.65	193.85	136.97	C	3,868.82	1,959.42	709.51	149.74	-	1,618.89
Net interest income to operating income	C	76.20%	78.77%	50.38%	C	72.67%	65.85%	69.91%	78.50%	-	63.06%
Net fee and commission income to operating income	C	19.27%	16.18%	35.52%	C	15.23%	32.74%	19.03%	26.13%	-	22.74%
Net trading (and investment) income to operating income	C	-0.30%	1.06%	9.12%	C	4.40%	-4.98%	0.35%	2.24%	-	C

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

2) Figures reported are year-to-date.

3) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.

4) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

5) Profit and loss before tax from continued operations (i.e. "net income before impairment, provisions and taxes" + "impairment and provisions" + "other") plus profit and loss before tax from discontinued operations.

6) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (business model)

(EUR millions; percentages)

Profit and loss ^{1) 2)} (Q1 2023)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lender	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lenders	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ⁶⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
Net interest income	84,436.31	3,046.24	645.14	506.16	17,731.59	34,097.52	3,024.71	1,268.00	24,116.94	-
Net fee and commission income	41,471.77	627.20	1,374.94	30.24	6,781.31	19,337.30	1,279.81	318.81	11,722.17	-
Net trading (and investment) income	13,340.50	228.25	479.04	15.57	-47.84	9,631.04	-0.59	-22.37	3,057.39	-
Net gains or losses from hedge accounting	91.94	23.11	C	C	-40.31	186.91	-23.55	C	-45.08	-
Exchange differences, net	1,382.42	6.17	-18.93	-4.75	420.46	632.67	57.41	81.81	207.59	-
Net other operating income	3,100.66	775.07	C	C	277.24	1,834.26	190.47	C	-130.53	-
Operating income ³⁾	143,823.59	4,706.05	2,549.73	637.21	25,122.45	65,719.69	4,528.26	1,631.75	38,928.47	-
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-86,806.14	-2,797.78	-1,448.66	-359.94	-12,925.43	-42,169.56	-3,563.40	-680.08	-22,861.29	-
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	57,017.45	1,908.27	1,101.06	277.27	12,197.01	23,550.13	964.87	951.66	16,067.18	-
Impairment and provisions ⁴⁾	-12,642.29	-201.17	C	C	-2,646.95	-7,459.43	-350.29	C	-1,910.82	-
Other	6,625.31	157.98	C	C	501.82	1,616.60	433.93	C	3,773.13	-
Profit and loss before tax ⁵⁾	54,688.99	1,882.12	1,118.61	338.92	10,027.18	21,375.49	1,075.86	941.44	17,929.37	-
Tax expenses or income	-13,947.25	-438.47	-303.67	-89.49	-2,452.07	-5,424.15	-299.55	-137.31	-4,802.54	-
Net profit/loss	40,741.74	1,443.64	814.94	249.42	7,575.11	15,951.34	776.31	804.14	13,126.83	-
Net interest income to operating income	58.71%	64.73%	25.30%	79.43%	70.58%	51.88%	66.80%	77.71%	61.95%	-
Net fee and commission income to operating income	28.84%	13.33%	53.92%	4.75%	26.99%	29.42%	28.26%	19.54%	30.11%	-
Net trading (and investment) income to operating income	9.28%	4.85%	18.79%	2.44%	-0.19%	14.65%	-0.01%	-1.37%	7.85%	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

2) Figures reported are year-to-date.

3) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.

4) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

5) Profit and loss before tax from continued operations (i.e. "net income before impairment, provisions and taxes" + "impairment and provisions" + "other") plus profit and loss before tax from discontinued operations.

6) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR millions; percentages)

Profit and loss ^{1) 2)} (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures ⁶⁾	Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
			SSM	non-SSM EEA ⁷⁾	non-EEA Europe ⁸⁾	RoW ⁹⁾
Net interest income	84,436.31	4,199.95	39,191.76	6,047.58	3,205.51	31,791.51
Net fee and commission income	41,471.77	2,082.75	21,419.63	2,312.63	906.16	14,750.60
Net trading (and investment) income	13,340.50	3.12	3,907.09	499.73	252.23	8,678.33
Net gains or losses from hedge accounting	91.94	C	-97.35	C	C	180.76
Exchange differences, net	1,382.42	C	899.77	C	C	438.86
Net other operating income	3,100.66	312.59	2,015.30	-44.39	-91.25	908.41
Operating income ³⁾	143,823.59	6,713.06	67,336.20	8,814.88	4,210.97	56,748.47
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-86,806.14	-4,504.02	-39,370.55	-4,883.84	-2,470.18	-35,577.55
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	57,017.45	2,209.04	27,965.66	3,931.04	1,740.79	21,170.93
Impairment and provisions ⁴⁾	-12,642.29	-277.21	-4,208.35	-161.82	-437.05	-7,557.86
Other	6,625.31	554.87	4,039.15	522.53	48.15	1,460.60
Profit and loss before tax ⁵⁾	54,688.99	2,486.70	27,780.73	4,291.75	1,389.69	18,740.12
Tax expenses or income	-13,947.25	-408.09	-7,389.00	-874.08	-325.53	-4,950.54
Net profit/loss	40,741.74	2,078.60	20,391.73	3,417.68	1,064.16	13,789.57
Net interest income to operating income	58.71%	62.56%	58.20%	68.61%	76.12%	56.02%
Net fee and commission income to operating income	28.84%	31.03%	31.81%	26.24%	21.52%	25.99%
Net trading (and investment) income to operating income	9.28%	0.05%	5.80%	5.67%	5.99%	15.29%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

2) Figures reported are year-to-date.

3) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.

4) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

5) Profit and loss before tax from continued operations (i.e. "net income before impairment, provisions and taxes" + "impairment and provisions" + "other") plus profit and loss before tax from discontinued operations.

6) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

7) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

8) European countries not in the EEA.

9) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (size)

(EUR millions; percentages)

Profit and loss ^{1) 2)} (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with total assets				G-SIBs ⁶⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
Net interest income	84,436.31	1,836.41	10,476.97	7,347.01	30,678.40	34,097.52
Net fee and commission income	41,471.77	619.88	3,411.90	3,649.49	14,453.20	19,337.30
Net trading (and investment) income	13,340.50	41.92	389.29	982.31	2,295.93	9,631.04
Net gains or losses from hedge accounting	91.94	-0.71	-29.22	8.92	-73.96	186.91
Exchange differences, net	1,382.42	96.92	44.24	87.30	521.30	632.67
Net other operating income	3,100.66	67.69	1,540.47	597.53	-939.29	1,834.26
Operating income ³⁾	143,823.59	2,662.11	15,833.64	12,672.56	46,935.59	65,719.69
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-86,806.14	-1,421.86	-8,031.24	-7,202.76	-27,980.72	-42,169.56
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	57,017.45	1,240.25	7,802.39	5,469.80	18,954.87	23,550.13
Impairment and provisions ⁴⁾	-12,642.29	-111.90	-1,425.21	-897.55	-2,748.21	-7,459.43
Other	6,625.31	15.22	462.87	146.17	4,384.44	1,616.60
Profit and loss before tax ⁵⁾	54,688.99	1,200.55	6,803.53	4,718.43	20,591.00	21,375.49
Tax expenses or income	-13,947.25	-187.14	-1,804.41	-1,015.08	-5,516.47	-5,424.15
Net profit/loss	40,741.74	1,013.40	4,999.12	3,703.35	15,074.52	15,951.34
Net interest income to operating income	58.71%	68.98%	66.17%	57.98%	65.36%	51.88%
Net fee and commission income to operating income	28.84%	23.29%	21.55%	28.80%	30.79%	29.42%
Net trading (and investment) income to operating income	9.28%	1.57%	2.46%	7.75%	4.89%	14.65%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

2) Figures reported are year-to-date.

3) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.

4) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

5) Profit and loss before tax from continued operations (i.e. "net income before impairment, provisions and taxes" + "impairment and provisions" + "other") plus profit and loss before tax from discontinued operations.

6) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR millions; percentages)

Profit and loss ^{2) 3)} (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Net interest income	84,436.31	49,221.88	35,214.43
Net fee and commission income	41,471.77	21,514.70	19,957.07
Net trading (and investment) income	13,340.50	6,672.34	6,668.16
Net gains or losses from hedge accounting	91.94	-97.61	189.54
Exchange differences, net	1,382.42	876.18	506.24
Net other operating income	3,100.66	745.06	2,355.60
Operating income ⁴⁾	143,823.59	78,932.55	64,891.04
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-86,806.14	-45,145.93	-41,660.21
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	57,017.45	33,786.62	23,230.84
Impairment and provisions ⁵⁾	-12,642.29	-8,672.66	-3,969.63
Other	6,625.31	3,236.26	3,389.04
Profit and loss before tax ⁶⁾	54,688.99	32,019.22	22,669.77
Tax expenses or income	-13,947.25	-8,389.09	-5,558.16
Net profit/loss	40,741.74	23,630.13	17,111.61
Net interest income to operating income	58.71%	62.36%	54.27%
Net fee and commission income to operating income	28.84%	27.26%	30.75%
Net trading (and investment) income to operating income	9.28%	8.45%	10.28%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

3) Figures reported are year-to-date.

4) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.

5) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

6) Profit and loss before tax from continued operations (i.e. "net income before impairment, provisions and taxes" + "impairment and provisions" + "other") plus profit and loss before tax from discontinued operations.

T02.02.1 Key performance indicators by reference period

(percentages)

Indicator ^{1) 2)}	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Net interest margin (NIM)	1.20%	1.23%	1.23%	1.36%	1.48%
Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)	64.30%	62.20%	61.43%	61.19%	60.36%
Cost of risk (CoR) ³⁾	0.56%	0.52%	0.48%	0.47%	0.46%
Return on equity (RoE)	6.04%	7.59%	7.55%	7.68%	9.56%
Return on assets (RoA)	0.37%	0.46%	0.44%	0.49%	0.62%

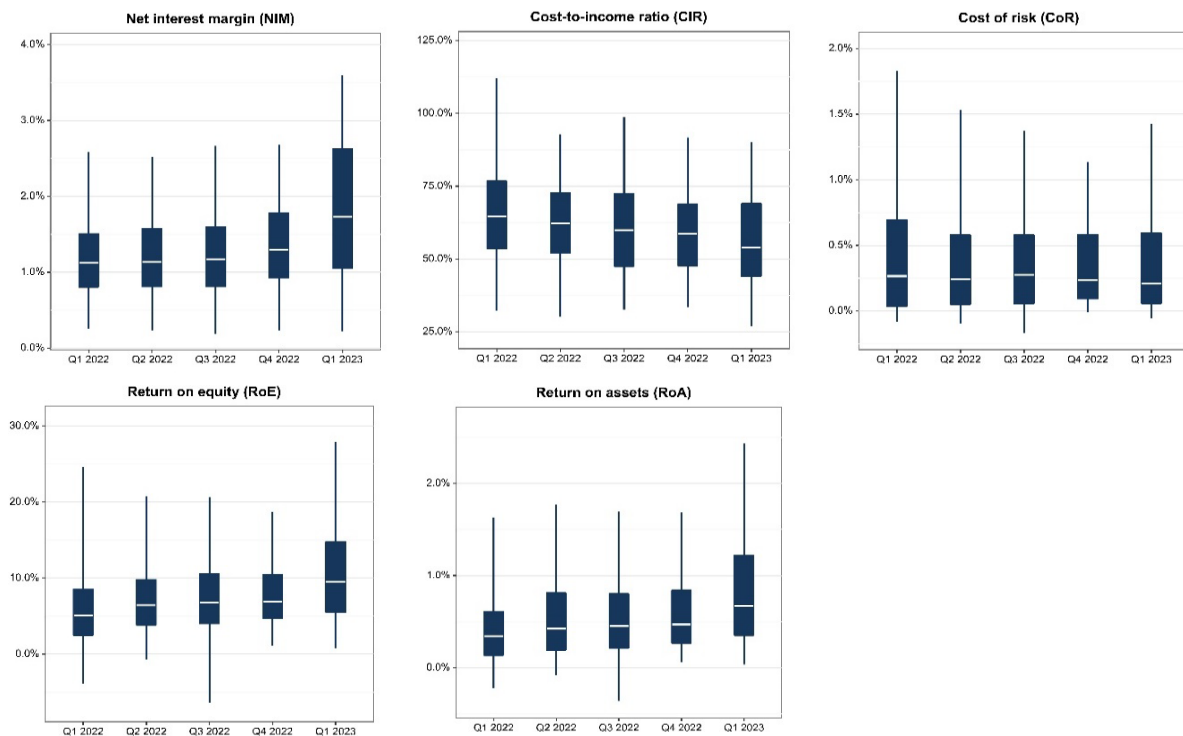
Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

2) Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

3) As set out in the list of definitions of ITS data points, the numerator of the cost of risk indicator is adjustments in allowances for estimated loan losses during the relevant period (annualised). Those adjustments may be negative in certain circumstances.



T02.02.2 Key performance indicators by country

(percentages)

Country ^{1) 2)} (Q1 2023)	Net interest margin (NIM)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)	Cost of risk (CoR) ⁴⁾	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on assets (RoA)
Belgium	1.46%	82.02%	0.10%	8.75%	0.58%
Bulgaria	C	C	C	C	C
Germany	1.07%	65.65%	0.37%	6.42%	0.37%
Estonia	3.41%	38.59%	-0.06%	20.44%	2.23%
Ireland	1.81%	54.50%	0.26%	8.78%	0.86%
Greece	2.99%	38.82%	0.54%	11.35%	1.02%
Spain	2.53%	47.62%	1.13%	11.34%	0.69%
France	0.87%	75.10%	0.40%	7.60%	0.48%
Croatia ³⁾	-	-	-	-	-
Italy	1.86%	54.59%	0.34%	13.13%	0.96%
Cyprus	C	C	C	C	C
Latvia	3.43%	35.56%	0.18%	23.34%	2.41%
Lithuania	3.09%	25.59%	0.18%	29.63%	2.25%
Luxembourg	1.27%	70.40%	0.16%	5.35%	0.46%
Malta	C	C	C	C	C
Netherlands	1.58%	56.67%	0.06%	11.13%	0.64%
Austria	2.32%	53.90%	0.56%	13.47%	1.13%
Portugal	2.86%	33.06%	0.70%	14.44%	1.22%
Slovenia	3.14%	56.04%	0.52%	13.18%	1.50%
Slovakia ³⁾	-	-	-	-	-
Finland	1.48%	48.10%	0.16%	14.81%	0.90%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

2) Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

4) As set out in the list of definitions of ITS data points, the numerator of the cost of risk indicator is adjustments in allowances for estimated loan losses during the relevant period (annualised). Those adjustments may be negative in certain circumstances.

T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (business model)

(percentages)

Category ^{1) 2)} (Q1 2023)	Net interest margin (NIM)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)	Cost of risk (CoR) ⁴⁾	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on Assets (RoA)
Corporate/wholesale lenders	1.03%	59.45%	0.21%	7.03%	0.45%
Custodian and asset managers	0.83%	56.82%	0.11%	12.03%	0.93%
Development/promotional lenders	0.49%	56.49%	-0.02%	2.56%	0.22%
Diversified lenders	2.20%	51.45%	0.51%	11.84%	0.86%
G-SIBs ³⁾	1.32%	64.17%	0.58%	8.92%	0.52%
Retail and consumer credit lenders	1.26%	78.69%	0.61%	3.97%	0.30%
Small market lenders	3.29%	41.68%	0.36%	19.37%	2.02%
Universal and investment banks	1.55%	58.73%	0.30%	10.72%	0.71%
Not classified	-	-	-	-	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

2) Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

4) As set out in the list of definitions of ITS data points, the numerator of the cost of risk indicator is adjustments in allowances for estimated loan losses during the relevant period (annualised). Those adjustments may be negative in certain circumstances.

T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (geographical diversification)

(percentages)

Category ^{1) 2)} (Q1 2023)	Net interest margin (NIM)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)	Cost of risk (CoR) ⁷⁾	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on assets (RoA)
Banks with significant domestic exposures ³⁾	1.30%	67.09%	0.12%	7.51%	0.59%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures					
SSM	1.41%	58.47%	0.41%	9.44%	0.64%
Non-SSM EEA ⁴⁾	1.90%	55.40%	0.28%	15.14%	1.00%
Non-EEA Europe ⁵⁾	2.11%	58.66%	0.47%	8.09%	0.63%
RoW ⁶⁾	1.49%	62.69%	0.62%	9.40%	0.54%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

2) Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

3) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

5) European countries not in the EEA.

6) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

7) As set out in the list of definitions of ITS data points, the numerator of the cost of risk indicator is adjustments in allowances for estimated loan losses during the relevant period (annualised). Those adjustments may be negative in certain circumstances.

T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (size)

(percentages)

Category ^{1) 2)} (Q1 2023)	Net interest margin (NIM)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)	Cost of risk (CoR) ⁴⁾	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on assets (RoA)
Banks with total assets					
Less than €30 billion	2.70%	53.41%	0.49%	14.18%	1.39%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	1.78%	50.72%	0.46%	8.53%	0.76%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	1.49%	56.84%	0.27%	9.43%	0.64%
More than €200 billion	1.56%	59.62%	0.35%	10.61%	0.67%
G-SIBs ³⁾	1.32%	64.17%	0.58%	8.92%	0.52%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

2) Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

4) As set out in the list of definitions of ITS data points, the numerator of the cost of risk indicator is adjustments in allowances for estimated loan losses during the relevant period (annualised). Those adjustments may be negative in certain circumstances.

T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(percentages)

Category ^{2) 3)} (Q1 2023)	Net interest margin (NIM)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)	Cost of risk (CoR) ⁴⁾	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on assets (RoA)
Banks with low risk	1.61%	57.20%	0.55%	10.49%	0.68%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	1.33%	64.20%	0.35%	8.52%	0.54%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

3) Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

4) As set out in the list of definitions of ITS data points, the numerator of the cost of risk indicator is adjustments in allowances for estimated loan losses during the relevant period (annualised). Those adjustments may be negative in certain circumstances.

T02.03.1 Composition of assets by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

Assets	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	4,371.45	4,181.59	4,409.57	3,677.96	3,861.30
Loans and advances	15,427.26	15,682.73	15,891.21	15,426.66	15,906.03
Central banks	217.03	242.77	276.14	223.45	258.67
General governments	888.68	886.51	879.44	875.77	884.11
Credit institutions	1,303.01	1,290.73	1,335.90	1,147.66	1,350.22
Other financial corporations	1,571.39	1,613.12	1,642.80	1,468.73	1,671.29
Non-financial corporations	5,450.03	5,592.57	5,705.37	5,652.36	5,649.88
Households	5,997.13	6,057.03	6,051.55	6,058.69	6,091.85
Debt securities	3,061.45	3,035.52	2,990.30	2,874.63	3,097.54
Equity instruments	412.99	358.45	323.84	347.16	397.98
Derivatives	1,730.65	2,089.58	2,679.22	2,183.00	1,937.04
Trading	1,624.27	1,929.87	2,454.17	1,954.32	1,727.77
Derivatives – hedge accounting	106.38	159.71	225.04	228.68	209.27
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	158.97	141.42	138.06	138.27	153.91
Intangible assets and goodwill	112.92	114.49	116.84	115.95	115.96
Other assets ¹⁾	1,182.46	1,161.62	1,221.93	1,077.02	951.22
Total assets	26,458.16	26,765.38	27,770.97	25,840.64	26,420.99
Share of unencumbered assets ²⁾	77.12%	77.38%	77.85%	80.38%	80.52%
Share of encumbered assets ²⁾	22.88%	22.62%	22.15%	19.62%	19.48%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

2) An asset is considered to be encumbered if it has been pledged or if it is subject to any form of arrangement to secure, collateralise or credit-enhance any transaction from which it cannot be freely withdrawn.

T02.03.2 Composition of assets by country/1

(EUR billions; percentages)

Assets (Q1 2023)	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ³⁾	Italy
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	3,861.30	107.38	C	830.07	10.02	154.20	43.88	404.13	1,249.24	-	324.50
Loans and advances	15,906.03	410.77	C	2,583.99	31.22	305.99	153.67	2,402.35	5,536.64	-	1,546.95
Central banks	258.67	C	C	29.44	C	7.12	C	37.82	89.01	-	C
General governments	884.11	24.09	C	148.60	0.89	2.13	C	101.48	409.80	-	C
Credit institutions	1,350.22	C	C	462.29	C	59.49	4.37	154.28	473.37	-	57.53
Other financial corporations	1,671.29	14.77	C	438.00	0.98	53.35	23.67	138.03	618.14	-	156.75
Non-financial corporations	5,649.88	125.15	C	896.04	12.55	85.96	79.39	784.05	1,921.95	-	691.31
Households	6,091.85	211.47	C	609.60	15.94	97.94	42.25	1,186.69	2,024.37	-	567.98
Debt securities	3,097.54	89.90	C	524.03	2.07	59.00	54.84	512.89	836.52	-	552.97
Equity instruments	397.98	1.43	C	34.92	0.01	0.81	1.10	29.34	266.77	-	27.07
Derivatives	1,937.04	14.24	C	761.73	C	67.62	7.03	143.87	726.53	-	92.85
Trading	1,727.77	10.52	C	754.35	0.18	63.52	5.35	125.23	601.26	-	72.14
Derivatives – hedge accounting	209.27	3.72	C	7.39	C	4.10	1.68	18.64	125.27	-	20.71
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	153.91	4.52	C	21.24	C	1.10	1.60	19.44	71.04	-	20.51
Intangible assets and goodwill	115.96	C	C	11.97	0.09	2.23	1.53	28.88	42.71	-	14.77
Other assets ¹⁾	951.22	C	C	115.63	0.22	28.08	41.11	164.00	444.11	-	113.66
Total assets	26,420.99	632.79	C	4,883.58	43.93	619.03	304.76	3,704.89	9,173.56	-	2,693.27
Share of unencumbered assets ²⁾	80.52%	87.21%	C	74.55%	94.41%	89.00%	82.68%	81.00%	82.66%	-	73.01%
Share of encumbered assets ²⁾	19.48%	12.79%	C	25.45%	5.59%	11.00%	17.32%	19.00%	17.34%	-	26.99%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

2) An asset is considered to be encumbered if it has been pledged or if it is subject to any form of arrangement to secure, collateralise or credit-enhance any transaction from which it cannot be freely withdrawn.

3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia.

T02.03.2 Composition of assets by country/2

(EUR billions; percentages)

Assets (Q1 2023)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ³⁾	Finland
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	C	3.91	10.86	32.52	C	420.65	120.46	27.26	8.97	-	89.57
Loans and advances	C	12.84	20.62	52.57	C	1,723.02	444.01	130.87	22.24	-	491.50
Central banks	C	C	0.01	C	C	10.64	30.36	C	C	-	3.55
General governments	C	0.25	0.20	C	C	100.03	14.29	4.93	C	-	20.21
Credit institutions	C	2.68	3.49	3.45	C	85.67	17.65	3.54	0.57	-	9.30
Other financial corporations	C	C	0.07	5.12	C	173.45	23.43	C	0.62	-	22.05
Non-financial corporations	C	5.03	7.06	12.14	C	576.66	186.15	44.64	9.87	-	197.74
Households	C	4.77	9.80	30.50	C	776.57	172.13	74.47	10.28	-	238.65
Debt securities	C	2.13	2.77	25.89	C	175.86	96.75	57.33	7.59	-	81.91
Equity instruments	C	C	C	2.22	C	17.16	4.54	2.43	0.21	-	C
Derivatives	C	0.04	0.06	3.38	C	69.73	9.89	1.46	0.09	-	37.86
Trading	C	C	C	1.00	C	57.07	6.99	0.78	C	-	C
Derivatives – hedge accounting	C	C	C	2.38	C	12.65	2.90	0.68	C	-	C
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	C	C	C	C	C	3.87	5.39	1.13	0.02	-	3.71
Intangible assets and goodwill	C	0.01	0.01	0.99	C	2.86	2.80	0.45	0.09	-	C
Other assets ¹⁾	C	0.28	0.17	C	C	12.50	9.10	11.56	0.71	-	3.40
Total assets	C	19.22	34.52	119.48	C	2,425.64	692.93	232.49	39.93	-	721.59
Share of unencumbered assets ²⁾	C	C	94.75%	97.27%	C	86.84%	83.49%	92.57%	C	-	70.68%
Share of encumbered assets ²⁾	C	C	5.25%	2.73%	C	13.16%	16.51%	7.43%	C	-	29.32%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

2) An asset is considered to be encumbered if it has been pledged or if it is subject to any form of arrangement to secure, collateralise or credit-enhance any transaction from which it cannot be freely withdrawn.

3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Assets (Q1 2023)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lenders	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lenders	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ³⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	3,861.30	265.68	104.08	77.35	468.31	1,623.03	122.17	37.27	1,163.42	-
Loans and advances	15,906.03	799.83	117.44	290.89	2,137.82	7,463.68	703.29	101.77	4,291.30	-
Central banks	258.67	0.35	C	C	33.38	147.93	C	0.52	74.21	-
General governments	884.11	88.78	C	151.56	66.75	349.20	C	1.83	124.66	-
Credit institutions	1,350.22	128.21	44.38	10.14	75.20	572.83	14.94	10.00	494.51	-
Other financial corporations	1,671.29	90.23	21.17	3.86	103.54	993.30	22.26	2.01	434.92	-
Non-financial corporations	5,649.88	438.38	C	C	870.91	2,523.32	141.68	39.49	1,493.13	-
Households	6,091.85	53.87	C	C	988.04	2,877.10	425.20	47.92	1,669.87	-
Debt securities	3,097.54	121.93	90.83	46.67	636.02	1,273.36	141.50	17.08	770.14	-
Equity instruments	397.98	4.87	C	C	21.52	270.18	4.26	0.26	69.81	-
Derivatives	1,937.04	46.36	22.85	12.98	61.49	990.70	15.80	0.44	786.43	-
Trading	1,727.77	43.16	20.80	0.66	38.92	866.34	3.98	0.36	753.54	-
Derivatives – hedge accounting	209.27	3.21	2.04	12.32	22.56	124.35	11.81	0.08	32.88	-
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	153.91	6.61	C	C	16.49	52.30	C	0.15	52.88	-
Intangible assets and goodwill	115.96	1.65	2.68	C	16.64	66.78	C	0.32	25.08	-
Other assets ¹⁾	951.22	36.37	6.98	-4.65	160.22	498.60	37.77	1.81	214.13	-
Total assets	26,420.99	1,283.29	351.47	447.98	3,518.49	12,238.63	1,048.83	159.10	7,373.20	-
Share of unencumbered assets ²⁾	80.52%	64.36%	85.41%	70.46%	79.68%	82.68%	75.56%	95.66%	80.91%	-
Share of encumbered assets ²⁾	19.48%	35.64%	14.59%	29.54%	20.32%	17.32%	24.44%	4.34%	19.09%	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

2) An asset is considered to be encumbered if it has been pledged or if it is subject to any form of arrangement to secure, collateralise or credit-enhance any transaction from which it cannot be freely withdrawn.

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Assets (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures ³⁾	Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
			SSM	Non-SSM EEA ⁴⁾	Non-EEA Europe ⁵⁾	RoW ⁶⁾
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	3,861.30	179.80	1,904.27	168.81	132.21	1,476.21
Loans and advances	15,906.03	863.07	7,701.33	907.19	402.56	6,031.88
Central banks	258.67	0.23	91.10	C	C	113.95
General governments	884.11	174.75	329.18	C	C	349.23
Credit institutions	1,350.22	18.76	793.12	C	C	482.07
Other financial corporations	1,671.29	33.22	704.02	31.33	34.97	867.74
Non-financial corporations	5,649.88	279.20	2,826.97	351.00	132.66	2,060.05
Households	6,091.85	356.90	2,956.95	422.70	196.46	2,158.84
Debt securities	3,097.54	254.91	1,525.41	204.74	74.52	1,037.95
Equity instruments	397.98	29.68	111.45	12.16	1.82	242.88
Derivatives	1,937.04	17.67	941.32	40.29	26.26	911.50
Trading	1,727.77	C	835.55	C	C	833.53
Derivatives – hedge accounting	209.27	C	105.77	C	C	77.97
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	153.91	24.95	80.61	4.93	1.97	41.44
Intangible assets and goodwill	115.96	2.70	53.01	7.16	4.82	48.26
Other assets ¹⁾	951.22	26.01	416.12	16.18	29.31	463.61
Total assets	26,420.99	1,398.80	12,733.52	1,361.46	673.48	10,253.73
Share of unencumbered assets ²⁾	80.52%	75.03%	79.48%	80.97%	83.36%	82.32%
Share of encumbered assets ²⁾	19.48%	24.97%	20.52%	19.03%	16.64%	17.68%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

2) An asset is considered to be encumbered if it has been pledged or if it is subject to any form of arrangement to secure, collateralise or credit-enhance any transaction from which it cannot be freely withdrawn.

3) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

5) European countries not in the EEA.

6) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Assets (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with total assets				G-SIBs ³⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	3,861.30	79.09	362.97	347.09	1,449.13	1,623.03
Loans and advances	15,906.03	158.59	1,554.85	1,296.97	5,431.94	7,463.68
Central banks	258.67	0.61	2.91	12.73	94.50	147.93
General governments	884.11	2.17	165.06	82.73	284.95	349.20
Credit institutions	1,350.22	13.54	75.47	130.85	557.53	572.83
Other financial corporations	1,671.29	4.60	122.08	148.47	402.84	993.30
Non-financial corporations	5,649.88	60.94	548.11	488.32	2,029.19	2,523.32
Households	6,091.85	76.73	641.23	433.87	2,062.93	2,877.10
Debt securities	3,097.54	36.31	439.55	334.92	1,013.40	1,273.36
Equity instruments	397.98	0.55	42.18	16.62	68.46	270.18
Derivatives	1,937.04	2.21	69.98	201.44	672.71	990.70
Trading	1,727.77	1.27	40.07	183.49	636.60	866.34
Derivatives – hedge accounting	209.27	0.94	29.91	17.96	36.10	124.35
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	153.91	0.47	16.46	10.54	74.15	52.30
Intangible assets and goodwill	115.96	1.04	9.20	5.55	33.38	66.78
Other assets ¹⁾	951.22	13.19	119.18	89.03	231.23	498.60
Total assets	26,420.99	291.44	2,614.38	2,302.15	8,974.39	12,238.63
Share of unencumbered assets ²⁾	80.52%	92.38%	77.66%	78.50%	78.54%	82.68%
Share of encumbered assets ²⁾	19.48%	7.62%	22.34%	21.50%	21.46%	17.32%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

2) An asset is considered to be encumbered if it has been pledged or if it is subject to any form of arrangement to secure, collateralise or credit-enhance any transaction from which it cannot be freely withdrawn.

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Assets (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	3,861.30	1,904.03	1,957.27
Loans and advances	15,906.03	8,691.56	7,214.47
Central banks	258.67	155.87	102.81
General governments	884.11	434.41	449.70
Credit institutions	1,350.22	729.81	620.41
Other financial corporations	1,671.29	744.91	926.38
Non-financial corporations	5,649.88	3,112.90	2,536.98
Households	6,091.85	3,513.66	2,578.19
Debt securities	3,097.54	1,645.21	1,452.34
Equity instruments	397.98	211.13	186.85
Derivatives	1,937.04	792.78	1,144.26
Trading	1,727.77	672.01	1,055.76
Derivatives – hedge accounting	209.27	120.76	88.50
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	153.91	82.61	71.30
Intangible assets and goodwill	115.96	75.10	40.86
Other assets ²⁾	951.22	458.96	492.26
Total assets	26,420.99	13,861.38	12,559.61
Share of unencumbered assets ³⁾	80.52%	81.45%	79.50%
Share of encumbered assets ³⁾	19.48%	18.55%	20.50%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

3) An asset is considered to be encumbered if it has been pledged or if it is subject to any form of arrangement to secure, collateralise or credit-enhance any transaction from which it cannot be freely withdrawn.

T02.04.1 Composition of liabilities and equity by reference period

(EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Deposits	17,848.88	17,889.11	18,198.16	16,945.07	17,386.03
Central banks	2,188.27	2,126.28	2,121.26	1,359.67	1,239.44
General governments	589.51	621.02	629.95	577.19	673.78
Credit institutions	1,612.98	1,611.50	1,713.03	1,456.32	1,742.15
Other financial corporations	2,503.14	2,471.50	2,509.88	2,238.94	2,544.55
Non-financial corporations	3,832.72	3,831.50	3,967.31	4,013.73	3,918.23
Households	7,122.25	7,227.32	7,256.74	7,299.22	7,267.88
Debt securities issued	3,545.45	3,514.60	3,544.43	3,577.52	3,837.28
of which: subordinated	303.34	303.80	303.26	295.60	303.24
Derivatives	1,722.33	2,035.77	2,619.15	2,136.92	1,894.23
of which: trading	1,560.88	1,838.76	2,367.32	1,887.14	1,660.21
Provisions ¹⁾	121.71	108.03	106.08	106.98	105.32
Other liabilities ²⁾	1,601.77	1,604.54	1,673.53	1,418.14	1,494.12
Equity	1,618.01	1,613.32	1,629.60	1,656.01	1,704.02
Paid-up capital	640.02	629.48	602.17	603.47	593.05
Reserves	908.34	888.66	909.88	920.63	1,035.04
Minority interests	46.33	42.67	43.48	44.71	46.18
Other comprehensive income	-74.48	-81.68	-91.08	-111.68	-94.80
Other ³⁾	97.81	134.19	165.15	198.88	124.54
Total liabilities and equity	26,458.16	26,765.38	27,770.97	25,840.64	26,420.99

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(l).

2) Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

3) Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.04.2 Composition of liabilities and equity by country/1

(EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity (Q1 2023)	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ⁴⁾	Italy
Deposits	17,386.03	491.79	C	2,827.97	35.74	394.38	251.66	2,717.82	5,684.90	-	2,038.20
Central banks	1,239.44	23.72	C	158.98	C	5.83	27.74	182.57	425.27	-	276.83
General governments	673.78	24.84	C	198.01	2.71	5.85	8.22	125.12	139.59	-	73.77
Credit institutions	1,742.15	25.68	C	601.57	C	66.75	7.02	251.64	461.87	-	151.85
Other financial corporations	2,544.55	50.74	C	638.31	2.78	54.61	7.87	230.71	1,014.14	-	179.86
Non-financial corporations	3,918.23	93.21	C	513.46	13.61	134.18	51.52	561.98	1,448.47	-	438.33
Households	7,267.88	273.60	C	717.63	15.08	127.16	149.28	1,365.79	2,195.57	-	917.56
Debt securities issued	3,837.28	73.02	C	659.76	2.57	30.59	10.11	446.83	1,427.36	-	267.96
of which: subordinated	303.24	4.85	C	49.19	C	8.04	3.54	56.74	94.51	-	29.87
Derivatives	1,894.23	16.79	C	740.85	0.24	62.19	6.28	134.20	723.55	-	94.07
of which: trading	1,660.21	11.21	C	729.56	0.16	56.86	5.33	115.54	570.96	-	81.71
Provisions ¹⁾	105.32	0.94	C	23.47	0.03	1.20	0.97	20.51	27.81	-	19.25
Other liabilities ²⁾	1,494.12	8.30	C	351.78	0.56	69.66	8.44	159.02	730.95	-	76.56
Equity	1,704.02	41.96	C	279.73	4.80	61.01	27.30	226.51	578.99	-	197.23
Paid-up capital	593.05	13.46	C	117.24	0.42	15.12	17.09	115.07	155.29	-	86.55
Reserves	1,035.04	25.74	C	142.96	4.12	44.60	9.15	142.49	369.10	-	100.90
Minority interests	46.18	C	C	3.42	C	C	0.15	12.54	17.20	-	1.33
Other comprehensive income	-94.80	C	C	-5.84	C	C	-0.88	-53.13	-4.25	-	-9.21
Other ³⁾	124.54	3.19	C	21.95	0.25	4.23	1.78	9.55	41.65	-	17.67
Total liabilities and equity	26,420.99	632.79	C	4,883.58	43.93	619.03	304.76	3,704.89	9,173.56	-	2,693.27

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(l).

2) Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

3) Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

4) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia.

T02.04.2 Composition of liabilities and equity by country/2

(EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity (Q1 2023)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ⁴⁾	Finland
Deposits	C	16.51	31.19	95.47	C	1,643.34	524.61	194.79	33.23	-	335.75
Central banks	C	C	1.63	C	C	83.97	31.94	C	C	-	C
General governments	C	C	2.76	12.24	C	21.66	23.12	5.40	0.68	-	27.87
Credit institutions	C	0.66	1.46	C	C	75.42	55.75	C	C	-	C
Other financial corporations	C	0.46	0.71	28.39	C	266.74	39.86	5.29	0.96	-	19.94
Non-financial corporations	C	5.75	7.60	9.24	C	354.29	115.43	45.31	6.89	-	C
Households	C	8.98	17.04	35.49	C	841.27	258.51	129.21	24.12	-	C
Debt securities issued	C	C	C	9.93	C	540.11	85.43	8.31	1.39	-	270.90
of which: subordinated	C	C	C	0.83	C	32.57	11.34	2.88	C	-	6.76
Derivatives	C	0.02	0.05	1.83	C	60.31	11.71	0.78	0.03	-	41.21
of which: trading	C	0.02	0.05	1.35	C	47.62	8.03	0.54	0.03	-	C
Provisions ¹⁾	C	C	C	0.26	C	3.81	3.92	2.01	0.17	-	C
Other liabilities ²⁾	C	0.43	0.47	1.75	C	39.04	9.09	6.94	0.56	-	C
Equity	C	1.98	2.62	10.25	C	139.02	58.17	19.65	4.54	-	43.72
Paid-up capital	C	0.88	0.98	2.37	C	36.69	11.69	8.55	1.29	-	7.57
Reserves	C	0.99	1.45	5.75	C	86.65	40.14	13.79	3.13	-	41.06
Minority interests	C	C	C	C	C	1.66	7.36	2.01	C	-	C
Other comprehensive income	C	C	C	1.52	C	-4.05	-6.48	-5.71	C	-	-2.93
Other ³⁾	C	0.12	0.20	C	C	18.08	5.45	1.01	0.23	-	C
Total liabilities and equity	C	19.22	34.52	119.48	C	2,425.64	692.93	232.49	39.93	-	721.59

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(l).

2) Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

3) Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

4) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (business model)

(EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity (Q1 2023)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lenders	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lenders	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ⁴⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
Deposits	17,386.03	838.95	256.09	49.28	2,808.67	7,874.60	827.66	134.98	4,595.80	-
Central banks	1,239.44	69.56	C	C	231.83	610.42	39.25	2.08	267.05	-
General governments	673.78	79.33	C	C	109.07	242.04	28.86	6.90	197.02	-
Credit institutions	1,742.15	256.29	51.86	7.92	168.34	614.34	56.98	4.91	581.53	-
Other financial corporations	2,544.55	144.88	122.72	17.20	179.95	1,337.70	55.90	5.56	680.64	-
Non-financial corporations	3,918.23	140.41	C	C	590.62	1,971.08	64.87	37.54	1,101.59	-
Households	7,267.88	148.48	C	C	1,528.86	3,099.02	581.81	77.98	1,767.98	-
Debt securities issued	3,837.28	284.88	C	C	297.04	1,715.25	105.69	C	1,069.54	-
of which: subordinated	303.24	11.62	C	C	44.85	141.75	6.90	1.04	96.24	-
Derivatives	1,894.23	55.81	25.35	20.45	52.48	972.53	10.01	0.43	757.18	-
of which: trading	1,660.21	48.94	24.70	2.46	36.00	820.85	3.68	0.31	723.27	-
Provisions ¹⁾	105.32	8.63	1.54	0.14	21.87	45.34	3.93	0.35	23.52	-
Other liabilities ²⁾	1,494.12	12.93	C	C	82.51	915.49	23.41	C	437.40	-
Equity	1,704.02	82.09	27.10	38.97	255.92	715.43	78.13	16.61	489.77	-
Paid-up capital	593.05	40.61	C	C	100.10	236.22	22.05	4.45	161.50	-
Reserves	1,035.04	39.31	19.90	13.80	149.28	437.68	52.74	11.40	310.93	-
Minority interests	46.18	0.62	C	C	10.55	28.15	0.68	0.07	6.04	-
Other comprehensive income	-94.80	-1.54	C	C	-18.27	-46.67	-2.19	-0.22	-27.19	-
Other ³⁾	124.54	3.09	2.42	0.49	14.26	60.04	4.85	0.90	38.49	-
Total liabilities and equity	26,420.99	1,283.29	351.47	447.98	3,518.49	12,238.63	1,048.83	159.10	7,373.20	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(l).

2) Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

3) Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

4) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures ⁴⁾	Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
			SSM	Non-SSM EEA ⁵⁾	Non-EEA Europe ⁶⁾	RoW ⁷⁾
Deposits	17,386.03	916.14	8,686.62	919.94	530.05	6,333.28
Central banks	1,239.44	85.63	602.35	45.84	30.92	474.70
General governments	673.78	23.57	359.87	47.63	17.05	225.66
Credit institutions	1,742.15	47.27	977.81	51.39	32.53	633.15
Other financial corporations	2,544.55	93.33	1,153.26	60.63	58.56	1,178.77
Non-financial corporations	3,918.23	105.56	1,847.73	245.69	126.60	1,592.65
Households	7,267.88	560.79	3,745.61	468.76	264.38	2,228.34
Debt securities issued	3,837.28	309.05	1,647.20	268.69	50.85	1,561.49
of which: subordinated	303.24	6.07	148.62	16.20	8.96	123.39
Derivatives	1,894.23	18.78	908.66	44.10	24.13	898.56
of which: trading	1,660.21	4.87	816.07	37.46	17.57	784.25
Provisions ¹⁾	105.32	6.82	55.00	3.40	2.03	38.06
Other liabilities ²⁾	1,494.12	37.34	572.42	35.03	13.82	835.51
Equity	1,704.02	110.67	863.61	90.30	52.60	586.82
Paid-up capital	593.05	45.23	295.21	18.73	15.46	218.42
Reserves	1,035.04	63.69	524.10	69.61	38.17	339.47
Minority interests	46.18	C	12.88	C	C	25.97
Other comprehensive income	-94.80	0.42	-26.80	-8.35	-4.36	-55.71
Other ³⁾	124.54	C	58.22	C	C	58.67
Total liabilities and equity	26,420.99	1,398.80	12,733.52	1,361.46	673.48	10,253.73

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(l).

2) Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

3) Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

4) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

5) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

6) European countries not in the EEA.

7) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (size)

(EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with total assets				G-SIBs ⁴⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
Deposits	17,386.03	244.59	1,777.29	1,469.15	6,020.40	7,874.60
Central banks	1,239.44	7.82	135.38	116.73	369.10	610.42
General governments	673.78	9.33	72.88	71.00	278.52	242.04
Credit institutions	1,742.15	12.07	163.84	135.95	815.95	614.34
Other financial corporations	2,544.55	25.76	241.39	238.00	701.69	1,337.70
Non-financial corporations	3,918.23	53.88	259.02	312.32	1,321.93	1,971.08
Households	7,267.88	135.72	904.79	595.14	2,533.20	3,099.02
Debt securities issued	3,837.28	10.96	446.09	320.43	1,344.56	1,715.25
of which: subordinated	303.24	3.16	16.82	21.43	120.09	141.75
Derivatives	1,894.23	1.64	69.41	200.02	650.62	972.53
of which: trading	1,660.21	1.23	44.06	178.13	615.95	820.85
Provisions ¹⁾	105.32	1.01	12.86	10.12	35.98	45.34
Other liabilities ²⁾	1,494.12	4.64	74.19	145.29	354.52	915.49
Equity	1,704.02	28.60	234.53	157.15	568.31	715.43
Paid-up capital	593.05	9.00	93.05	56.36	198.43	236.22
Reserves	1,035.04	19.36	131.01	96.68	350.31	437.68
Minority interests	46.18	0.10	4.26	0.28	13.38	28.15
Other comprehensive income	-94.80	-1.33	-5.19	-5.85	-35.77	-46.67
Other ³⁾	124.54	1.48	11.40	9.67	41.95	60.04
Total liabilities and equity	26,420.99	291.44	2,614.38	2,302.15	8,974.39	12,238.63

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(l).

2) Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

3) Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

4) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Deposits	17,386.03	9,195.76	8,190.27
Central banks	1,239.44	629.74	609.70
General governments	673.78	384.09	289.69
Credit institutions	1,742.15	859.92	882.24
Other financial corporations	2,544.55	1,358.14	1,186.40
Non-financial corporations	3,918.23	1,998.21	1,920.02
Households	7,267.88	3,965.66	3,302.22
Debt securities issued	3,837.28	2,247.72	1,589.56
of which: subordinated	303.24	161.00	142.23
Derivatives	1,894.23	788.83	1,105.39
of which: trading	1,660.21	652.19	1,008.03
Provisions ²⁾	105.32	54.40	50.92
Other liabilities ³⁾	1,494.12	673.64	820.48
Equity	1,704.02	901.02	803.00
Paid-up capital	593.05	286.79	306.27
Reserves	1,035.04	585.50	449.55
Minority interests	46.18	32.49	13.69
Other comprehensive income	-94.80	-67.55	-27.25
Other ⁴⁾	124.54	63.79	60.75
Total liabilities and equity	26,420.99	13,861.38	12,559.61

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(l).

3) Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

4) Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.05.1 Total exposure to general governments by country of the counterparty by reference period

(EUR millions)

Exposure to General governments ⁵⁾	Q2 2022	Q4 2022
SSM		
Belgium	119,765.99	114,218.36
Bulgaria	5,121.13	6,305.21
Germany	253,334.66	232,962.30
Estonia	1,079.43	3,906.25
Ireland	20,967.49	18,452.54
Greece	33,833.32	37,712.60
Spain	355,853.30	356,247.05
France	606,833.43	621,303.12
Croatia	10,720.27	11,637.26
Italy	438,642.58	421,572.23
Cyprus	4,875.77	4,091.97
Latvia	2,513.69	2,631.84
Lithuania	4,024.67	4,035.52
Luxembourg	25,266.86	18,369.37
Malta	2,741.24	2,647.39
Netherlands	129,374.82	112,663.81
Austria	48,947.38	43,638.77
Portugal	48,917.83	48,121.36
Slovenia	5,771.82	5,454.78
Slovakia	13,787.17	14,981.48
Finland	36,815.43	33,936.37
Non-SSM EEA ¹⁾	150,600.71	143,732.44
Non-EEA Europe ²⁾	42,989.78	35,619.28
RoW ³⁾	480,816.05	468,319.19
Total non-domestic unallocated exposure ⁴⁾	46,365.06	44,642.30
Total exposure	2,889,959.89	2,807,202.80

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. In accordance with the applicable regulation, reporting requirements apply to sovereign exposures where the aggregate carrying amount of financial assets from the "General governments" counterparty sector is equal to or higher than 1% of the sum of the total carrying amounts for "Debt securities" and "Loans and advances".

Therefore, the sample of entities in the table may be smaller than the full sample of entities. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

2) European countries not in the EEA.

3) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

4) Institutions whose non-domestic sovereign exposures are less than 10% of their total sovereign exposures are required to report the exposure at an aggregated level only.

5) This table is based on Template C 33.00.a. Institutions are required to report this template twice a year only, in the second and fourth quarters.

T02.05.2 Total exposure to general governments by country of the counterparty by country/1

(EUR millions)

Exposure to General governments (Q4 2022)	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ⁵⁾	Italy
SSM											
Belgium	114,218.36	46,510.66	C	4,075.67	C	330.55	C	4,343.74	23,533.75	-	4,032.53
Bulgaria	6,305.21	C	C	74.63	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Germany	232,962.30	1,258.10	C	158,583.18	C	293.06	C	C	28,392.76	-	19,624.24
Estonia	3,906.25	C	C	C	3,517.15	C	C	C	11.58	-	C
Ireland	18,452.54	C	C	759.11	C	9,138.70	C	137.99	1,921.92	-	2,571.83
Greece	37,712.60	C	C	529.63	C	C	36,981.54	C	C	-	94.93
Spain	356,247.05	2,791.55	C	7,999.36	C	1,294.14	2,776.24	267,801.28	20,883.28	-	36,677.38
France	621,303.12	4,682.52	C	6,893.74	C	1,046.83	C	5,001.34	566,738.34	-	19,913.48
Croatia	11,637.26	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	6,350.03
Italy	421,572.23	1,620.99	C	20,442.89	C	593.26	6,249.36	46,963.84	49,676.01	-	290,978.71
Cyprus	4,091.97	C	C	C	C	C	1,138.81	C	C	-	C
Latvia	2,631.84	255.47	C	289.37	590.70	C	C	C	63.76	-	126.74
Lithuania	4,035.52	460.85	C	C	702.59	C	C	C	68.40	-	C
Luxembourg	18,369.37	867.83	C	309.78	C	61.26	280.34	C	8,873.83	-	613.73
Malta	2,647.39	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Netherlands	112,663.81	487.66	C	876.14	C	180.02	C	C	7,530.15	-	943.33
Austria	43,638.77	567.21	C	8,213.38	C	C	C	369.87	2,294.82	-	7,838.59
Portugal	48,121.36	C	C	1,059.59	C	35.82	472.18	11,162.79	6,990.73	-	4,362.92
Slovenia	5,454.78	938.14	C	209.58	C	C	C	C	C	-	917.39
Slovakia	14,981.48	C	C	355.96	C	C	C	C	494.07	-	1,531.91
Finland	33,936.37	213.63	C	1,039.93	C	C	C	C	2,642.29	-	C
Non-SSM EEA ¹⁾	143,732.44	C	C	10,812.67	C	C	C	C	21,584.06	-	9,458.24
Non-EEA Europe ²⁾	35,619.28	C	C	7,686.83	C	871.56	535.80	5,116.18	9,488.62	-	5,188.36
RoW ³⁾	468,319.19	6,056.60	C	53,851.71	C	5,857.73	1,255.34	114,908.37	180,712.35	-	50,176.12
Total non-domestic unallocated exposure ⁴⁾	44,642.30	422.77	C	13,786.20	C	1,223.36	C	1,743.83	8,801.52	-	9,126.29
Total exposure	2,807,202.80	92,878.08	C	298,047.89	5,060.90	23,485.42	52,426.67	471,058.12	942,099.55	-	473,296.51

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available; only the banks that have to comply with the sovereign exposures requirement are accounted in the table.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

2) European countries not in the EEA.

3) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

4) Institutions whose non-domestic sovereign exposures are less than 10% of their total sovereign exposures are required to report the exposure at an aggregated level only.

5) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia.

T02.05.2 Total exposure to general governments by country of the counterparty by country/2

(EUR millions)

Exposure to General governments (Q4 2022)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ⁵⁾	Finland
SSM											
Belgium	C	C	C	1,735.66	C	25,385.61	922.99	1,590.16	288.94	-	C
Bulgaria	C	C	C	C	C	C	163.07	C	C	-	C
Germany	C	C	C	527.96	C	12,582.51	2,837.66	1,102.06	353.99	-	C
Estonia	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Ireland	C	C	C	145.26	C	208.85	256.81	1,843.30	151.95	-	C
Greece	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Spain	C	C	C	1,273.64	C	C	784.31	8,310.93	184.77	-	C
France	C	C	C	2,050.46	C	7,885.18	1,442.11	4,757.70	276.49	-	C
Croatia	C	C	C	C	C	C	5,086.83	C	C	-	C
Italy	C	C	C	C	C	2,703.59	865.38	C	104.49	-	C
Cyprus	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Latvia	C	961.42	C	C	C	C	85.11	C	25.39	-	C
Lithuania	C	C	1,796.10	C	C	C	98.38	C	32.87	-	C
Luxembourg	C	C	C	2,909.76	C	2,602.22	C	C	C	-	C
Malta	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Netherlands	C	C	C	C	C	101,071.48	245.41	C	149.85	-	C
Austria	C	C	C	48.79	C	3,738.78	19,408.42	C	233.91	-	C
Portugal	C	C	C	C	C	C	127.58	23,424.77	78.66	-	C
Slovenia	C	C	C	C	C	C	1,047.25	C	1,795.06	-	C
Slovakia	C	C	C	199.71	C	C	8,376.47	C	140.61	-	C
Finland	C	C	C	C	C	3,286.03	127.10	C	C	-	25,782.95
Non-SSM EEA ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C	40,150.00	C	248.18	-	C
Non-EEA Europe ²⁾	C	C	C	C	C	674.99	3,006.22	C	2,281.75	-	C
RoW ³⁾	C	C	C	1,981.20	C	41,992.67	2,301.71	4,696.39	229.08	-	C
Total non-domestic unallocated exposure ⁴⁾	C	C	C	1,131.20	C	4,077.90	C	C	147.83	-	C
Total exposure	C	2,042.75	2,062.06	12,792.36	C	222,259.45	89,364.33	51,942.69	6,944.78	-	52,539.00

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available; only the banks that have to comply with the sovereign exposures requirement are accounted in the table.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

2) European countries not in the EEA.

3) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

4) Institutions whose non-domestic sovereign exposures are less than 10% of their total sovereign exposures are required to report the exposure at an aggregated level only.

5) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T02.05.3 Total exposure to general governments by country of the counterparty by classification (business model)

(EUR millions)

Exposure to General governments (Q4 2022)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lender	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lender	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ⁵⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
SSM										
Belgium	114,218.36	734.45	C	C	8,718.27	42,995.44	4,129.44	391.82	55,029.62	-
Bulgaria	6,305.21	C	C	C	555.18	C	C	C	C	-
Germany	232,962.30	100,148.63	C	C	20,661.41	55,781.99	6,978.34	379.21	42,964.50	-
Estonia	3,906.25	C	C	C	C	C	C	3,690.61	193.90	-
Ireland	18,452.54	443.19	C	C	11,451.92	2,932.25	443.23	155.11	1,589.60	-
Greece	37,712.60	C	C	C	37,048.78	C	C	C	628.85	-
Spain	356,247.05	1,268.20	C	C	143,856.47	66,908.76	72,214.60	265.64	64,979.92	-
France	621,303.12	3,853.49	3,575.48	C	19,982.06	374,919.49	C	323.35	34,361.17	-
Croatia	11,637.26	C	C	C	4,679.36	C	C	491.37	C	-
Italy	421,572.23	3,082.60	C	C	168,712.24	107,646.67	22,483.65	143.68	90,685.70	-
Cyprus	4,091.97	C	C	C	4,075.32	C	C	C	C	-
Latvia	2,631.84	108.62	109.35	C	66.43	147.55	C	1,769.08	378.71	-
Lithuania	4,035.52	C	C	C	115.58	C	C	3,290.82	472.36	-
Luxembourg	18,369.37	124.78	73.12	C	4,410.56	9,067.75	212.64	C	2,723.14	-
Malta	2,647.39	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-
Netherlands	112,663.81	371.38	C	C	885.00	10,936.38	3,154.98	160.28	7,044.98	-
Austria	43,638.77	6,958.24	C	C	19,610.35	9,019.90	368.35	291.20	4,825.38	-
Portugal	48,121.36	477.62	C	C	31,287.30	11,950.05	1,941.51	78.66	2,001.42	-
Slovenia	5,454.78	142.06	C	C	1,159.59	929.13	C	1,836.30	1,243.41	-
Slovakia	14,981.48	177.35	C	C	8,603.99	1,023.93	C	173.53	4,914.73	-
Finland	33,936.37	290.38	357.28	C	229.87	4,277.59	C	184.87	11,683.05	-
Non-SSM EEA ¹⁾	143,732.44	1,035.29	C	288.45	44,056.66	50,566.93	C	909.98	46,449.69	-
Non-EEA Europe ²⁾	35,619.28	1,597.08	C	C	6,306.54	17,411.56	427.21	2,560.87	6,502.52	-
RoW ³⁾	468,319.19	7,553.42	C	C	23,500.96	316,415.46	2,083.50	438.41	110,419.13	-
Total non-domestic unallocated exposure ⁴⁾	44,642.30	6,263.61	C	C	9,209.25	12,873.93	1,887.91	147.83	10,882.14	-
Total exposure	2,807,202.80	134,938.75	53,234.76	196,901.39	570,758.38	1,101,655.70	224,777.55	18,599.76	506,336.52	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available; only the banks that have to comply with the sovereign exposures requirement are accounted in the table.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

2) European countries not in the EEA.

3) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

4) Institutions whose non-domestic sovereign exposures are less than 10% of their total sovereign exposures are required to report the exposure at an aggregated level only.

5) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.05.3 Total exposure to general governments by country of the counterparty by classification (size)

(EUR millions)

Exposure to General governments (Q4 2022)	Total	Banks with total assets				G-SIBs ⁵⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
SSM						
Belgium	114,218.36	C	8,349.83	C	28,620.18	42,995.44
Bulgaria	6,305.21	C	C	C	C	C
Germany	232,962.30	1,183.06	31,954.26	22,172.19	121,870.80	55,781.99
Estonia	3,906.25	3,690.61	C	C	130.21	C
Ireland	18,452.54	278.73	3,154.40	10,336.77	1,750.39	2,932.25
Greece	37,712.60	C	37,045.91	24.55	605.65	C
Spain	356,247.05	696.92	89,571.72	20,274.33	178,795.32	66,908.76
France	621,303.12	869.99	65,256.01	36,957.32	143,300.31	374,919.49
Croatia	11,637.26	507.08	45.30	C	7,915.69	C
Italy	421,572.23	544.69	113,873.84	105,621.55	93,885.49	107,646.67
Cyprus	4,091.97	2,937.35	1,154.32	C	C	C
Latvia	2,631.84	1,779.20	221.81	77.61	405.66	147.55
Lithuania	4,035.52	3,311.88	148.28	C	466.66	C
Luxembourg	18,369.37	122.30	3,641.78	3,298.17	2,239.37	9,067.75
Malta	2,647.39	C	C	C	1,090.39	C
Netherlands	112,663.81	276.50	C	C	8,809.87	10,936.38
Austria	43,638.77	1,281.83	11,950.39	1,940.01	19,446.62	9,019.90
Portugal	48,121.36	C	17,473.81	C	8,086.78	11,950.05
Slovenia	5,454.78	1,886.59	394.64	130.00	2,114.43	929.13
Slovakia	14,981.48	258.68	437.52	36.45	13,224.90	1,023.93
Finland	33,936.37	245.26	C	C	5,547.22	4,277.59
Non-SSM EEA ¹⁾	143,732.44	C	5,326.03	C	84,135.84	50,566.93
Non-EEA Europe ²⁾	35,619.28	2,599.14	2,448.75	858.82	12,301.01	17,411.56
RoW ³⁾	468,319.19	1,172.06	16,479.12	16,750.02	117,502.53	316,415.46
Total non-domestic unallocated exposure ⁴⁾	44,642.30	573.34	10,592.98	3,774.10	16,827.94	12,873.93
Total exposure	2,807,202.80	28,552.35	492,743.12	312,895.78	871,355.86	1,101,655.70

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available; only the banks that have to comply with the sovereign exposures requirement are accounted in the table.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

2) European countries not in the EEA.

3) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

4) Institutions whose non-domestic sovereign exposures are less than 10% of their total sovereign exposures are required to report the exposure at an aggregated level only.

5) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.05.3 Total exposure to general governments by country of the counterparty by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR millions)

Exposure to General governments (Q4 2022)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
SSM			
Belgium	114,218.36	94,795.26	19,423.10
Bulgaria	6,305.21	3,040.44	3,264.77
Germany	232,962.30	94,725.97	138,236.34
Estonia	3,906.25	C	C
Ireland	18,452.54	6,201.53	12,251.01
Greece	37,712.60	C	C
Spain	356,247.05	226,006.68	130,240.38
France	621,303.12	239,023.14	382,279.99
Croatia	11,637.26	6,933.10	4,704.16
Italy	421,572.23	176,572.84	244,999.40
Cyprus	4,091.97	C	C
Latvia	2,631.84	1,090.95	1,540.89
Lithuania	4,035.52	2,374.75	1,660.77
Luxembourg	18,369.37	10,214.15	8,155.22
Malta	2,647.39	C	C
Netherlands	112,663.81	104,097.76	8,566.05
Austria	43,638.77	21,909.00	21,729.77
Portugal	48,121.36	25,633.84	22,487.53
Slovenia	5,454.78	2,776.81	2,677.97
Slovakia	14,981.48	11,586.25	3,395.23
Finland	33,936.37	24,846.64	9,089.74
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	143,732.44	101,650.05	42,082.39
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	35,619.28	14,742.32	20,876.96
RoW ⁴⁾	468,319.19	287,832.06	180,487.13
Total non-domestic unallocated exposure ⁵⁾	44,642.30	23,102.77	21,539.52
Total exposure	2,807,202.80	1,479,816.91	1,327,385.89

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available; only the banks that have to comply with the sovereign exposures requirement are accounted in the table.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

5) Institutions whose non-domestic sovereign exposures are less than 10% of their total sovereign exposures are required to report the exposure at an aggregated level only.

T03.01.1 Total capital ratio and its components by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

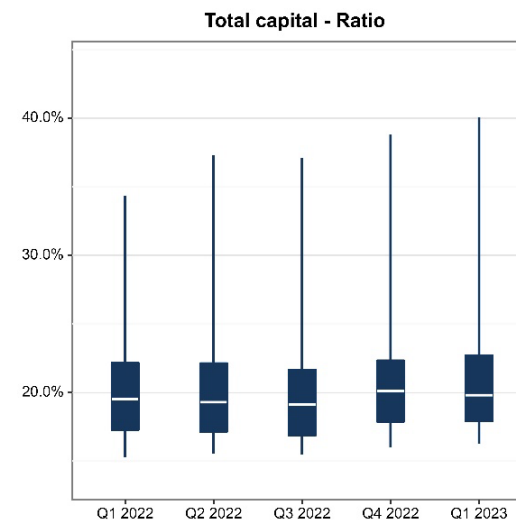
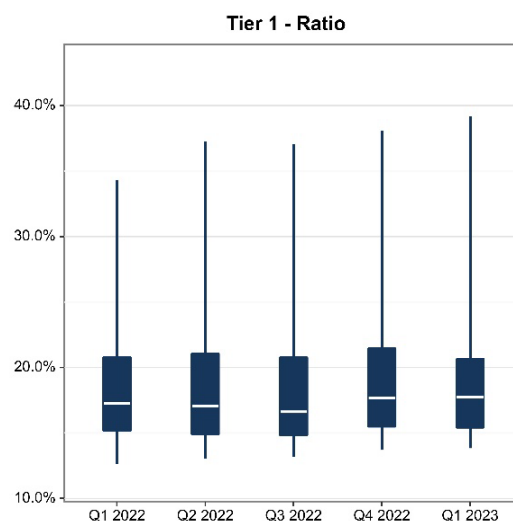
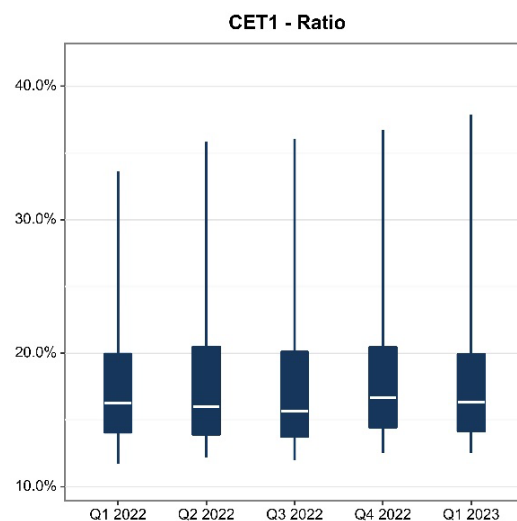
Indicator	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
CET1 amount ^{1) 2)}	1,292.03	1,298.88	1,292.18	1,326.30	1,341.59
Tier 1 amount ²⁾	1,398.87	1,407.84	1,405.99	1,441.67	1,462.94
Total capital amount ²⁾	1,626.59	1,636.56	1,638.34	1,670.76	1,693.06
Total risk exposure amount	8,621.90	8,679.42	8,768.53	8,626.15	8,638.33
CET1 ratio ^{1) 2)}	14.99%	14.97%	14.74%	15.38%	15.53%
Tier 1 ratio ²⁾	16.22%	16.22%	16.03%	16.71%	16.94%
Total capital ratio ²⁾	18.87%	18.86%	18.68%	19.37%	19.60%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

2) Total capital, Tier 1 and CET1 follow the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).



T03.01.2 Total capital ratio and its components by country

(EUR billions; percentages)

Country (Q1 2023)	Total risk exposure amount	Total capital ²⁾					
				Tier 1 ²⁾		CET1 ^{2) 3)}	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Belgium	197.30	42.19	21.38%	37.68	19.10%	35.44	17.96%
Bulgaria	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Germany	1,343.75	281.68	20.96%	233.69	17.39%	215.84	16.06%
Estonia	19.03	4.43	23.25%	4.35	22.85%	4.29	22.56%
Ireland	260.78	59.36	22.76%	53.24	20.41%	50.34	19.30%
Greece	144.62	24.43	16.89%	20.92	14.47%	19.92	13.77%
Spain	1,436.84	236.80	16.48%	205.65	14.31%	182.61	12.71%
France	2,771.54	550.89	19.88%	478.68	17.27%	444.25	16.03%
Croatia ¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italy	960.61	190.54	19.84%	163.71	17.04%	148.29	15.44%
Cyprus	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Latvia	8.62	1.87	21.64%	1.80	20.90%	1.80	20.90%
Lithuania	12.15	2.39	19.70%	2.36	19.46%	2.36	19.46%
Luxembourg	40.99	9.52	23.23%	8.70	21.21%	8.40	20.48%
Malta	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Netherlands	753.29	155.42	20.63%	134.43	17.85%	119.13	15.82%
Austria	311.65	58.31	18.71%	50.87	16.32%	46.32	14.86%
Portugal	106.66	19.38	18.17%	16.91	15.85%	16.31	15.29%
Slovenia	23.43	4.43	18.89%	3.84	16.41%	3.76	16.04%
Slovakia ¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finland	216.64	44.82	20.69%	40.33	18.62%	37.09	17.12%
Total	8,638.33	1,693.06	19.60%	1,462.94	16.94%	1,341.59	15.53%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

2) Total capital, Tier 1 and CET1 follow the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).

3) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

T03.01.3 Total solvency ratio and its components by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total risk exposure amount	Total capital ²⁾		Tier 1 ²⁾		CET1 ^{2) 3)}	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Corporate/wholesale lenders	414.92	84.78	20.43%	70.20	16.92%	68.08	16.41%
Custodian and asset managers	80.26	23.35	29.09%	22.08	27.51%	20.25	25.24%
Development/promotional lenders	107.68	34.22	31.78%	34.22	31.77%	33.59	31.19%
Diversified lenders	1,379.62	254.28	18.43%	220.16	15.96%	202.18	14.66%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	3,709.10	695.80	18.76%	597.92	16.12%	535.84	14.45%
Retail and consumer credit lenders	380.27	74.27	19.53%	67.49	17.75%	63.94	16.81%
Small market lenders	75.35	15.71	20.85%	14.85	19.70%	14.70	19.51%
Universal and investment banks	2,491.14	510.67	20.50%	436.03	17.50%	403.01	16.18%
Not classified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	8,638.33	1,693.06	19.60%	1,462.94	16.94%	1,341.59	15.53%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

2) Total capital, Tier 1 and CET1 follow the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).

3) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

T03.01.3 Total capital ratio and its components by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total risk exposure amount	Total capital ⁵⁾		Tier 1 ⁵⁾		CET1 ^{5) 6)}	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	469.86	104.98	22.34%	98.37	20.94%	95.35	20.29%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures							
SSM	4,223.27	869.96	20.60%	746.04	17.66%	691.40	16.37%
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	466.82	89.97	19.27%	79.40	17.01%	71.93	15.41%
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	255.26	50.39	19.74%	43.39	17.00%	39.46	15.46%
RoW ⁴⁾	3,223.13	577.76	17.93%	495.74	15.38%	443.45	13.76%
Total	8,638.33	1,693.06	19.60%	1,462.94	16.94%	1,341.59	15.53%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

5) Total capital, Tier 1 and CET1 follow the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).

6) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

T03.01.3 Total capital ratio and its components by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total risk exposure amount	Total capital ²⁾		Tier 1 ²⁾		CET1 ^{2) 3)}	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with total assets							
Less than €30 billion	124.18	27.65	22.26%	25.12	20.23%	24.28	19.55%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	1,041.01	213.83	20.54%	196.48	18.87%	190.13	18.26%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	783.79	158.86	20.27%	139.90	17.85%	131.79	16.81%
More than €200 billion	2,980.25	596.92	20.03%	503.52	16.90%	459.55	15.42%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	3,709.10	695.80	18.76%	597.92	16.12%	535.84	14.45%
Total	8,638.33	1,693.06	19.60%	1,462.94	16.94%	1,341.59	15.53%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

2) Total capital, Tier 1 and CET1 follow the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).

3) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

T03.01.3 Total capital ratio and its components by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total risk exposure amount	Total capital ²⁾		Tier 1 ²⁾		CET1 ^{2) 3)}	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with low risk	4,622.86	888.37	19.22%	777.14	16.81%	704.87	15.25%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	4,015.47	804.70	20.04%	685.80	17.08%	636.72	15.86%
Total	8,638.33	1,693.06	19.60%	1,462.94	16.94%	1,341.59	15.53%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) Total capital, Tier 1 and CET1 follow the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).

3) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

T03.02.1 CET1 ratio band by reference period

(number of institutions)

Indicator	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
CET1 ratio ¹⁾ ≤ 10%	2	1	2	1	-
10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	82	81	81	79	83
CET1 ratio > 20%	28	29	28	30	28
Total	112	111	111	110	111

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1. It follows the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).

T03.02.2 CET1 ratio band by country

(number of institutions)

Country (Q1 2023)	CET1 ratio ²⁾ ≤ 10%	10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	CET1 ratio > 20%
Belgium	-	2	3
Bulgaria	-	-	1
Germany	-	19	3
Estonia	-	2	2
Ireland	-	3	3
Greece	-	4	-
Spain	-	10	-
France	-	8	3
Croatia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Italy	-	9	3
Cyprus	-	2	-
Latvia	-	2	1
Lithuania	-	2	1
Luxembourg	-	2	2
Malta	-	1	1
Netherlands	-	4	3
Austria	-	5	1
Portugal	-	3	-
Slovenia	-	3	-
Slovakia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Finland	-	2	1
Total	-	83	28

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

2) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1. It follows the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).

T03.02.3 CET1 ratio band by classification (geographical diversification)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q1 2023)	CET1 ratio ⁵⁾ ≤ 10%	10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	CET1 ratio > 20%
Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	-	9	6
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM	-	53	14
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	-	6	4
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	-	7	2
RoW ⁴⁾	-	8	2
Total	-	83	28

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

5) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1. It follows the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).

T03.02.3 CET1 ratio band by classification (size)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q1 2023)	CET1 ratio ²⁾ ≤ 10%	10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	CET1 ratio > 20%
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	-	14	9
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	-	28	15
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	-	14	3
More than €200 billion	-	19	1
G-SIBs ¹⁾	-	8	-
Total	-	83	28

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

2) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1. It follows the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (CRR).

T03.03.1 Leverage ratios by reference period

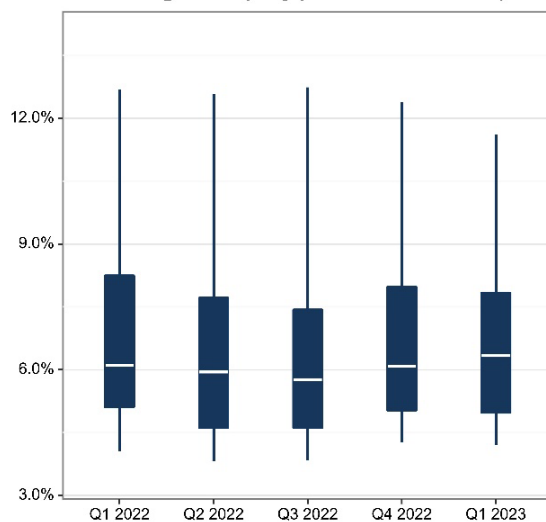
(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Exposure values	24,779.23	26,882.85	27,355.85	25,839.20	26,657.01
Other on-balance sheet items	22,695.61	22,671.53	23,082.01	21,992.11	22,383.56
Derivatives	886.08	915.28	921.13	826.69	908.06
Securities financing transactions	1,783.30	1,812.79	1,817.84	1,537.05	1,941.25
Regular-way purchases and sales awaiting settlement	17.88	17.98	22.09	21.33	27.79
Cash pooling arrangements	40.75	42.47	39.54	35.72	37.87
Off-balance sheet items	1,997.21	2,023.03	2,077.50	2,034.37	1,985.72
Deductions of exposures promoting public policy objectives	-2,641.61	-600.25	-604.27	-608.07	-627.24
Fully phased-in definition					
Tier 1 capital	1,376.77	1,385.89	1,383.02	1,418.74	1,451.11
Total exposure	24,609.56	26,711.55	27,179.66	25,659.28	26,480.06
Exposure values	24,779.23	26,882.85	27,355.85	25,839.20	26,657.01
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-169.67	-171.30	-176.19	-179.91	-176.96
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.59%	5.19%	5.09%	5.53%	5.48%
Transitional definition					
Tier 1 capital	1,398.87	1,407.84	1,405.99	1,441.67	1,462.94
Total exposure	24,623.82	26,726.02	27,194.48	25,674.29	26,485.96
Exposure values	24,779.23	26,882.85	27,355.85	25,839.20	26,657.01
Asset amount deducted or added from Tier 1 capital	-155.41	-156.83	-161.36	-164.91	-171.06
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.68%	5.27%	5.17%	5.62%	5.52%

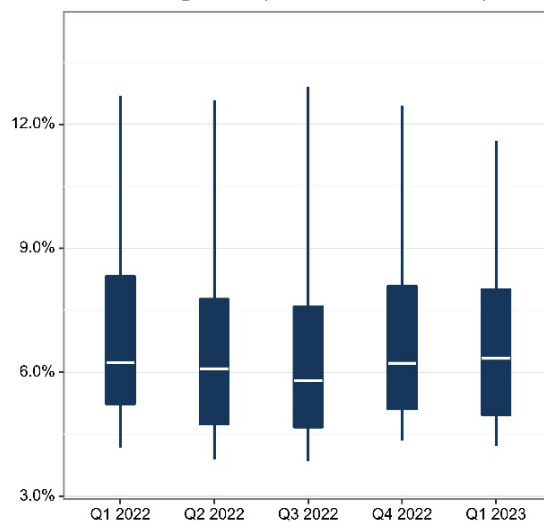
Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)



Leverage ratio (transitional definition)



T03.03.2 Leverage ratios by country/1

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ¹⁾	Italy
Exposure values	26,657.01	C	C	4,518.61	46.03	661.71	311.69	3,852.57	9,194.89	-	2,898.75
Other on-balance sheet items	22,383.56	587.74	C	3,544.18	43.54	477.90	294.23	3,363.63	7,540.93	-	2,503.09
Derivatives	908.06	5.65	C	297.62	0.37	25.01	2.09	73.43	364.98	-	52.41
Securities financing transactions	1,941.25	C	C	391.61	C	77.97	4.72	168.70	907.65	-	105.52
Regular-way purchases and sales awaiting settlement	27.79	0.40	C	C	0.02	4.62	C	C	C	-	2.73
Cash pooling arrangements	37.87	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Off-balance sheet items	1,985.72	45.83	C	341.92	2.05	76.17	10.26	232.66	746.42	-	232.59
Deductions of exposures promoting public policy objectives	-627.24	C	C	-68.49	C	C	C	C	-383.97	-	C
Fully phased-in definition											
Tier 1 capital	1,451.11	37.51	C	233.26	4.35	52.63	20.86	204.86	472.85	-	160.32
Total exposure	26,480.06	676.07	C	4,494.82	45.88	654.81	306.28	3,816.67	9,133.16	-	2,876.06
Exposure values	26,657.01	C	C	4,518.61	46.03	661.71	311.69	3,852.57	9,194.89	-	2,898.75
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-176.96	C	C	-23.80	-0.14	-6.90	-5.41	-35.90	-61.73	-	-22.69
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.48%	5.55%	C	5.19%	9.48%	8.04%	6.81%	5.37%	5.18%	-	5.57%
Transitional definition											
Tier 1 capital	1,462.94	37.68	C	233.69	4.35	53.24	20.92	205.65	478.68	-	163.71
Total exposure	26,485.96	676.25	C	4,495.46	45.88	655.48	306.34	3,817.05	9,134.50	-	2,878.52
Exposure values	26,657.01	C	C	4,518.61	46.03	661.71	311.69	3,852.57	9,194.89	-	2,898.75
Asset amount deducted or added from Tier 1 capital	-171.06	C	C	-23.16	-0.14	-6.23	-5.35	-35.52	-60.38	-	-20.23
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.52%	5.57%	C	5.20%	9.48%	8.12%	6.83%	5.39%	5.24%	-	5.69%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia.

T03.03.2 Leverage ratios by country/2

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ¹⁾	Finland
Exposure values	C	20.24	36.72	125.73	C	2,462.21	754.51	248.58	41.90	-	C
Other on-balance sheet items	C	19.08	34.34	114.41	C	2,207.46	654.41	231.23	39.57	-	649.00
Derivatives	C	0.07	0.24	3.00	C	54.91	3.18	2.71	0.13	-	21.88
Securities financing transactions	C	C	C	2.01	C	161.16	55.53	1.04	C	-	C
Regular-way purchases and sales awaiting settlement	C	0.03	0.04	C	C	C	0.01	C	C	-	C
Cash pooling arrangements	C	C	0.02	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Off-balance sheet items	C	0.99	2.06	6.30	C	178.40	41.24	13.60	1.91	-	50.88
Deductions of exposures promoting public policy objectives	C	C	C	C	C	-142.28	C	C	C	-	C
Fully phased-in definition											
Tier 1 capital	C	1.80	2.35	8.69	C	134.41	50.49	16.86	3.84	-	40.33
Total exposure	C	20.19	36.66	124.42	C	2,455.22	751.35	247.92	41.76	-	717.01
Exposure values	C	20.24	36.72	125.73	C	2,462.21	754.51	248.58	41.90	-	C
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	C	-0.04	-0.06	-1.30	C	-6.99	-3.16	-0.66	-0.13	-	C
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	C	8.92%	6.42%	6.98%	C	5.47%	6.72%	6.80%	9.20%	-	5.62%
Transitional definition											
Tier 1 capital	C	1.80	2.36	8.70	C	134.43	50.87	16.91	3.84	-	40.33
Total exposure	C	20.19	36.67	124.43	C	2,455.24	751.38	247.94	41.76	-	717.01
Exposure values	C	20.24	36.72	125.73	C	2,462.21	754.51	248.58	41.90	-	C
Asset amount deducted or added from Tier 1 capital	C	-0.04	-0.05	-1.30	C	-6.97	-3.13	-0.64	-0.13	-	C
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	C	8.92%	6.45%	6.99%	C	5.48%	6.77%	6.82%	9.20%	-	5.62%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T03.03.3 Leverage ratios by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lenders	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lenders	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ¹⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
Exposure values	26,657.01	1,286.66	C	C	3,693.43	12,538.06	1,029.82	C	7,354.17	-
Other on-balance sheet items	22,383.56	1,163.30	271.11	429.62	3,381.85	10,015.87	1,029.93	157.94	5,933.94	-
Derivatives	908.06	27.39	11.50	-0.73	29.76	508.16	4.34	1.09	326.56	-
Securities financing transactions	1,941.25	47.39	51.81	C	85.92	1,181.87	17.80	C	555.97	-
Regular-way purchases and sales awaiting settlement	27.79	0.23	1.62	C	0.53	C	C	0.09	8.83	-
Cash pooling arrangements	37.87	0.09	C	C	C	C	C	0.13	C	-
Off-balance sheet items	1,985.72	116.91	7.88	31.56	187.13	1,010.67	40.82	8.12	582.65	-
Deductions of exposures promoting public policy objectives	-627.24	-68.63	C	-219.48	C	-217.91	C	C	C	-
Fully phased-in definition										
Tier 1 capital	1,451.11	69.89	22.08	34.22	218.59	589.97	67.24	14.76	434.38	-
Total exposure	26,480.06	1,282.26	343.22	238.73	3,660.72	12,442.60	1,022.36	167.24	7,322.93	-
Exposure values	26,657.01	1,286.66	C	C	3,693.43	12,538.06	1,029.82	C	7,354.17	-
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-176.96	-4.40	C	C	-32.71	-95.46	-7.46	C	-31.24	-
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.48%	5.45%	6.43%	14.33%	5.97%	4.74%	6.58%	8.83%	5.93%	-
Transitional definition										
Tier 1 capital	1,462.94	70.20	22.08	34.22	220.16	597.92	67.49	14.85	436.03	-
Total exposure	26,485.96	1,282.56	343.22	238.73	3,661.70	12,445.01	1,022.62	167.32	7,324.79	-
Exposure values	26,657.01	1,286.66	C	C	3,693.43	12,538.06	1,029.82	C	7,354.17	-
Asset amount deducted or added from Tier 1 capital	-171.06	-4.10	C	C	-31.73	-93.05	-7.21	C	-29.38	-
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.52%	5.47%	6.43%	14.33%	6.01%	4.80%	6.60%	8.87%	5.95%	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T03.03.3 Leverage ratios by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
			SSM	Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	RoW ⁴⁾
Exposure values	26,657.01	1,271.01	12,924.23	1,450.44	695.56	10,315.78
Other on-balance sheet items	22,383.56	1,376.79	10,924.80	1,227.60	619.53	8,234.84
Derivatives	908.06	8.14	407.49	27.64	13.59	451.21
Securities financing transactions	1,941.25	22.70	786.54	90.80	33.13	1,008.07
Regular-way purchases and sales awaiting settlement	27.79	C	-1.99	C	C	C
Cash pooling arrangements	37.87	C	13.32	2.53	C	C
Off-balance sheet items	1,985.72	68.66	1,013.95	98.53	29.24	775.35
Deductions of exposures promoting public policy objectives	-627.24	-205.62	-219.87	C	C	-201.75
Fully phased-in definition						
Tier 1 capital	1,451.11	98.09	738.81	79.25	42.79	492.17
Total exposure	26,480.06	1,263.99	12,840.58	1,442.20	685.97	10,247.32
Exposure values	26,657.01	1,271.01	12,924.23	1,450.44	695.56	10,315.78
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-176.96	-7.02	-83.65	-8.24	-9.59	-68.46
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.48%	7.76%	5.75%	5.50%	6.24%	4.80%
Transitional definition						
Tier 1 capital	1,462.94	98.37	746.04	79.40	43.39	495.74
Total exposure	26,485.96	1,264.28	12,844.72	1,442.38	686.61	10,247.96
Exposure values	26,657.01	1,271.01	12,924.23	1,450.44	695.56	10,315.78
Asset amount deducted or added from Tier 1 capital	-171.06	-6.73	-79.51	-8.06	-8.94	-67.82
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.52%	7.78%	5.81%	5.50%	6.32%	4.84%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T03.03.3 Leverage ratios by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with total assets				G-SIBs ¹⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
Exposure values	26,657.01	304.28	2,586.52	2,241.22	8,986.93	12,538.06
Other on-balance sheet items	22,383.56	287.61	2,464.96	1,913.52	7,701.60	10,015.87
Derivatives	908.06	2.70	30.35	88.84	278.02	508.16
Securities financing transactions	1,941.25	1.37	71.54	179.13	507.33	1,181.87
Regular-way purchases and sales awaiting settlement	27.79	C	C	12.72	-3.69	C
Cash pooling arrangements	37.87	0.13	C	C	12.04	C
Off-balance sheet items	1,985.72	12.36	150.50	140.36	671.82	1,010.67
Deductions of exposures promoting public policy objectives	-627.24	C	-135.48	C	-180.19	-217.91
Fully phased-in definition						
Tier 1 capital	1,451.11	25.00	194.75	139.00	502.40	589.97
Total exposure	26,480.06	302.66	2,564.23	2,226.17	8,944.39	12,442.60
Exposure values	26,657.01	304.28	2,586.52	2,241.22	8,986.93	12,538.06
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-176.96	-1.62	-22.29	-15.05	-42.54	-95.46
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.48%	8.26%	7.59%	6.24%	5.62%	4.74%
Transitional definition						
Tier 1 capital	1,462.94	25.12	196.48	139.90	503.52	597.92
Total exposure	26,485.96	302.78	2,565.90	2,227.14	8,945.13	12,445.01
Exposure values	26,657.01	304.28	2,586.52	2,241.22	8,986.93	12,538.06
Asset amount deducted or added from Tier 1 capital	-171.06	-1.51	-20.62	-14.08	-41.80	-93.05
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.52%	8.30%	7.66%	6.28%	5.63%	4.80%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T03.03.3 Leverage ratios by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Exposure values	26,657.01	14,126.29	12,530.72
Other on-balance sheet items	22,383.56	11,952.14	10,431.43
Derivatives	908.06	424.73	483.34
Securities financing transactions	1,941.25	967.89	973.36
Regular-way purchases and sales awaiting settlement	27.79	C	C
Cash pooling arrangements	37.87	C	C
Off-balance sheet items	1,985.72	1,087.99	897.73
Deductions of exposures promoting public policy objectives	-627.24	C	C
Fully phased-in definition			
Tier 1 capital	1,451.11	772.12	678.99
Total exposure	26,480.06	14,020.01	12,460.05
Exposure values	26,657.01	14,126.29	12,530.72
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-176.96	-106.28	-70.68
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.48%	5.51%	5.45%
Transitional definition			
Tier 1 capital	1,462.94	777.14	685.80
Total exposure	26,485.96	14,023.10	12,462.85
Exposure values	26,657.01	14,126.29	12,530.72
Asset amount deducted or added from Tier 1 capital	-171.06	-103.19	-67.87
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.52%	5.54%	5.50%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

T03.04.1 Leverage ratio band by reference period

(number of institutions)

Indicator	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
LR ¹⁾ ≤ 3%	-	-	1	-	-
3% < LR ≤ 6%	53	56	61	54	50
LR > 6%	59	55	49	56	61
Total	112	111	111	110	111

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) LR stands for Leverage Ratio.

T03.04.2 Leverage ratio band by country

(number of institutions)

Country (Q1 2023)	LR ²⁾ ≤ 3%	3% < LR ≤ 6%	LR > 6%
Belgium	-	4	1
Bulgaria	-	-	1
Germany	-	13	9
Estonia	-	-	4
Ireland	-	1	5
Greece	-	1	3
Spain	-	7	3
France	-	5	6
Croatia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Italy	-	8	4
Cyprus	-	1	1
Latvia	-	-	3
Lithuania	-	1	2
Luxembourg	-	2	2
Malta	-	1	1
Netherlands	-	3	4
Austria	-	1	5
Portugal	-	1	2
Slovenia	-	-	3
Slovakia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Finland	-	1	2
Total	-	50	61

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

2) LR stands for Leverage Ratio.

T03.04.3 Leverage ratio band by classification (geographical diversification)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q1 2023)	LR ⁵⁾ ≤ 3%	3% < LR ≤ 6%	LR > 6%
Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	-	4	11
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM	-	35	32
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	-	3	7
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	-	2	7
RoW ⁴⁾	-	6	4
Total	-	50	61

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

5) LR stands for Leverage Ratio.

T03.04.3 Leverage ratio band by classification (size)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q1 2023)	LR ²⁾ ≤ 3%	3% < LR ≤ 6%	LR > 6%
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	-	4	19
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	-	17	26
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	-	8	9
More than €200 billion	-	13	7
G-SIBs ¹⁾	-	8	-
Total	-	50	61

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

2) LR stands for Leverage Ratio.

T03.05.1 Risk exposures composition by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

Risk exposures	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	7,251.89	7,292.55	7,389.80	7,244.87	7,283.57
Standardised approach (SA)	2,834.52	2,875.82	2,943.53	2,906.23	2,954.95
of which: exposures to institutions	120.68	125.85	131.73	124.06	132.91
of which: exposures to corporates	1,000.88	1,032.89	1,065.98	1,057.80	1,072.71
of which: exposures to retail	507.90	514.28	528.13	519.38	522.38
of which: exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	314.03	316.61	327.95	319.26	331.70
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	4,299.84	4,291.13	4,319.69	4,210.16	4,200.79
of which: exposures to institutions	198.58	201.11	208.98	188.71	191.12
of which: exposures to corporates	2,471.77	2,519.16	2,573.20	2,484.90	2,455.96
of which: exposures to retail	401.33	392.40	382.64	387.24	386.57
of which: exposures to retail secured by real estate	582.65	581.08	581.12	581.98	582.71
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP ¹⁾	5.93	5.86	5.76	5.56	6.38
Securitisation positions	111.60	119.75	120.81	122.92	121.46
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	1.96	2.13	1.61	1.77	1.38
Market risk exposure amount	331.41	353.89	353.76	336.89	323.91
Market risk exposure under SA ²⁾	143.78	157.57	159.01	143.58	140.40
Market risk exposure under IM approach ³⁾	187.63	196.32	194.76	193.30	183.51
Operational risk exposure amount	832.60	832.32	839.36	843.47	843.83
Operational risk exposure under BIA ⁴⁾	56.83	57.19	57.12	60.74	61.68
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA ⁵⁾	393.28	393.00	396.11	410.16	408.34
Operational risk exposure under AMA ⁶⁾	382.49	382.13	386.13	372.57	373.81
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	66.24	67.28	72.37	74.64	72.31
Other ⁷⁾	137.79	131.25	111.62	124.51	113.34
Total risk exposure amount	8,621.90	8,679.42	8,768.53	8,626.15	8,638.33
Risk weights SA vs. IRB - Credit Risk ⁸⁾	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Standardised approach (SA)					
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	14.82%	15.11%	15.26%	14.66%	14.70%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	86.05%	86.00%	86.33%	85.33%	85.58%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	69.42%	69.06%	69.34%	69.20%	69.12%
Risk weights of exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	39.94%	39.91%	39.88%	39.76%	39.15%
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)					
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	19.18%	18.61%	19.10%	18.36%	17.79%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	45.66%	45.27%	45.13%	45.38%	45.43%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	28.21%	27.88%	27.56%	28.14%	28.32%
Risk weights of exposures to retail secured by real estate	13.86%	13.72%	13.70%	13.69%	13.96%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) CCP stands for central counterparty.

2) SA stands for standardised approach.

3) IM stands for internal model.

4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.

5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.

6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.

7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

8) Risk weights are calculated as the ratio of the risk-weighted exposure amount to the total exposure amount. Not all exposure classes are presented in the table.

T03.05.2 Risk exposures composition by country/1

(EUR billions; percentages)

Risk exposures (Q1 2023)	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ⁹⁾	Italy
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	7,283.57	170.51	C	1,051.96	16.95	213.83	128.11	1,248.20	2,406.39	-	822.21
Standardised approach (SA)	2,954.95	38.13	C	301.66	9.81	154.60	124.83	683.26	896.63	-	368.51
of which: exposures to institutions	132.91	1.40	C	19.54	0.39	10.45	4.28	20.68	36.61	-	21.86
of which: exposures to corporates	1,072.71	13.38	C	166.52	4.56	91.53	48.05	181.93	320.06	-	101.68
of which: exposures to retail	522.38	4.10	C	40.72	1.67	10.04	9.23	168.15	166.11	-	53.84
of which: exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	331.70	1.96	C	16.59	2.33	22.07	17.05	89.05	78.52	-	37.92
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	4,200.79	132.06	C	719.56	C	C	C	553.87	1,466.96	-	433.11
of which: exposures to institutions	191.12	6.41	C	49.37	C	C	C	C	62.15	-	C
of which: exposures to corporates	2,455.96	74.69	C	467.69	C	C	C	291.54	800.28	-	275.05
of which: exposures to retail	386.57	7.20	C	55.92	C	C	C	71.14	160.78	-	36.57
of which: exposures to retail secured by real estate	582.71	21.06	C	60.47	C	C	C	113.83	170.36	-	62.84
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP ¹⁾	6.38	0.07	C	1.54	C	C	C	C	3.25	-	0.38
Securitisation positions	121.46	0.25	C	29.21	C	7.11	3.28	C	39.55	-	20.21
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	1.38	C	C	1.09	C	0.02	C	C	0.22	-	C
Market risk exposure amount	323.91	4.82	C	110.69	0.04	18.79	3.48	31.83	83.65	-	26.18
Market risk exposure under SA ²⁾	140.40	1.12	C	55.38	C	4.65	0.92	15.03	28.20	-	12.21
Market risk exposure under IM approach ³⁾	183.51	3.70	C	55.31	C	14.14	2.57	16.79	55.45	-	13.97
Operational risk exposure amount	843.83	19.66	C	139.92	1.64	20.95	12.57	130.33	256.31	-	104.86
Operational risk exposure under BIA ⁴⁾	61.68	C	C	C	0.93	C	C	C	9.38	-	19.44
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA ⁵⁾	408.34	C	C	59.40	C	C	C	125.22	86.49	-	25.82
Operational risk exposure under AMA ⁶⁾	373.81	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	160.45	-	59.59
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	72.31	1.28	C	30.29	C	3.09	0.43	3.77	22.25	-	C
Other ⁷⁾	113.34	C	C	9.80	0.38	4.11	C	C	2.72	-	3.94
Total risk exposure amount	8,638.33	197.30	C	1,343.75	19.03	260.78	144.62	1,436.84	2,771.54	-	960.61
Risk weights SA vs. IRB - Credit Risk ⁸⁾	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ⁹⁾	Italy
Standardised approach (SA)											
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	14.70%	16.89%	C	5.34%	22.46%	32.68%	34.74%	28.54%	14.28%	-	26.48%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	85.58%	80.83%	C	79.89%	87.40%	89.96%	88.10%	92.57%	81.97%	-	83.77%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	69.12%	67.04%	C	72.43%	65.87%	72.86%	69.51%	68.57%	69.23%	-	66.11%
Risk weights of exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	39.15%	39.07%	C	36.36%	35.51%	53.15%	40.55%	36.33%	42.75%	-	36.88%
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)											
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	17.79%	15.13%	C	19.84%	C	C	C	C	18.49%	-	C
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	45.43%	56.68%	C	41.08%	C	C	C	53.81%	45.38%	-	47.87%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	28.32%	21.52%	C	31.03%	C	C	C	45.08%	22.21%	-	29.88%
Risk weights of exposures to retail secured by real estate	13.96%	10.13%	C	14.37%	C	C	C	17.47%	11.86%	-	19.56%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) CCP stands for central counterparty.

2) SA stands for standardised approach.

3) IM stands for internal model.

4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.

5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.

6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.

7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

8) Risk weights are calculated as the ratio of the risk-weighted exposure amount to the total exposure amount. Not all exposure classes are presented in the table.

9) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia.

T03.05.2 Risk exposures composition by country/2

(EUR billions; percentages)

Risk exposures (Q1 2023)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ⁹⁾	Finland
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	C	7.34	10.58	34.85	C	596.96	260.47	93.14	19.62	-	174.71
Standardised approach (SA)	C	2.62	3.69	13.63	C	76.02	101.11	55.19	C	-	78.35
of which: exposures to institutions	C	C	1.03	2.05	C	5.49	3.53	1.68	0.56	-	1.05
of which: exposures to corporates	C	C	0.63	7.56	C	33.87	37.68	18.61	7.36	-	C
of which: exposures to retail	C	C	0.64	C	C	18.21	17.41	7.88	6.28	-	12.48
of which: exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	C	C	C	C	C	7.41	17.98	C	1.63	-	C
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	C	C	C	C	C	514.22	156.90	C	C	-	C
of which: exposures to institutions	C	C	C	C	C	17.12	C	C	C	-	C
of which: exposures to corporates	C	C	C	C	C	308.29	103.11	C	C	-	C
of which: exposures to retail	C	C	C	C	C	24.60	14.75	C	C	-	C
of which: exposures to retail secured by real estate	C	C	C	C	C	91.96	18.29	C	C	-	C
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	0.75	0.01	C	C	-	C
Securitisation positions	C	C	C	0.04	C	5.97	2.45	0.51	C	-	C
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Market risk exposure amount	C	0.02	0.06	0.45	C	20.56	13.25	2.77	C	-	5.90
Market risk exposure under SA ²⁾	C	C	C	C	C	7.40	9.33	C	C	-	C
Market risk exposure under IM approach ³⁾	C	C	C	C	C	13.16	3.92	C	C	-	C
Operational risk exposure amount	C	0.67	0.85	3.82	C	84.22	32.93	9.44	2.30	-	20.73
Operational risk exposure under BIA ⁴⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA ⁵⁾	C	0.56	C	C	C	C	16.52	C	C	-	20.20
Operational risk exposure under AMA ⁶⁾	C	C	C	C	C	78.13	C	C	C	-	C
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	C	C	0.00	0.25	C	C	C	0.46	C	-	C
Other⁷⁾	C	0.59	C	C	C	46.98	4.11	C	C	-	13.81
Total risk exposure amount	C	8.62	12.15	40.99	C	753.29	311.65	106.66	23.43	-	216.64
Risk weights SA vs. IRB - Credit Risk⁸⁾ (Q1 2023)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ⁹⁾	Finland
Standardised approach (SA)											
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	C	C	22.99%	29.04%	C	22.07%	23.21%	26.09%	31.24%	-	19.12%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	C	C	89.58%	78.50%	C	87.52%	93.87%	95.94%	91.72%	-	C
Risk weights of exposures to retail	C	C	69.83%	C	C	71.48%	69.23%	68.88%	70.52%	-	71.77%
Risk weights of exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	C	C	C	C	C	C	39.96%	C	37.64%	-	C
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)											
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	C	C	C	C	C	19.87%	C	C	C	-	C
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	C	C	C	C	C	36.81%	60.18%	C	C	-	C
Risk weights of exposures to retail	C	C	C	C	C	41.39%	43.58%	C	C	-	C
Risk weights of exposures to retail secured by real estate	C	C	C	C	C	12.28%	19.91%	C	C	-	C

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) CCP stands for central counterparty.

2) SA stands for standardised approach.

3) IM stands for internal model.

4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.

5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.

6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.

7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

8) Risk weights are calculated as the ratio of the risk-weighted exposure amount to the total exposure amount. Not all exposure classes are presented in the table.

9) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Risk exposures (Q1 2023)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lender	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lenders	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ⁹⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	7,283.57	359.71	57.06	98.60	1,191.84	3,153.63	345.18	65.75	2,011.80	-
Standardised approach (SA)	2,954.95	103.08	39.63	C	633.29	1,010.86	C	47.00	741.42	-
of which: exposures to institutions	132.91	5.79	4.34	2.25	29.48	29.14	18.57	3.21	40.12	-
of which: exposures to corporates	1,072.71	61.71	17.74	36.17	212.37	316.87	89.73	16.49	321.63	-
of which: exposures to retail	522.38	6.70	C	C	82.65	232.04	53.87	13.48	124.82	-
of which: exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	331.70	9.10	C	C	103.37	95.14	48.28	7.13	55.53	-
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	4,200.79	246.18	C	C	546.14	2,069.99	61.30	18.70	1,240.77	-
of which: exposures to institutions	191.12	17.18	C	C	11.73	90.70	C	0.32	66.85	-
of which: exposures to corporates	2,455.96	190.41	C	C	314.57	1,178.76	12.10	12.72	734.82	-
of which: exposures to retail	386.57	4.56	C	C	57.89	211.54	21.58	1.51	89.50	-
of which: exposures to retail secured by real estate	582.71	1.59	C	C	106.25	295.26	22.44	3.82	153.34	-
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP ¹⁾	6.38	0.19	0.15	C	0.10	4.14	C	C	1.74	-
Securitisation positions	121.46	10.25	C	1.14	12.31	68.64	0.56	C	27.87	-
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	1.38	C	C	C	0.02	0.27	C	C	0.85	-
Market risk exposure amount	323.91	19.28	6.49	C	28.49	126.26	2.12	C	138.79	-
Market risk exposure under SA ²⁾	140.40	10.90	C	C	19.10	41.77	C	C	60.54	-
Market risk exposure under IM approach ³⁾	183.51	8.38	C	C	9.39	84.49	C	C	78.25	-
Operational risk exposure amount	843.83	28.70	14.98	5.22	141.38	394.21	31.34	6.19	221.81	-
Operational risk exposure under BIA ⁴⁾	61.68	C	C	3.44	21.38	4.92	C	3.46	20.81	-
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA ⁵⁾	408.34	27.15	C	C	98.11	131.42	27.14	2.02	111.81	-
Operational risk exposure under AMA ⁶⁾	373.81	C	C	C	21.90	257.88	C	0.71	89.19	-
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	72.31	4.61	1.68	2.91	4.29	24.98	1.20	0.13	32.51	-
Other ⁷⁾	113.34	C	C	C	13.59	9.75	C	1.64	85.38	-
Total RWA	8,638.33	414.92	80.26	107.68	1,379.62	3,709.10	380.27	75.35	2,491.14	-
Risk weights SA vs. IRB - Credit Risk ⁸⁾ (Q1 2023)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lender	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lenders	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ⁹⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
Standardised approach (SA)										
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	14.70%	5.14%	13.82%	31.75%	29.61%	11.55%	23.85%	26.99%	12.87%	-
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	85.58%	87.83%	93.24%	78.53%	89.69%	83.99%	86.15%	90.02%	84.30%	-
Risk weights of exposures to retail	69.12%	65.70%	65.26%	C	66.05%	69.17%	71.57%	69.82%	70.51%	-
Risk weights of exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	39.15%	48.48%	35.89%	C	39.44%	39.45%	36.18%	41.35%	37.81%	-
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)										
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	17.79%	14.56%	C	C	16.66%	20.24%	C	21.83%	17.50%	-
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	45.43%	40.22%	C	C	56.71%	41.07%	52.25%	73.81%	50.94%	-
Risk weights of exposures to retail	28.32%	22.48%	C	C	35.45%	29.62%	34.26%	42.02%	22.34%	-
Risk weights of exposures to retail secured by real estate	13.96%	10.60%	C	C	17.49%	14.12%	13.81%	21.24%	11.97%	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) CCP stands for central counterparty.

2) SA stands for standardised approach.

3) IM stands for internal model.

4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.

5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.

6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.

7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

8) Risk weights are calculated as the ratio of the risk-weighted exposure amount to the total exposure amount. Not all exposure classes are presented in the table.

9) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs is used as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Risk exposures (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures ⁹⁾	Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
			SSM	Non-SSM EEA ¹⁰⁾	Non-EEA Europe ¹¹⁾	RoW ¹²⁾
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	7,283.57	413.04	3,576.42	383.26	214.02	2,696.83
Standardised approach (SA)	2,954.95	371.32	1,427.99	69.19	112.15	974.31
of which: exposures to institutions	132.91	18.62	77.53	3.44	7.73	25.58
of which: exposures to corporates	1,072.71	115.59	590.50	23.87	33.69	309.06
of which: exposures to retail	522.38	46.25	208.46	16.96	14.11	236.58
of which: exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	331.70	70.24	136.82	6.91	24.45	93.27
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	4,200.79	39.25	2,085.95	311.96	98.91	1,664.73
of which: exposures to institutions	191.12	C	107.39	11.79	C	68.49
of which: exposures to corporates	2,455.96	17.69	1,195.25	189.57	56.85	996.59
of which: exposures to retail	386.57	9.42	187.64	23.33	10.48	155.69
of which: exposures to retail secured by real estate	582.71	11.34	280.88	49.28	25.88	215.32
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP ¹⁾	6.38	0.06	2.33	0.10	0.08	3.81
Securitisation positions	121.46	2.41	60.15	2.02	2.88	53.99
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	1.38	C	0.67	C	C	0.44
Market risk exposure amount	323.91	4.35	170.15	15.11	5.86	128.43
Market risk exposure under SA ²⁾	140.40	C	83.98	C	C	41.48
Market risk exposure under IM approach ³⁾	183.51	C	86.17	C	C	86.95
Operational risk exposure amount	843.83	47.59	392.38	49.25	23.62	330.99
Operational risk exposure under BIA ⁴⁾	61.68	C	29.82	C	C	4.98
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA ⁵⁾	408.34	16.70	187.07	33.79	21.81	148.98
Operational risk exposure under AMA ⁶⁾	373.81	C	175.49	C	C	177.03
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	72.31	3.37	34.16	C	C	27.07
Other ⁷⁾	113.34	C	49.50	17.11	C	39.37
Total risk exposure amount	8,638.33	469.86	4,223.27	466.82	255.26	3,223.13
Risk weights SA vs. IRB - Credit Risk ⁸⁾ (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures ⁹⁾	Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
			SSM	Non-SSM EEA ¹⁰⁾	Non-EEA Europe ¹¹⁾	RoW ¹²⁾
Standardised approach (SA)						
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	14.70%	22.88%	14.40%	21.67%	32.98%	10.43%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	85.58%	82.00%	86.12%	91.91%	77.81%	86.45%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	69.12%	67.17%	69.16%	70.71%	70.97%	69.27%
Risk weights of exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	39.15%	37.63%	38.94%	40.71%	45.71%	39.06%
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)						
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	17.79%	C	22.88%	17.37%	C	13.51%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	45.43%	59.64%	44.81%	51.22%	63.11%	44.31%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	28.32%	26.07%	24.38%	29.72%	41.84%	34.18%
Risk weights of exposures to retail secured by real estate	13.96%	13.28%	13.23%	13.81%	18.90%	14.62%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) CCP stands for central counterparty.

2) SA stands for standardised approach.

3) IM stands for internal model.

4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.

5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.

6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.

7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

8) Risk weights are calculated as the ratio of the risk-weighted exposure amount to the total exposure amount. Not all exposure classes are presented in the table.

9) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

10) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

11) European countries not in the EEA.

12) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Risk exposures (Q1 2023)	Total	Total assets				G-SIBs ⁹⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	7,283.57	108.23	914.11	637.50	2,470.10	3,153.63
Standardised approach (SA)	2,954.95	89.02	680.62	384.25	790.20	1,010.86
of which: exposures to institutions	132.91	5.78	32.32	23.26	42.41	29.14
of which: exposures to corporates	1,072.71	29.45	262.65	162.00	301.75	316.87
of which: exposures to retail	522.38	18.03	95.49	40.29	136.53	232.04
of which: exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	331.70	19.59	93.95	61.51	61.51	95.14
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	4,200.79	18.70	221.71	246.18	1,644.20	2,069.99
of which: exposures to institutions	191.12	0.32	3.14	11.50	85.46	90.70
of which: exposures to corporates	2,455.96	12.72	110.94	168.12	985.42	1,178.76
of which: exposures to retail	386.57	1.51	33.14	14.85	125.53	211.54
of which: exposures to retail secured by real estate	582.71	3.82	38.83	38.53	206.27	295.26
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP ¹⁾	6.38	C	C	C	1.60	4.14
Securitisation positions	121.46	C	C	C	34.10	68.64
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	1.38	C	C	C	0.58	0.27
Market risk exposure amount	323.91	1.85	19.80	47.87	128.14	126.26
Market risk exposure under SA ²⁾	140.40	C	C	C	68.58	41.77
Market risk exposure under IM approach ³⁾	183.51	C	C	C	59.56	84.49
Operational risk exposure amount	843.83	12.12	87.97	72.94	276.57	394.21
Operational risk exposure under BIA ⁴⁾	61.68	C	C	C	19.75	4.92
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA ⁵⁾	408.34	6.66	64.37	48.90	156.99	131.42
Operational risk exposure under AMA ⁶⁾	373.81	C	C	C	99.83	257.88
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	72.31	C	C	13.73	21.38	24.98
Other ⁷⁾	113.34	C	6.92	C	83.48	9.75
Total risk exposure amount	8,638.33	124.18	1,041.01	783.79	2,980.25	3,709.10
Risk weights SA vs. IRB - Credit Risk ⁸⁾ (Q1 2023)	Total	Total assets				G-SIBs ⁹⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
Standardised approach (SA)						
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	14.70%	29.82%	27.25%	21.95%	10.39%	11.55%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	85.58%	88.93%	86.82%	89.00%	84.17%	83.99%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	69.12%	69.65%	69.36%	67.59%	69.27%	69.17%
Risk weights of exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	39.15%	38.95%	38.95%	38.77%	39.43%	39.45%
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)						
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	17.79%	21.83%	6.52%	14.74%	17.14%	20.24%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	45.43%	73.81%	46.97%	58.21%	49.43%	41.07%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	28.32%	42.02%	32.17%	25.79%	25.80%	29.62%
Risk weights of exposures to retail secured by real estate	13.96%	21.24%	13.96%	16.73%	13.24%	14.12%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) CCP stands for central counterparty.

2) SA stands for standardised approach.

3) IM stands for internal model.

4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.

5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.

6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.

7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

8) Risk weights are calculated as the ratio of the risk-weighted exposure amount to the total exposure amount. Not all exposure classes are presented in the table.

9) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs is used as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Risk exposures (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	7,283.57	3,964.83	3,318.74
Standardised approach (SA)	2,954.95	1,481.48	1,473.46
of which: exposures to institutions	132.91	61.52	71.39
of which: exposures to corporates	1,072.71	474.41	598.30
of which: exposures to retail	522.38	337.84	184.54
of which: exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	331.70	134.30	197.40
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	4,200.79	2,415.52	1,785.27
of which: exposures to institutions	191.12	115.27	75.85
of which: exposures to corporates	2,455.96	1,415.04	1,040.92
of which: exposures to retail	386.57	226.86	159.70
of which: exposures to retail secured by real estate	582.71	333.89	248.82
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP ²⁾	6.38	2.92	3.46
Securitisation positions	121.46	64.91	56.55
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	1.38	0.07	1.30
Market risk exposure amount	323.91	138.28	185.63
Market risk exposure under SA ³⁾	140.40	55.77	84.63
Market risk exposure under IM approach ⁴⁾	183.51	82.51	101.00
Operational risk exposure amount	843.83	430.86	412.97
Operational risk exposure under BIA ⁵⁾	61.68	25.20	36.48
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA ⁶⁾	408.34	213.44	194.90
Operational risk exposure under AMA ⁷⁾	373.81	192.22	181.59
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	72.31	25.64	46.66
Other ⁸⁾	113.34	63.18	50.16
Total risk exposure amount	8,638.33	4,622.86	4,015.47
Risk weights SA vs. IRB - Credit Risk ⁹⁾	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Standardised approach (SA)			
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	14.70%	13.95%	15.41%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	85.58%	87.29%	84.28%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	69.12%	69.01%	69.34%
Risk weights of exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	39.15%	39.22%	39.10%
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)			
Risk weights of exposures to institutions	17.79%	16.96%	19.22%
Risk weights of exposures to corporates	45.43%	45.18%	45.77%
Risk weights of exposures to retail	28.32%	30.86%	25.35%
Risk weights of exposures to retail secured by real estate	13.96%	13.47%	14.68%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) CCP stands for central counterparty.

3) SA stands for standardised approach.

4) IM stands for internal model.

5) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.

6) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.

7) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.

8) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

9) Risk weights are calculated as the ratio of the risk-weighted exposure amount to the total exposure amount. Not all exposure classes are presented in the table.

T03.06 IRB credit risk parameters by residence of the obligor

(EUR billions; percentages)

Parameters and type of counterparty (Q1 2023)	Residence of the obligor ¹⁾													
	AT	BE	CH	CZ	DE	ES	FI	FR	GB	IE	IT	LU	NL	US
PD assigned to the obligor grade or pool (%)														
Institutions	0.42%	0.16%	0.22%	0.16%	0.13%	0.26%	0.35%	0.18%	0.17%	0.50%	1.03%	0.31%	0.17%	0.13%
Corporates	1.29%	2.12%	1.57%	1.95%	1.29%	1.86%	0.94%	1.44%	0.95%	1.55%	3.13%	1.02%	1.08%	1.20%
of which: SME	2.02%	2.81%	1.57%	2.93%	1.43%	3.03%	C	1.97%	3.04%	3.64%	6.78%	1.92%	2.37%	2.16%
Retail	1.66%	0.94%	0.87%	1.37%	1.83%	1.52%	C	1.40%	2.66%	1.31%	1.88%	1.06%	0.69%	2.05%
Retail - Secured by immovable property - Non-SME	0.93%	0.68%	0.77%	0.97%	1.81%	1.10%	C	0.80%	2.67%	1.02%	1.21%	0.85%	0.57%	0.97%
Qualifying Revolving	C	C	1.65%	2.46%	0.68%	2.48%	2.09%	2.59%	2.21%	C	4.62%	2.32%	C	1.29%
Other Retail	3.30%	1.83%	1.19%	2.70%	2.59%	2.68%	C	1.84%	2.92%	C	3.23%	1.78%	2.46%	C
Exposure weighted average Igd (%)														
Institutions	25.48%	16.47%	33.54%	25.69%	30.68%	21.40%	25.77%	22.06%	27.93%	37.75%	26.17%	23.66%	28.04%	40.46%
Corporates	36.56%	29.25%	29.67%	32.17%	36.81%	41.10%	31.53%	36.33%	35.09%	26.53%	36.17%	31.45%	26.82%	27.65%
of which: SME	33.51%	28.01%	34.41%	30.46%	32.61%	39.27%	C	35.54%	32.91%	40.83%	37.49%	29.17%	19.89%	21.85%
Retail	30.54%	16.57%	21.82%	24.54%	26.99%	32.19%	C	18.21%	11.65%	27.99%	25.93%	15.46%	14.94%	25.22%
Retail - Secured by immovable property - Non-SME	18.92%	12.75%	21.13%	19.00%	19.15%	25.61%	C	13.14%	7.74%	24.98%	20.45%	14.55%	13.78%	18.03%
Qualifying Revolving	78.37%	C	57.24%	56.76%	66.63%	67.28%	67.69%	37.68%	71.87%	C	48.23%	48.60%	C	62.24%
Other Retail	53.65%	32.29%	23.88%	42.16%	44.07%	52.16%	C	23.89%	50.62%	C	36.57%	19.68%	41.55%	C
Exposure value														
Institutions	16.73	58.39	29.55	7.87	107.29	46.33	9.23	299.25	91.60	11.21	39.13	25.55	34.51	63.29
Corporates	117.39	210.00	86.85	70.59	735.13	301.79	36.69	875.20	278.84	98.60	379.61	196.42	360.30	646.34
of which: SME	24.27	64.97	1.46	17.67	117.88	70.31	C	224.77	7.73	10.79	93.21	9.94	80.35	17.42
Retail	82.84	320.66	13.14	82.45	687.93	480.09	C	1,743.50	298.07	46.23	442.87	221.74	579.31	12.95
Retail - Secured by immovable property - Non-SME	49.74	222.09	10.07	63.14	471.40	342.69	C	983.02	276.13	42.03	274.79	211.05	534.27	2.28
Qualifying Revolving	4.59	C	0.14	0.91	34.34	22.63	0.00	59.47	10.36	C	4.90	0.02	C	0.05
Other Retail	19.50	51.84	2.70	17.21	152.73	81.77	C	563.14	11.50	C	142.37	9.91	19.93	C
Risk weight (%)														
Institutions	17.68%	10.54%	17.15%	16.52%	18.15%	17.15%	18.10%	11.18%	14.58%	28.17%	34.97%	11.66%	19.36%	19.11%
Corporates	44.30%	46.47%	29.28%	55.60%	39.38%	59.33%	38.99%	54.50%	42.13%	36.82%	51.09%	42.02%	41.37%	34.07%
of which: SME	44.10%	43.57%	37.95%	49.05%	30.24%	57.72%	C	55.89%	47.54%	73.69%	47.10%	50.22%	41.95%	47.61%
Retail	23.77%	11.95%	14.14%	24.25%	19.06%	23.89%	C	15.07%	17.55%	28.73%	25.05%	8.39%	12.53%	23.61%
Retail - Secured by immovable property - Non-SME	17.19%	8.65%	13.54%	18.26%	14.75%	17.87%	C	10.01%	14.58%	25.36%	19.28%	7.90%	10.76%	15.80%
Qualifying Revolving	18.31%	C	13.19%	28.24%	9.61%	22.97%	14.19%	18.78%	43.61%	C	32.18%	13.22%	C	11.97%
Other Retail	40.26%	23.26%	15.58%	43.06%	36.29%	45.62%	C	20.39%	65.16%	C	35.68%	17.24%	41.21%	C

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available; only the banks using Internal Rating Based approach to calculate their credit risk-weighted exposure amounts are accounted in the table. Where the conditions set out in the applicable regulation are met, the competent authority shall permit institutions to calculate their risk-weighted exposure amounts using the IRB approach. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) The countries shown in the table were selected based on the relevance of the aggregate exposure value of the SSM banks using the internal ratings based approach towards the obligors of those countries.

T04.01 Performing and non-performing exposures by instrument and counterparty

(EUR billions; percentages)

Type of instrument and counterparty	Performing exposures									
	Q1 2022		Q2 2022		Q3 2022		Q4 2022		Q1 2023	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	4,277.43	0.00%	4,086.38	0.00%	4,335.29	0.00%	3,604.14	0.00%	3,793.87	0.00%
Loans and advances ¹⁾	14,316.13	0.56%	14,611.19	0.56%	14,807.44	0.56%	14,533.81	0.56%	14,776.54	0.55%
Central banks	160.89	0.01%	186.40	0.01%	203.67	0.03%	154.92	0.03%	186.08	0.03%
General governments	856.95	0.06%	859.79	0.07%	852.13	0.05%	850.23	0.05%	858.85	0.04%
Credit institutions	901.20	0.06%	908.79	0.05%	957.65	0.05%	862.61	0.06%	978.60	0.06%
Other financial corporations	1,163.68	0.18%	1,204.08	0.17%	1,237.59	0.18%	1,141.37	0.19%	1,211.80	0.17%
Non-financial corporations	5,289.22	0.84%	5,444.36	0.84%	5,551.31	0.82%	5,515.02	0.81%	5,499.28	0.80%
Households	5,944.18	0.55%	6,007.76	0.54%	6,005.09	0.56%	6,009.67	0.56%	6,041.93	0.57%
Debt securities	2,456.38	0.08%	2,455.81	0.08%	2,444.84	0.09%	2,417.40	0.09%	2,475.78	0.08%
Other ²⁾	126.25	1.27%	120.80	0.36%	144.47	0.32%	122.44	0.34%	11.91	0.93%
Off-balance sheet exposures	6,270.06	0.15%	6,328.19	0.15%	6,472.16	0.15%	6,341.37	0.15%	6,441.78	0.14%
Total	27,446.25	0.34%	27,602.37	0.34%	28,204.20	0.34%	27,019.15	0.35%	27,499.87	0.34%

Type of instrument and counterparty	Non-performing exposures									
	Q1 2022		Q2 2022		Q3 2022		Q4 2022		Q1 2023	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	0.20	54.12%	0.78	22.39%	0.64	26.54%	0.97	5.91%	0.83	6.70%
Loans and advances ¹⁾	368.89	44.96%	350.92	44.05%	348.28	44.25%	338.28	43.61%	338.85	43.69%
Central banks	0.03	99.56%	0.03	99.95%	0.03	100.00%	0.03	99.32%	0.03	99.85%
General governments	2.99	31.47%	3.15	28.80%	3.44	26.97%	4.46	21.78%	4.57	21.21%
Credit institutions	1.28	48.51%	1.36	53.99%	1.39	55.87%	1.38	56.23%	1.32	57.81%
Other financial corporations	10.31	42.62%	9.52	43.27%	9.01	43.11%	8.02	43.73%	7.98	42.39%
Non-financial corporations	206.82	47.18%	196.00	45.75%	196.01	45.99%	192.41	45.12%	191.59	45.21%
Households	147.46	42.24%	140.85	41.97%	138.40	42.17%	131.97	41.98%	133.37	42.20%
Debt securities	3.32	55.40%	3.21	55.16%	3.22	54.57%	3.24	57.21%	3.24	56.73%
Other ²⁾	13.41	64.79%	15.08	67.71%	15.49	67.15%	10.86	63.80%	6.93	66.40%
Off-balance sheet exposures	37.43	17.37%	36.43	17.86%	35.85	17.73%	35.10	19.13%	33.26	19.51%
Total	423.26	43.24%	406.41	42.62%	403.47	42.83%	388.44	41.98%	383.11	42.03%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: held for trading exposures are excluded.

2) Other includes Debt instrument held for sale.

T04.02.1 Non-performing loans and advances by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

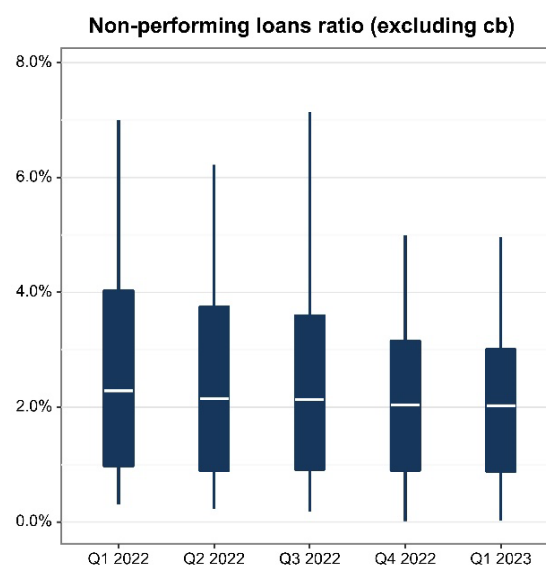
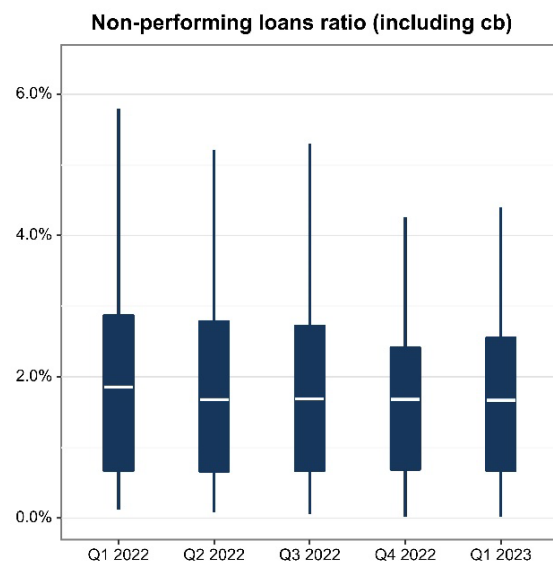
Item	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Loans and advances (including cb) ^{1) 2)}	18,962.65	19,049.26	19,491.65	18,477.19	18,910.09
Non-performing loans and advances (including cb) ^{1) 2)}	369.09	351.69	348.91	339.25	339.68
Non-performing loans ratio (including cb) ^{1) 2)}	1.95%	1.85%	1.79%	1.84%	1.80%
Loans and advances (excluding cb) ^{1) 2)}	14,685.02	14,962.10	15,155.71	14,872.09	15,115.39
Non-performing loans and advances (excluding cb) ^{1) 2)}	368.89	350.92	348.28	338.28	338.85
Non-performing loans ratio (excluding cb) ^{1) 2)}	2.51%	2.35%	2.30%	2.27%	2.24%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP, held for trading exposures are excluded. As of the reference period Q2 2020, cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are reported separately from loans and advances.

2) "cb" refers to "cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits".



T04.02.2 Non-performing loans and advances by country

(EUR billions; percentages)

Country (Q1 2023)	Loans and advances ²⁾		Non-performing loans and advances		Non-performing loans ratio	
	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾
Belgium	519.99	414.27	6.44	6.44	1.24%	1.55%
Bulgaria	C	C	C	C	C	C
Germany	3,325.90	2,499.78	32.63	31.89	0.98%	1.28%
Estonia	41.20	31.41	0.22	0.22	0.53%	0.69%
Ireland	460.81	307.51	7.22	7.22	1.57%	2.35%
Greece	201.10	159.26	9.39	9.39	4.67%	5.89%
Spain	2,740.75	2,356.02	75.42	75.42	2.75%	3.20%
France	6,091.15	4,855.95	112.15	112.13	1.84%	2.31%
Croatia ¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italy	1,890.09	1,575.55	45.99	45.93	2.43%	2.91%
Cyprus	C	C	C	C	C	C
Latvia	16.74	12.99	0.13	0.13	0.76%	0.98%
Lithuania	31.24	20.75	0.17	0.17	0.55%	0.83%
Luxembourg	85.47	53.07	0.96	0.96	1.12%	1.80%
Malta	C	C	C	C	C	C
Netherlands	2,138.46	1,720.09	26.77	26.77	1.25%	1.56%
Austria	564.37	452.44	9.40	9.40	1.67%	2.08%
Portugal	161.74	135.79	5.34	5.34	3.30%	3.93%
Slovenia	30.93	22.72	0.50	0.50	1.63%	2.21%
Slovakia ¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finland	549.22	460.08	5.38	5.37	0.98%	1.17%
Total	18,910.09	15,115.39	339.68	338.85	1.80%	2.24%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

2) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP, held for trading exposures are excluded. As of the reference period Q2 2020, cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are reported separately from loans and advances.

3) "cb" refers to "cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits".

T04.02.3 Non performing loans and advances by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Loans and advances ²⁾		Non-performing loans and advances		Non-performing loans ratio	
	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾
Corporate/wholesale lenders	1,049.81	784.46	9.54	9.54	0.91%	1.22%
Custodian and asset managers	221.51	117.43	0.75	0.75	0.34%	0.64%
Development/promotional lenders	369.65	292.30	3.95	3.95	1.07%	1.35%
Diversified lenders	2,634.60	2,186.41	70.57	70.56	2.68%	3.23%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	8,388.98	6,791.71	162.97	162.74	1.94%	2.40%
Retail and consumer credit lenders	820.39	701.13	13.08	13.08	1.59%	1.87%
Small market lenders	138.68	103.31	1.48	1.48	1.07%	1.43%
Universal and investment banks	5,286.46	4,138.65	77.35	76.76	1.46%	1.85%
Not classified	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	18,910.09	15,115.39	339.68	338.85	1.80%	2.24%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

2) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP, held for trading exposures are excluded. As of the reference period Q2 2020, cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are reported separately from loans and advances.

3) "cb" refers to "cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits".

T04.02.3 Non-performing loans and advances by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Loans and advances ⁵⁾		Non-performing loans and advances		Non-performing loans ratio	
	Including cb ⁶⁾	Excluding cb ⁶⁾	Including cb ⁶⁾	Excluding cb ⁶⁾	Including cb ⁶⁾	Excluding cb ⁶⁾
Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	1,041.56	865.76	19.61	19.61	1.88%	2.26%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures						
SSM	9,433.98	7,559.66	155.42	154.75	1.65%	2.05%
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	1,045.57	882.74	13.40	13.39	1.28%	1.52%
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	540.21	410.26	13.33	13.32	2.47%	3.25%
RoW ⁴⁾	6,848.77	5,396.97	137.93	137.78	2.01%	2.55%
Total	18,910.09	15,115.39	339.68	338.85	1.80%	2.24%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

5) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP, held for trading exposures are excluded. As of the reference period Q2 2020, cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are reported separately from loans and advances.

6) "cb" refers to "cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits".

T04.02.3 Non-performing loans and advances by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Loans and advances ²⁾		Non-performing loans and advances		Non-performing loans ratio	
	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾
Banks with total assets						
Less than €30 billion	238.02	161.27	3.88	3.88	1.63%	2.41%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	1,937.67	1,580.94	39.56	39.55	2.04%	2.50%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	1,622.91	1,280.30	32.12	32.12	1.98%	2.51%
More than €200 billion	6,722.51	5,301.17	101.15	100.56	1.50%	1.90%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	8,388.98	6,791.71	162.97	162.74	1.94%	2.40%
Total	18,910.09	15,115.39	339.68	338.85	1.80%	2.24%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

2) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP, held for trading exposures are excluded. As of the reference period Q2 2020, cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are reported separately from loans and advances.

3) "cb" refers to "cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits".

T04.02.3 Non-performing loans and advances by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Loans and advances ²⁾		Non-performing loans and advances		Non-performing loans ratio	
	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾	Including cb ³⁾	Excluding cb ³⁾
Banks with low risk	10,118.58	8,251.30	179.59	179.57	1.77%	2.18%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	8,791.51	6,864.09	160.09	159.28	1.82%	2.32%
Total	18,910.09	15,115.39	339.68	338.85	1.80%	2.24%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP, held for trading exposures are excluded. As of the reference period Q2 2020, cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are reported separately from loans and advances.

3) "cb" refers to "cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits".

T04.03.1 Forbearance by instrument and counterparty

(EUR billions; percentages)

Type of instrument and counterparty	Performing forbore exposures									
	Q1 2022		Q2 2022		Q3 2022		Q4 2022		Q1 2023	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Loans and advances ¹⁾	202.20	4.91%	190.76	5.19%	184.48	5.29%	170.91	5.45%	164.11	5.25%
Central banks	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
General governments	1.64	1.03%	1.63	0.71%	1.59	0.78%	1.77	0.55%	1.17	1.39%
Credit institutions	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Other financial corporations	3.67	2.94%	3.54	3.30%	3.41	3.53%	3.12	3.95%	3.52	3.53%
Non-financial corporations	130.59	4.71%	125.15	4.87%	122.32	5.01%	111.14	5.25%	106.39	4.94%
Households	66.29	5.51%	60.35	6.09%	57.07	6.14%	54.78	6.10%	52.94	6.08%
Debt securities	0.56	1.34%	0.23	C	0.15	C	0.07	1.39%	0.09	2.20%
Other ²⁾	C	10.19%	C	5.55%	C	6.02%	C	6.51%	C	10.45%
Off-balance sheet exposures	18.93	1.15%	18.11	1.50%	16.45	1.85%	15.18	1.88%	15.07	1.86%
Total	223.78	4.63%	210.28	4.87%	202.14	5.02%	187.02	5.16%	179.73	4.98%

Type of instrument and counterparty	Non-performing forbore exposures									
	Q1 2022		Q2 2022		Q3 2022		Q4 2022		Q1 2023	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Loans and advances ¹⁾	156.90	38.35%	146.96	37.93%	142.24	38.59%	134.76	38.80%	133.24	38.98%
Central banks	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
General governments	0.40	23.51%	0.34	22.01%	0.33	23.89%	0.29	23.39%	0.27	20.12%
Credit institutions	C	45.52%	C	49.50%	C	49.47%	C	45.49%	C	47.33%
Other financial corporations	4.68	38.02%	4.52	34.91%	4.14	37.12%	3.51	36.14%	3.41	34.74%
Non-financial corporations	94.19	40.79%	88.84	39.86%	85.85	40.75%	82.36	40.77%	81.14	40.87%
Households	57.47	34.47%	53.12	35.03%	51.79	35.19%	48.48	35.74%	48.32	36.18%
Debt securities	0.81	32.95%	0.69	C	0.65	C	0.60	33.97%	0.63	38.94%
Other ²⁾	5.11	57.41%	6.22	61.54%	6.43	62.03%	4.75	60.17%	C	60.89%
Off-balance sheet exposures	C	8.35%	C	8.17%	C	8.47%	C	9.28%	3.51	11.17%
Total	167.09	38.14%	157.71	38.09%	152.88	38.84%	143.69	38.75%	140.84	38.82%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: held for trading exposures are excluded.

2) Other includes Debt instrument held for sale.

T04.03.2 Non-performing exposures and forbearance by country

(EUR billions; percentages)

Country (Q1 2023)	Total exposures				Forborne exposures			
	Performing		Non-performing		Performing		Non-performing	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Belgium	721.30	0.25%	6.74	47.25%	3.17	2.48%	1.89	30.82%
Bulgaria	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Germany	4,561.55	0.21%	38.43	31.92%	24.98	1.74%	14.70	34.35%
Estonia	49.20	0.29%	0.25	31.25%	0.57	3.05%	0.14	29.98%
Ireland	654.69	0.35%	7.99	27.98%	6.08	7.21%	4.74	25.59%
Greece	299.47	0.58%	15.81	52.97%	6.68	6.34%	7.47	44.85%
Spain	3,964.82	0.48%	81.49	41.57%	40.08	7.79%	35.29	42.97%
France	9,120.55	0.35%	122.28	44.83%	35.63	4.12%	32.75	36.25%
Croatia ¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italy	3,254.09	0.44%	53.59	50.81%	26.57	7.52%	18.84	50.22%
Cyprus	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Latvia	21.09	0.55%	0.13	37.46%	0.14	3.96%	0.07	53.33%
Lithuania	37.55	0.22%	0.18	32.23%	0.25	5.28%	0.09	28.25%
Luxembourg	126.78	0.18%	1.05	32.07%	0.70	2.29%	0.41	28.24%
Malta	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Netherlands	2,768.99	0.15%	29.89	24.14%	20.65	1.57%	14.25	23.17%
Austria	789.46	0.59%	10.00	49.34%	5.56	4.83%	3.79	46.48%
Portugal	250.32	0.79%	7.12	53.05%	2.36	8.73%	2.87	60.56%
Slovenia	46.11	0.56%	0.54	54.17%	0.26	5.84%	0.20	49.01%
Slovakia ¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finland	751.11	0.13%	5.86	28.29%	4.63	1.08%	2.51	22.64%
Total	27,499.87	0.34%	383.11	42.03%	179.73	4.98%	140.84	38.82%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

T04.03.3 Non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total exposures				Forborne exposures			
	Performing		Non-performing		Performing		Non-performing	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Corporate/wholesale lenders	1,425.58	0.26%	10.50	32.49%	12.13	1.48%	5.59	35.56%
Custodian and asset managers	342.11	0.08%	0.76	34.37%	C	C	0.38	35.51%
Development/promotional lenders	463.01	C	6.44	C	C	C	1.27	19.27%
Diversified lenders	3,916.78	0.47%	83.86	48.51%	39.25	5.63%	35.52	44.88%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	12,525.78	0.35%	179.59	41.62%	76.44	5.33%	59.18	37.40%
Retail and consumer credit lenders	1,103.99	0.39%	14.69	37.45%	5.31	7.54%	4.90	37.35%
Small market lenders	177.41	0.51%	1.61	49.97%	1.43	6.63%	0.69	46.42%
Universal and investment banks	7,545.23	0.27%	85.67	40.34%	38.82	4.99%	33.30	36.26%
Not classified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	27,499.87	0.34%	383.11	42.03%	179.73	4.98%	140.84	38.82%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T04.03.3 Non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total exposures				Forborne exposures			
	Performing		Non-performing		Performing		Non-performing	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	1,493.08	0.35%	23.67	42.40%	7.83	5.35%	7.41	47.02%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures								
SSM	14,044.23	0.34%	179.66	43.51%	91.97	4.79%	68.04	39.95%
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	1,473.50	0.32%	14.49	46.17%	6.30	4.30%	5.16	39.76%
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	710.34	0.40%	14.54	37.17%	8.29	6.40%	7.57	33.33%
RoW ⁴⁾	9,778.73	0.33%	150.75	40.29%	65.35	5.08%	52.66	36.90%
Total	27,499.87	0.34%	383.11	42.03%	179.73	4.98%	140.84	38.82%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T04.03.3 Non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total exposures				Forborne exposures			
	Performing		Non-performing		Performing		Non-performing	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Banks with total assets								
Less than €30 billion	316.62	0.40%	4.40	39.65%	3.49	4.38%	2.16	37.49%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	2,740.25	0.42%	51.69	44.66%	30.08	4.03%	21.20	43.96%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	2,376.91	0.31%	35.51	43.18%	20.44	5.51%	14.02	38.31%
More than €200 billion	9,540.31	0.30%	111.92	41.21%	49.30	4.83%	44.28	38.48%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	12,525.78	0.35%	179.59	41.62%	76.44	5.33%	59.18	37.40%
Total	27,499.87	0.34%	383.11	42.03%	179.73	4.98%	140.84	38.82%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T04.03.3 Non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total exposures				Forborne exposures			
	Performing		Non-performing		Performing		Non-performing	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Banks with low risk	14,749.36	0.34%	196.91	42.05%	94.07	5.41%	73.11	39.53%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	12,750.52	0.33%	186.20	42.01%	85.67	4.50%	67.72	38.05%
Total	27,499.87	0.34%	383.11	42.03%	179.73	4.98%	140.84	38.82%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

T04.04.1 Fair value hierarchy by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

Type of instrument	Fair value hierarchy														
	Q1 2022			Q2 2022			Q3 2022			Q4 2022			Q1 2023		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Derivatives	33.29	1,654.80	41.14	32.44	2,005.80	49.72	33.98	2,592.28	51.21	23.75	2,103.62	43.01	15.36	1,868.17	40.01
Equity instruments	312.10	33.51	64.23	258.58	31.20	65.54	226.52	28.45	65.68	249.85	28.61	65.18	301.93	22.51	70.17
Debt securities	1,294.80	374.00	53.56	1,220.00	388.25	53.16	1,155.98	370.72	51.59	1,048.60	355.75	48.86	1,216.99	375.61	36.36
Loans and advances	5.35	1,301.32	67.94	17.17	1,269.56	68.47	21.49	1,277.26	70.86	18.76	1,049.87	72.98	17.08	1,348.70	78.54
Total	1,645.54	3,363.63	226.87	1,528.19	3,694.81	236.89	1,437.96	4,268.71	239.34	1,340.97	3,537.86	230.04	1,551.35	3,614.99	225.07
as a share of total assets	6.22%	12.71%	0.86%	5.71%	13.80%	0.89%	5.18%	15.37%	0.86%	5.19%	13.69%	0.89%	5.87%	13.68%	0.85%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

The Level 1, 2 and 3 asset categories include only financial instruments measured at fair value.

T04.04.2 Fair value hierarchy by country

(EUR billions; percentages)

Country (Q1 2023)	Total assets	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Belgium	632.79	20.29	3.21%	16.11	2.55%	3.27	0.52%
Bulgaria	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Germany	4,883.58	227.56	4.66%	1,183.83	24.24%	50.95	1.04%
Estonia	43.93	0.62	1.42%	0.20	0.46%	0.04	0.09%
Ireland	619.03	37.89	6.12%	120.69	19.50%	4.25	0.69%
Greece	304.76	8.28	2.72%	9.94	3.26%	1.34	0.44%
Spain	3,704.89	197.24	5.32%	282.16	7.62%	15.02	0.41%
France	9,173.56	661.86	7.21%	1,530.76	16.69%	100.76	1.10%
Croatia ¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italy	2,693.27	199.54	7.41%	118.79	4.41%	17.88	0.66%
Cyprus	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Latvia	19.22	0.59	3.08%	0.13	0.65%	C	C
Lithuania	34.52	0.78	2.25%	C	C	0.06	0.17%
Luxembourg	119.48	1.21	1.01%	5.07	4.25%	2.08	1.74%
Malta	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Netherlands	2,425.64	111.47	4.60%	164.84	6.80%	12.94	0.53%
Austria	692.93	23.03	3.32%	15.57	2.25%	4.64	0.67%
Portugal	232.49	12.61	5.42%	1.53	0.66%	4.66	2.01%
Slovenia	39.93	2.23	5.58%	1.54	3.85%	0.02	0.05%
Slovakia ¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finland	721.59	45.03	6.24%	C	C	C	C
Total	26,420.99	1,551.35	5.87%	3,614.99	13.68%	225.07	0.85%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

The Level 1, 2 and 3 asset categories include only financial instruments measured at fair value.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

T04.04.3 Fair value hierarchy by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total assets	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Corporate/wholesale lenders	1,283.29	68.53	5.34%	118.25	9.21%	9.54	0.74%
Custodian and asset managers	351.47	21.87	6.22%	32.73	9.31%	1.91	0.54%
Development/promotional lenders	447.98	23.28	5.20%	14.38	3.21%	16.51	3.69%
Diversified lenders	3,518.49	133.14	3.78%	74.43	2.12%	20.03	0.57%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	12,238.63	850.79	6.95%	2,046.71	16.72%	123.75	1.01%
Retail and consumer credit lenders	1,048.83	27.98	2.67%	29.92	2.85%	3.10	0.30%
Small market lenders	159.10	5.38	3.38%	3.20	2.01%	0.17	0.11%
Universal and investment banks	7,373.20	420.38	5.70%	1,295.36	17.57%	50.06	0.68%
Not classified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	26,420.99	1,551.35	5.87%	3,614.99	13.68%	225.07	0.85%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

The Level 1, 2 and 3 asset categories include only financial instruments measured at fair value.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T04.04.3 Fair value hierarchy by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total assets	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	1,398.80	63.69	4.55%	34.57	2.47%	16.79	1.20%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures							
SSM	12,733.52	625.70	4.91%	1,535.64	12.06%	95.23	0.75%
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	1,361.46	58.63	4.31%	C	C	11.96	0.88%
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	673.48	26.94	4.00%	C	C	2.62	0.39%
RoW ⁴⁾	10,253.73	776.39	7.57%	1,858.84	18.13%	98.48	0.96%
Total	26,420.99	1,551.35	5.87%	3,614.99	13.68%	225.07	0.85%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

The Level 1, 2 and 3 asset categories include only financial instruments measured at fair value.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T04.04.3 Fair value hierarchy by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total assets	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with total assets							
Less than €30 billion	291.44	6.39	2.19%	6.68	2.29%	1.70	0.58%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	2,614.38	117.92	4.51%	75.18	2.88%	33.58	1.28%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	2,302.15	114.70	4.98%	330.73	14.37%	14.43	0.63%
More than €200 billion	8,974.39	461.55	5.14%	1,155.69	12.88%	51.61	0.58%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	12,238.63	850.79	6.95%	2,046.71	16.72%	123.75	1.01%
Total	26,420.99	1,551.35	5.87%	3,614.99	13.68%	225.07	0.85%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

The Level 1, 2 and 3 asset categories include only financial instruments measured at fair value.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T04.04.3 Fair value hierarchy by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions, percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total assets	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Low risk banks	13,861.38	774.15	5.58%	1,670.83	12.05%	106.55	0.77%
Medium, high risk and non-rated banks	12,559.61	777.20	6.19%	1,944.16	15.48%	118.52	0.94%
Total	26,420.99	1,551.35	5.87%	3,614.99	13.68%	225.07	0.85%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

The Level 1, 2 and 3 asset categories include only financial instruments measured at fair value.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

T04.05.1 Loans and advances subject to impairment review by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

Item	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Total loans and advances subject to impairment review ^{1) 2)}	14,129.43	14,389.11	14,607.31	14,339.49	14,510.64
Stage 1 loans and advances	12,456.99	12,647.69	12,833.96	12,629.30	12,829.76
Stage 1 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	88.16%	87.90%	87.86%	88.07%	88.42%
Stage 1 coverage ratio	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.23%	0.23%
Stage 2 loans and advances	1,311.39	1,399.10	1,433.82	1,379.68	1,350.52
Stage 2 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	9.28%	9.72%	9.82%	9.62%	9.31%
Stage 2 coverage ratio	4.02%	3.82%	3.76%	3.76%	3.82%
Stage 3 loans and advances	344.41	326.74	324.14	316.34	316.06
Stage 3 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	2.44%	2.27%	2.22%	2.21%	2.18%
Stage 3 coverage ratio	46.45%	45.58%	45.79%	45.03%	45.17%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired loans and advances ³⁾	16.64	15.59	15.39	14.16	14.31
Purchased or originated credit-impaired as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	0.12%	0.11%	0.11%	0.10%	0.10%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired coverage ratio	23.51%	24.25%	24.68%	22.51%	22.17%

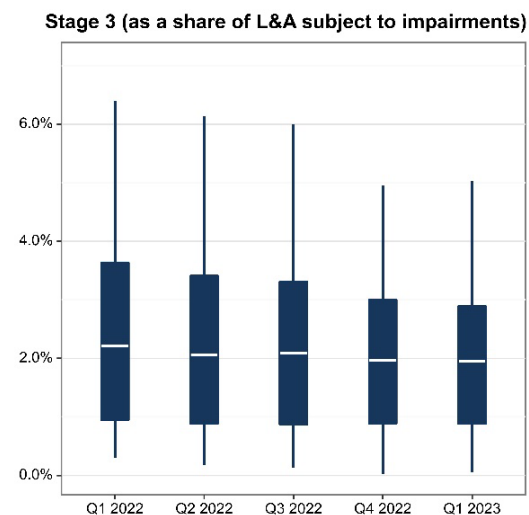
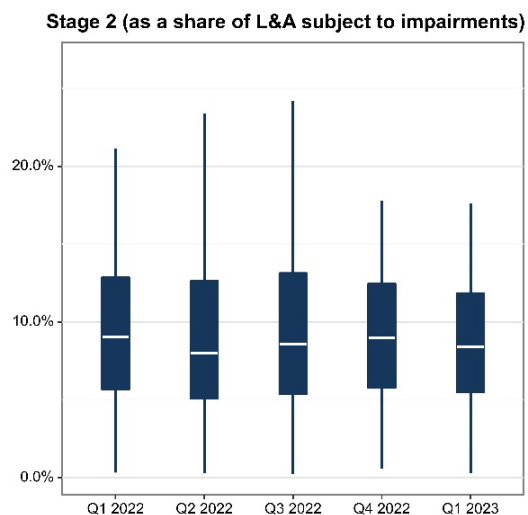
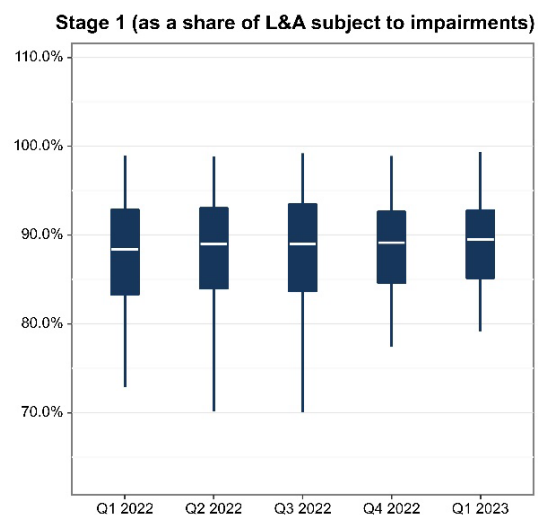
Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are excluded.

2) Loans and advances at amortised cost (AC) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

3) Purchased or originated credit-impaired loans and advances are included in Stage 2 and Stage 3 loans and advances until Q2 2021.



T04.05.2 Loans and advances subject to impairment review by country/1

(EUR billions; percentages)

Item (Q1 2023)	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ³⁾	Italy
Total loans and advances subject to impairment review ^{1) 2)}	14,510.64	412.50	C	2,111.71	31.41	264.70	158.18	2,346.92	4,830.40	-	1,569.15
Stage 1 loans and advances	12,829.76	343.65	C	1,881.66	27.94	228.17	129.85	2,116.62	4,264.41	-	1,345.04
Stage 1 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	88.42%	83.31%	C	89.11%	88.95%	86.20%	82.09%	90.19%	88.28%	-	85.72%
Stage 1 coverage ratio	0.23%	0.09%	C	0.14%	0.19%	0.23%	0.36%	0.40%	0.23%	-	0.28%
Stage 2 loans and advances	1,350.52	62.06	C	200.67	3.25	30.11	17.78	161.12	453.69	-	178.07
Stage 2 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	9.31%	15.04%	C	9.50%	10.35%	11.38%	11.24%	6.87%	9.39%	-	11.35%
Stage 2 coverage ratio	3.82%	1.80%	C	2.13%	2.28%	4.50%	5.22%	6.10%	3.98%	-	4.74%
Stage 3 loans and advances	316.06	6.10	C	27.54	C	5.78	8.38	67.92	109.22	-	43.49
Stage 3 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	2.18%	1.48%	C	1.30%	C	2.18%	5.30%	2.89%	2.26%	-	2.77%
Stage 3 coverage ratio	45.17%	49.63%	C	38.00%	31.97%	32.52%	45.46%	45.31%	47.29%	-	55.10%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired loans and advances	14.31	0.68	C	1.84	C	0.64	2.18	1.25	3.09	-	2.55
Purchased or originated credit-impaired as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	0.10%	0.17%	C	0.09%	C	0.24%	1.38%	0.05%	0.06%	-	0.16%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired coverage ratio	22.17%	C	C	12.92%	C	8.51%	16.60%	35.49%	19.71%	-	37.05%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are excluded.

2) Loans and advances at amortised cost (AC) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia.

T04.05.2 Loans and advances subject to impairment review by country/2

(EUR billions; percentages)

Item (Q1 2023)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ³⁾	Finland
Total loans and advances subject to impairment review ^{1) 2)}	C	12.99	20.75	53.04	C	1,644.88	450.24	135.67	22.72	-	407.95
Stage 1 loans and advances	C	11.92	19.15	46.47	C	1,496.66	371.57	114.89	20.70	-	378.73
Stage 1 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	C	91.77%	92.32%	87.62%	C	90.99%	82.53%	84.69%	91.13%	-	92.84%
Stage 1 coverage ratio	C	0.59%	0.21%	0.18%	C	0.09%	0.24%	0.51%	0.63%	-	0.08%
Stage 2 loans and advances	C	0.94	1.42	5.63	C	121.98	69.08	15.46	1.51	-	24.40
Stage 2 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	C	7.20%	6.85%	10.61%	C	7.42%	15.34%	11.40%	6.64%	-	5.98%
Stage 2 coverage ratio	C	3.59%	2.50%	1.62%	C	2.09%	4.07%	7.82%	5.57%	-	2.10%
Stage 3 loans and advances	C	C	0.16	C	C	C	8.72	5.13	0.46	-	4.58
Stage 3 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	C	C	0.79%	C	C	C	1.94%	3.78%	2.02%	-	1.12%
Stage 3 coverage ratio	C	41.41%	34.41%	34.06%	C	26.57%	51.60%	57.50%	59.00%	-	32.95%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired loans and advances	C	C	0.01	C	C	C	0.87	0.19	0.05	-	0.25
Purchased or originated credit-impaired as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	C	C	0.04%	C	C	C	0.19%	0.14%	0.21%	-	0.06%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired coverage ratio	C	C	2.06%	C	C	C	25.60%	C	C	-	C

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are excluded.

2) Loans and advances at amortised cost (AC) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T04.05.3 Loans and advances subject to impairment review by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Item (Q1 2023)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lender	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lenders	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ³⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
Total loans and advances subject to impairment review ^{1) 2)}	14,510.64	773.69	104.75	289.39	2,054.57	6,592.91	661.46	103.30	3,930.57	-
Stage 1 loans and advances	12,829.76	691.63	98.62	261.62	1,765.13	5,824.66	582.90	93.67	3,511.53	-
Stage 1 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	88.42%	89.39%	94.15%	90.40%	85.91%	88.35%	88.12%	90.67%	89.34%	-
Stage 1 coverage ratio	0.23%	0.18%	0.04%	C	0.31%	0.24%	0.29%	0.44%	0.20%	-
Stage 2 loans and advances	1,350.52	73.07	C	C	220.18	609.36	67.40	C	343.06	-
Stage 2 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	9.31%	9.44%	C	C	10.72%	9.24%	10.19%	C	8.73%	-
Stage 2 coverage ratio	3.82%	2.51%	C	C	4.48%	4.28%	3.08%	4.61%	3.14%	-
Stage 3 loans and advances	316.06	8.45	0.67	3.89	62.86	154.95	10.45	1.40	73.39	-
Stage 3 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	2.18%	1.09%	0.64%	1.34%	3.06%	2.35%	1.58%	1.35%	1.87%	-
Stage 3 coverage ratio	45.17%	35.90%	37.55%	21.54%	51.11%	44.49%	44.15%	53.03%	43.89%	-
Purchased or originated credit-impaired loans and advances	14.31	0.54	C	C	6.40	3.94	0.72	C	2.60	-
Purchased or originated credit-impaired as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	0.10%	0.07%	C	C	0.31%	0.06%	0.11%	C	0.07%	-
Purchased or originated credit-impaired coverage ratio	22.17%	12.15%	C	C	28.50%	18.32%	9.17%	8.91%	18.64%	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are excluded.

2) Loans and advances at amortised cost (AC) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs is used as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T04.05.3 Loans and advances subject to impairment review by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Item (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures ³⁾	Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
			SSM	Non-SSM EEA ⁴⁾	Non-EEA Europe ⁵⁾	RoW ⁶⁾
Total loans and advances subject to impairment review ^{1) 2)}	14,510.64	785.14	7,252.55	829.08	374.94	5,268.94
Stage 1 loans and advances	12,829.76	688.70	6,420.47	717.27	325.70	4,677.62
Stage 1 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	88.42%	87.72%	88.53%	86.51%	86.87%	88.78%
Stage 1 coverage ratio	0.23%	0.20%	0.22%	0.15%	0.28%	0.26%
Stage 2 loans and advances	1,350.52	78.12	679.53	98.42	36.78	457.67
Stage 2 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	9.31%	9.95%	9.37%	11.87%	9.81%	8.69%
Stage 2 coverage ratio	3.82%	3.26%	3.93%	2.99%	4.42%	3.88%
Stage 3 loans and advances	316.06	17.99	143.92	12.38	11.84	129.93
Stage 3 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	2.18%	2.29%	1.98%	1.49%	3.16%	2.47%
Stage 3 coverage ratio	45.17%	50.60%	45.95%	49.66%	40.78%	43.52%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired loans and advances	14.31	0.32	8.63	1.00	0.62	3.73
Purchased or originated credit-impaired as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	0.10%	0.04%	0.12%	0.12%	0.16%	0.07%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired coverage ratio	22.17%	10.79%	24.55%	19.97%	17.32%	19.05%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are excluded.

2) Loans and advances at amortised cost (AC) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

3) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

5) European countries not in the EEA.

6) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T04.05.3 Loans and advances subject to impairment review by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Item (Q1 2023)	Total	Total assets				G-SIBs ³⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
Total loans and advances subject to impairment review ^{1) 2)}	14,510.64	159.81	1,360.24	1,215.63	5,182.05	6,592.91
Stage 1 loans and advances	12,829.76	142.68	1,181.14	1,062.06	4,619.22	5,824.66
Stage 1 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	88.42%	89.28%	86.83%	87.37%	89.14%	88.35%
Stage 1 coverage ratio	0.23%	0.38%	0.31%	0.21%	0.21%	0.24%
Stage 2 loans and advances	1,350.52	13.50	141.29	122.09	464.29	609.36
Stage 2 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	9.31%	8.45%	10.39%	10.04%	8.96%	9.24%
Stage 2 coverage ratio	3.82%	4.07%	3.89%	3.22%	3.34%	4.28%
Stage 3 loans and advances	316.06	3.09	33.83	29.33	94.85	154.95
Stage 3 as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	2.18%	1.93%	2.49%	2.41%	1.83%	2.35%
Stage 3 coverage ratio	45.17%	44.03%	48.37%	46.91%	44.63%	44.49%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired loans and advances	14.31	0.55	3.98	2.15	3.69	3.94
Purchased or originated credit-impaired as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	0.10%	0.34%	0.29%	0.18%	0.07%	0.06%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired coverage ratio	22.17%	3.98%	16.79%	38.64%	25.17%	18.32%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are excluded.

2) Loans and advances at amortised cost (AC) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs is used as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T04.05.3 Loans and advances subject to impairment review by classification (risk) ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Item (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Total loans and advances subject to impairment review ^{2) 3)}	14,510.64	7,999.03	6,511.61
Stage 1 loans and advances	12,829.76	7,128.19	5,701.57
Stage 1 as a share of total loans and advances ³⁾	88.42%	89.11%	87.56%
Stage 1 coverage ratio	0.23%	0.24%	0.22%
Stage 2 loans and advances	1,350.52	698.37	652.15
Stage 2 as a share of total loans and advances ³⁾	9.31%	8.73%	10.02%
Stage 2 coverage ratio	3.82%	3.96%	3.67%
Stage 3 loans and advances	316.06	167.49	148.57
Stage 3 as a share of total loans and advances ³⁾	2.18%	2.09%	2.28%
Stage 3 coverage ratio	45.17%	45.64%	44.63%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired loans and advances	14.31	4.98	9.33
Purchased or originated credit-impaired as a share of total loans and advances ²⁾	0.10%	0.06%	0.14%
Purchased or originated credit-impaired coverage ratio	22.17%	22.50%	21.99%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are excluded.

3) Loans and advances at amortised cost (AC) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

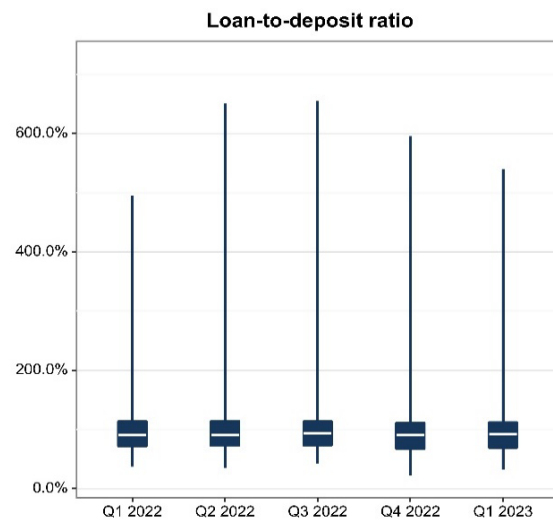
T05.01.1 Loan-to-deposit ratio by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

Item	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	11,447.16	11,649.60	11,756.92	11,711.05	11,741.73
Total deposits from non-financial corporations and households	10,954.98	11,058.82	11,224.05	11,312.95	11,186.11
Loan-to-deposit ratio	104.49%	105.34%	104.75%	103.52%	104.97%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.



T05.01.2 Loan-to-deposit ratio by country

(EUR billions; percentages)

Country (Q1 2023)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits from non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-deposit ratio
Belgium	336.61	366.81	91.77%
Bulgaria	C	C	C
Germany	1,505.65	1,231.10	122.30%
Estonia	28.49	28.69	99.32%
Ireland	183.90	261.34	70.37%
Greece	121.64	200.80	60.58%
Spain	1,970.74	1,927.77	102.23%
France	3,946.33	3,644.04	108.30%
Croatia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Italy	1,259.28	1,355.88	92.88%
Cyprus	C	C	C
Latvia	9.80	14.73	66.54%
Lithuania	16.86	24.64	68.42%
Luxembourg	42.64	44.73	95.32%
Malta	C	C	C
Netherlands	1,353.23	1,195.56	113.19%
Austria	358.28	373.94	95.81%
Portugal	119.11	174.51	68.26%
Slovenia	20.15	31.01	64.98%
Slovakia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Finland	436.39	252.57	172.78%
Total	11,741.73	11,186.11	104.97%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

T05.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits from non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-deposit ratio
Corporate/wholesale lenders	492.26	288.89	170.39%
Custodian and asset managers	47.49	71.26	66.64%
Development/promotional lenders	125.33	4.60	2726.69%
Diversified lenders	1,858.94	2,119.48	87.71%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	5,400.42	5,070.11	106.51%
Retail and consumer credit lenders	566.88	646.68	87.66%
Small market lenders	87.40	115.53	75.66%
Universal and investment banks	3,163.01	2,869.57	110.23%
Not classified	-	-	-
Total	11,741.73	11,186.11	104.97%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T05.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits from non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-deposit ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	636.10	666.35	95.46%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM	5,783.91	5,593.34	103.41%
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	773.71	714.45	108.29%
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	329.12	390.98	84.18%
RoW ⁴⁾	4,218.89	3,820.99	110.41%
Total	11,741.73	11,186.11	104.97%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T05.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits from non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-deposit ratio
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	137.67	189.60	72.61%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	1,189.34	1,163.80	102.19%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	922.18	907.46	101.62%
More than €200 billion	4,092.12	3,855.14	106.15%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	5,400.42	5,070.11	106.51%
Total	11,741.73	11,186.11	104.97%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T05.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits from non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-deposit ratio
Banks with low risk	6,626.56	5,963.87	111.11%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	5,115.17	5,222.24	97.95%
Total	11,741.73	11,186.11	104.97%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

T05.02.1 Deposits to total funding ratio by reference period

(percentages)

Indicator	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Deposits from credit institutions and other financial corporations to total funding	18.89%	18.72%	19.04%	17.69%	19.81%
Deposits from non-financial corporations to total funding	17.59%	17.57%	17.89%	19.21%	18.11%
Deposits from households to total funding	32.68%	33.14%	32.72%	34.94%	33.59%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

T05.02.2 Deposits to total funding ratio by country

(percentages)

Country (Q1 2023)	Deposits from credit institutions and other financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from non-financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from households to total funding
Belgium	13.45%	16.40%	48.15%
Bulgaria	C	C	C
Germany	34.22%	14.17%	19.81%
Estonia	10.97%	35.22%	39.01%
Ireland	26.77%	29.59%	28.05%
Greece	5.64%	19.51%	56.53%
Spain	14.84%	17.29%	42.03%
France	20.42%	20.04%	30.37%
Croatia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Italy	14.30%	18.89%	39.54%
Cyprus	C	C	C
Latvia	6.60%	33.99%	53.02%
Lithuania	6.85%	23.94%	53.70%
Luxembourg	36.18%	8.74%	33.58%
Malta	C	C	C
Netherlands	15.62%	16.18%	38.41%
Austria	15.58%	18.81%	42.13%
Portugal	4.94%	22.06%	62.91%
Slovenia	4.23%	19.66%	68.83%
Slovakia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Finland	C	C	23.75%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

T05.02.3 Deposits to total funding ratio by classification (business model)

(percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Deposits from credit institutions and other financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from non-financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from households to total funding
Corporate/wholesale lenders	35.56%	12.44%	13.16%
Custodian and asset managers	59.89%	2.74%	21.71%
Development/promotional lenders	6.52%	1.07%	C
Diversified lenders	11.09%	18.81%	48.69%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	19.88%	20.07%	31.55%
Retail and consumer credit lenders	11.96%	6.88%	61.67%
Small market lenders	7.43%	26.66%	55.37%
Universal and investment banks	21.82%	19.04%	30.56%
Not classified	-	-	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T05.02.3 Deposits to total funding ratio by classification (geographical diversification)

(percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Deposits from credit institutions and other financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from non-financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from households to total funding
Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	11.35%	8.52%	45.28%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM	20.36%	17.65%	35.78%
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	9.31%	20.43%	38.97%
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	15.41%	21.41%	44.72%
RoW ⁴⁾	22.28%	19.58%	27.40%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T05.02.3 Deposits to total funding ratio by classification (size)

(percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Deposits from credit institutions and other financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from non-financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from households to total funding
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	14.69%	20.92%	52.69%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	18.00%	11.51%	40.19%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	20.46%	17.09%	32.57%
More than €200 billion	20.30%	17.68%	33.88%
G-SIBs ¹⁾	19.88%	20.07%	31.55%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T05.02.3 Deposits to total funding ratio by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(percentages)

Category (Q1 2023)	Deposits from credit institutions and other financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from non-financial corporations to total funding	Deposits from households to total funding
Banks with low risk	19.19%	17.29%	34.32%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	20.52%	19.05%	32.76%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

T05.03.1 Net stable funding ratio by reference period ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Net stable funding ratio and its components	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Available stable funding	16,327.13	15,825.86	15,864.53	15,357.85	15,325.21
Capital items and instruments				1,844.68	1,887.55
Retail deposits				7,448.66	7,345.16
of which: maturity < 6 months				7,143.20	6,994.95
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year				126.28	157.80
of which: maturity >= 1 year				179.18	192.41
Other non-financial customers (except central banks)				1,803.89	1,819.00
of which: maturity < 6 months				1,881.00	1,859.41
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year				63.24	72.39
of which: maturity >= 1 year				191.50	192.14
Operational deposits				585.69	544.06
Liabilities and committed facilities within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ²⁾				C	C
Financial customers and central banks				1,567.42	1,465.20
of which: liabilities provided by the ECB or the central bank of a Member State				489.07	327.86
Liabilities provided where the counterparty cannot be determined				1,790.13	1,929.85
Independent liabilities				C	C
Other liabilities				286.64	308.82
Required stable funding	12,668.59	12,462.08	12,485.78	12,208.84	12,175.25
Central bank assets				21.15	21.00
Liquid assets				252.43	266.79
Securities other than liquid assets				662.16	684.46
Loans				9,571.39	9,511.44
of which: residential mortgages				1,308.16	1,310.06
Interdependent assets				C	C
Assets within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ²⁾				C	C
Derivatives				197.63	199.80
Contributions to CCP default fund ³⁾				16.59	16.76
Other assets				1,235.48	1,225.39
Off-balance sheet items				250.81	248.44
Net stable funding ratio	128.88%	126.99%	127.06%	125.79%	125.87%

Source: ECB.

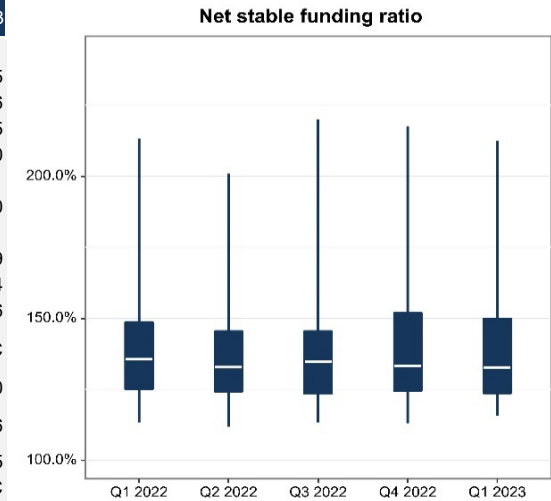
Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Following amendments to the underlying reporting framework, breakdowns for net stable funding ratio have been included in the publication as of reference period December 2022.

2) IPS stands for institutional protection scheme.

3) CCP stands for central counterparty.



T05.03.2 Net stable funding ratio by country/1

(EUR billions; percentages)

Net stable funding ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ³⁾	Italy
Available stable funding	15,325.21	443.98	C	2,273.20	32.33	329.04	232.06	2,473.56	4,787.81	-	1,777.14
Capital items and instruments	1,887.55	42.46	C	317.97	4.56	67.95	30.76	273.87	619.10	-	216.21
Retail deposits	7,345.16	293.36	C	708.16	18.38	136.25	152.23	1,430.17	2,078.80	-	982.84
of which: maturity < 6 months	6,994.95	277.55	C	613.08	17.87	134.27	138.49	1,385.52	2,026.58	-	927.79
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	157.80	4.93	C	61.51	C	C	9.70	28.48	12.36	-	9.09
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.41	10.88	C	33.57	C	C	4.05	16.17	39.86	-	45.96
Other non-financial customers (except central banks)	1,819.00	43.78	C	345.13	3.37	43.56	25.18	248.86	616.82	-	212.64
of which: maturity < 6 months	1,859.41	44.29	C	287.09	5.88	55.81	23.24	265.18	642.21	-	213.04
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	72.39	0.64	C	22.46	0.06	0.94	1.03	9.30	24.66	-	4.88
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.14	0.84	C	69.05	0.08	0.38	2.21	26.21	48.64	-	26.43
Operational deposits	544.06	12.56	C	102.82	2.82	19.77	1.53	59.04	216.63	-	36.92
Liabilities and committed facilities within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Financial customers and central banks	1,465.20	49.90	C	295.06	1.46	41.65	16.24	169.46	565.96	-	194.89
of which: liabilities provided by the ECB or the central bank of a Member State	327.86	4.01	C	50.89	C	0.40	13.61	21.02	107.19	-	90.45
Liabilities provided where the counterparty cannot be determined	1,929.85	C	C	443.39	C	19.05	3.00	256.03	537.52	-	96.21
Independent liabilities	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Other liabilities	308.82	1.02	C	35.12	0.06	C	C	C	C	-	C
Required stable funding	12,175.25	314.25	C	1,842.01	23.13	211.05	175.65	1,922.08	4,135.61	-	1,343.60
Central bank assets	21.00	C	C	C	C	2.02	C	0.21	3.48	-	C
Liquid assets	266.79	9.37	C	45.14	C	4.10	1.84	28.89	103.15	-	43.23
Securities other than liquid assets	684.46	12.44	C	196.37	C	5.58	13.55	45.28	255.44	-	79.66
Loans	9,511.44	267.81	C	1,377.06	21.63	167.35	109.48	1,502.47	3,178.30	-	979.13
of which: residential mortgages	1,310.06	C	C	C	5.44	50.31	C	83.59	576.30	-	C
Interdependent assets	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Assets within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Derivatives	199.80	2.69	C	47.65	0.06	4.46	1.59	20.13	79.14	-	21.36
Contributions to CCP default fund ²⁾	16.76	C	C	3.52	C	0.24	C	0.80	7.72	-	1.97
Other assets	1,225.39	16.89	C	111.42	0.65	18.85	46.28	294.44	427.86	-	180.70
Off-balance sheet items	248.44	4.91	C	45.55	0.46	C	2.31	C	C	-	37.21
Net stable funding ratio	125.87%	141.28%	C	123.41%	139.76%	155.90%	132.12%	128.69%	115.77%	-	132.27%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) IPS stands for institutional protection scheme.

2) CCP stands for central counterparty.

3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia.

T05.03.2 Net stable funding ratio by country/2

(EUR billions; percentages)

Net stable funding ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ³⁾	Finland
Available stable funding	C	14.97	27.51	68.08	C	1,606.42	522.59	187.42	33.38	-	451.55
Capital items and instruments	C	1.88	2.44	10.69	C	161.42	59.61	19.46	4.44	-	47.91
Retail deposits	C	10.45	18.38	34.30	C	866.82	259.16	136.92	24.44	-	149.59
of which: maturity < 6 months	C	10.37	18.06	32.37	C	831.03	246.59	125.34	22.83	-	146.63
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	C	C	C	1.06	C	10.14	4.10	8.55	0.87	-	C
of which: maturity >= 1 year	C	C	C	0.88	C	25.64	8.47	3.03	0.75	-	C
Other non-financial customers (except central banks)	C	1.06	1.56	13.35	C	128.65	65.27	14.79	3.14	-	C
of which: maturity < 6 months	C	2.02	3.96	11.38	C	163.83	59.13	16.69	2.59	-	57.49
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	C	0.03	0.02	0.70	C	4.60	1.77	0.28	0.11	-	0.79
of which: maturity >= 1 year	C	0.01	0.04	1.56	C	8.62	5.02	1.15	0.44	-	C
Operational deposits	C	1.08	2.58	5.31	C	60.20	3.51	C	C	-	14.99
Liabilities and committed facilities within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Financial customers and central banks	C	0.28	2.35	0.84	C	72.22	36.28	C	0.77	-	7.93
of which: liabilities provided by the ECB or the central bank of a Member State	C	C	1.47	C	C	19.62	11.22	C	C	-	3.25
Liabilities provided where the counterparty cannot be determined	C	C	C	C	C	312.87	72.18	3.39	C	-	181.94
Independent liabilities	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Other liabilities	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	3.77	0.12	-	C
Required stable funding	C	9.26	17.10	47.32	C	1,193.68	381.14	123.20	18.58	-	378.44
Central bank assets	C	C	C	C	C	C	0.06	0.08	C	-	C
Liquid assets	C	C	0.59	2.20	C	7.03	8.88	4.82	0.23	-	4.55
Securities other than liquid assets	C	C	C	6.69	C	22.94	21.17	9.39	1.29	-	9.54
Loans	C	8.60	14.93	33.81	C	1,080.83	301.84	91.66	15.37	-	334.17
of which: residential mortgages	C	1.84	5.35	C	C	372.08	5.82	C	C	-	C
Interdependent assets	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Assets within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Derivatives	C	C	C	0.72	C	15.12	2.37	0.88	C	-	3.05
Contributions to CCP default fund ²⁾	C	C	C	C	C	1.79	C	C	C	-	C
Other assets	C	0.19	0.26	2.83	C	44.98	42.32	13.80	1.14	-	17.85
Off-balance sheet items	C	0.12	0.19	0.82	C	20.97	4.49	C	0.37	-	9.19
Net stable funding ratio	C	161.57%	160.94%	143.87%	C	134.58%	137.11%	152.12%	179.66%	-	119.32%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) IPS stands for institutional protection scheme.

2) CCP stands for central counterparty.

3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T05.03.3 Net stable funding ratio by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Net stable funding ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lenders	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lenders	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ³⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
Available stable funding	15,325.21	741.27	175.63	325.37	2,596.90	6,623.16	742.57	126.05	3,994.25	-
Capital items and instruments	1,887.55	93.30	27.33	33.91	282.66	799.06	79.65	15.91	555.73	-
Retail deposits	7,345.16	134.66	C	C	1,585.83	3,106.19	501.31	84.82	1,858.55	-
of which: maturity < 6 months	6,994.95	126.94	C	C	1,515.93	2,992.42	478.81	81.59	1,739.58	-
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	157.80	3.47	C	C	34.60	53.85	11.35	2.06	50.30	-
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.41	4.25	C	C	35.30	59.92	11.15	1.17	68.67	-
Other non-financial customers (except central banks)	1,819.00	126.41	8.83	5.03	271.45	912.47	43.89	10.54	440.37	-
of which: maturity < 6 months	1,859.41	97.28	C	C	266.69	924.90	33.60	15.84	510.58	-
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	72.39	9.13	0.62	0.22	7.87	39.85	1.33	0.25	13.13	-
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.14	25.32	0.98	1.79	22.20	103.49	12.81	0.58	24.97	-
Operational deposits	544.06	18.36	C	C	33.20	282.46	5.09	6.48	160.29	-
Liabilities and committed facilities within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-
Financial customers and central banks	1,465.20	155.32	12.02	17.31	177.56	688.53	50.91	5.54	358.01	-
of which: liabilities provided by the ECB or the central bank of a Member State	327.86	16.04	C	C	89.31	113.24	13.59	1.57	81.86	-
Liabilities provided where the counterparty cannot be determined	1,929.85	203.69	C	C	189.79	663.60	53.83	2.35	548.37	-
Independent liabilities	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-
Other liabilities	308.82	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	47.38	-
Required stable funding	12,175.25	599.16	99.87	251.73	1,871.20	5,577.51	547.12	80.46	3,148.20	-
Central bank assets	21.00	0.20	C	C	2.02	C	0.11	0.29	0.82	-
Liquid assets	266.79	17.89	8.09	6.61	54.51	123.38	9.25	1.18	45.88	-
Securities other than liquid assets	684.46	31.63	12.42	26.54	93.38	285.60	44.25	3.01	187.63	-
Loans	9,511.44	502.56	61.47	209.36	1,424.62	4,285.72	425.89	71.77	2,530.05	-
of which: residential mortgages	1,310.06	C	C	C	78.73	817.16	131.39	12.93	269.04	-
Interdependent assets	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-
Assets within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-
Derivatives	199.80	6.57	3.57	5.10	13.02	104.00	4.90	0.23	62.41	-
Contributions to CCP default fund ²⁾	16.76	0.25	0.58	C	1.77	9.72	0.05	C	4.38	-
Other assets	1,225.39	27.32	12.20	0.75	255.15	625.88	54.85	2.70	246.53	-
Off-balance sheet items	248.44	C	1.26	1.29	C	128.00	6.64	C	C	-
Net stable funding ratio	125.87%	123.72%	175.85%	129.25%	138.78%	118.75%	135.72%	156.66%	126.87%	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) IPS stands for institutional protection scheme.

2) CCP stands for central counterparty.

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T05.03.3 Net stable funding ratio by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Net stable funding ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures ³⁾	Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
			SSM	Non-SSM EEA ⁴⁾	Non-EEA Europe ⁵⁾	RoW ⁶⁾
Available stable funding	15,325.21	974.55	7,670.49	913.82	467.56	5,298.79
Capital items and instruments	1,887.55	109.82	958.01	93.30	58.88	667.54
Retail deposits	7,345.16	484.30	3,805.71	480.47	282.19	2,292.50
of which: maturity < 6 months	6,994.95	467.81	3,604.68	462.24	273.17	2,187.06
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	157.80	6.62	86.22	12.87	3.85	48.24
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.41	9.87	114.81	5.36	5.17	57.20
Other non-financial customers (except central banks)	1,819.00	61.90	824.75	108.33	55.08	768.94
of which: maturity < 6 months	1,859.41	52.02	842.37	120.16	52.62	792.24
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	72.39	1.14	31.26	1.70	2.04	36.25
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.14	16.13	85.20	3.65	4.44	82.72
Operational deposits	544.06	8.50	283.43	21.01	8.45	222.67
Liabilities and committed facilities within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C
Financial customers and central banks	1,465.20	82.51	665.01	44.25	28.14	645.30
of which: liabilities provided by the ECB or the central bank of a Member State	327.86	49.01	166.66	10.79	7.17	94.24
Liabilities provided where the counterparty cannot be determined	1,929.85	203.29	945.04	157.73	30.48	593.31
Independent liabilities	C	C	C	C	C	C
Other liabilities	308.82	C	162.98	C	C	C
Required stable funding	12,175.25	711.27	5,991.16	689.70	311.24	4,471.88
Central bank assets	21.00	C	2.44	0.21	1.79	C
Liquid assets	266.79	32.78	105.01	15.27	4.85	108.89
Securities other than liquid assets	684.46	61.07	336.35	18.25	8.81	259.99
Loans	9,511.44	540.01	4,708.43	601.32	247.38	3,414.31
of which: residential mortgages	1,310.06	91.39	655.71	26.25	50.61	486.10
Interdependent assets	C	C	C	C	C	C
Assets within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C
Derivatives	199.80	8.06	98.78	5.09	3.99	83.88
Contributions to CCP default fund ²⁾	16.76	0.85	6.11	C	C	9.43
Other assets	1,225.39	57.42	603.85	35.41	39.38	489.33
Off-balance sheet items	248.44	7.49	C	14.08	C	91.93
Net stable funding ratio	125.87%	137.02%	128.03%	132.49%	150.23%	118.49%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) IPS stands for institutional protection scheme.

2) CCP stands for central counterparty.

3) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

5) European countries not in the EEA.

6) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T05.03.3 Net stable funding ratio by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Net stable funding ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with total assets				G-SIBs ³⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
Available stable funding	15,325.21	221.99	1,891.41	1,331.19	5,257.47	6,623.16
Capital items and instruments	1,887.55	28.76	234.20	177.14	648.39	799.06
Retail deposits	7,345.16	139.55	901.74	652.29	2,545.39	3,106.19
of which: maturity < 6 months	6,994.95	132.15	840.01	611.23	2,419.14	2,992.42
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	157.80	4.67	33.14	9.92	56.22	53.85
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.41	2.74	28.59	31.14	70.02	59.92
Other non-financial customers (except central banks)	1,819.00	20.93	145.20	132.42	607.97	912.47
of which: maturity < 6 months	1,859.41	25.09	129.33	145.67	634.41	924.90
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	72.39	0.60	6.58	4.91	20.46	39.85
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.14	1.46	27.60	9.92	49.67	103.49
Operational deposits	544.06	11.11	50.17	43.83	156.49	282.46
Liabilities and committed facilities within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C
Financial customers and central banks	1,465.20	15.63	196.96	140.39	423.69	688.53
of which: liabilities provided by the ECB or the central bank of a Member State	327.86	6.32	62.58	42.84	102.89	113.24
Liabilities provided where the counterparty cannot be determined	1,929.85	4.82	321.31	171.39	768.73	663.60
Independent liabilities	C	C	C	C	C	C
Other liabilities	308.82	C	C	C	81.25	C
Required stable funding	12,175.25	139.43	1,382.30	977.49	4,098.53	5,577.51
Central bank assets	21.00	0.62	C	2.29	0.56	C
Liquid assets	266.79	4.29	41.46	27.28	70.39	123.38
Securities other than liquid assets	684.46	6.98	106.54	56.35	228.99	285.60
Loans	9,511.44	114.89	1,055.86	756.48	3,298.48	4,285.72
of which: residential mortgages	1,310.06	17.79	77.15	64.66	333.29	817.16
Interdependent assets	C	C	C	C	C	C
Assets within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ¹⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C
Derivatives	199.80	0.94	15.67	19.27	59.92	104.00
Contributions to CCP default fund ²⁾	16.76	C	C	1.96	3.39	9.72
Other assets	1,225.39	9.70	139.59	98.28	351.94	625.88
Off-balance sheet items	248.44	2.01	18.00	C	C	128.00
Net stable funding ratio	125.87%	159.21%	136.83%	136.18%	128.28%	118.75%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) IPS stands for institutional protection scheme.

2) CCP stands for central counterparty.

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T05.03.3 Net stable funding ratio by classification (risk-based)¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Net stable funding ratio and its components (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non rated
Available stable funding	15,325.21	8,369.12	6,956.09
Capital items and instruments	1,887.55	988.55	899.00
Retail deposits	7,345.16	4,059.81	3,285.36
of which: maturity < 6 months	6,994.95	3,867.83	3,127.12
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	157.80	85.22	72.58
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.41	106.75	85.66
Other non-financial customers (except central banks)	1,819.00	865.96	953.04
of which: maturity < 6 months	1,859.41	951.52	907.88
of which: maturity >= 6 months to < 1 year	72.39	34.31	38.09
of which: maturity >= 1 year	192.14	73.22	118.92
Operational deposits	544.06	338.58	205.48
Liabilities and committed facilities within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ²⁾	C	C	C
Financial customers and central banks	1,465.20	635.72	829.48
of which: liabilities provided by the ECB or the central bank of a Member State	327.86	147.60	180.27
Liabilities provided where the counterparty cannot be determined	1,929.85	1,290.03	639.82
Independent liabilities	C	C	C
Other liabilities	308.82	C	C
Required stable funding	12,175.25	6,648.45	5,526.80
Central bank assets	21.00	3.77	17.23
Liquid assets	266.79	126.30	140.49
Securities other than liquid assets	684.46	326.83	357.64
Loans	9,511.44	5,287.39	4,224.05
of which: residential mortgages	1,310.06	920.37	389.69
Interdependent assets	C	C	C
Assets within a group or an IPS if subject to preferential treatment ²⁾	C	C	C
Derivatives	199.80	90.76	109.04
Contributions to CCP default fund ³⁾	16.76	6.46	10.30
Other assets	1,225.39	683.76	541.63
Off-balance sheet items	248.44	C	C
Net stable funding ratio	125.87%	125.88%	125.86%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) IPS stands for institutional protection scheme.

3) CCP stands for central counterparty.

T06.01.1 Liquidity coverage ratio by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components ¹⁾	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	5,342.46	5,187.67	5,347.32	4,985.18	5,103.00
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	5,186.09	5,034.48	5,199.98	4,822.54	4,925.64
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	15.37	65.67	62.50	41.47	17.73
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount	5,201.46	5,100.15	5,262.48	4,864.01	4,943.37
Excluding EHQCB ²⁾	5,126.73	5,025.80	5,186.34	4,738.98	4,795.68
EHQCB	74.73	74.35	76.13	125.03	147.69
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	C	C	C	163.21	C
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	C	C	C	23.15	C
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount	184.81	171.22	168.94	186.36	198.63
Level 2A	100.35	97.89	103.99	104.87	111.99
Level 2B	84.47	73.33	64.95	81.49	86.64
Excess liquidity asset amount	C	C	C	0.57	C
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	3,191.62	3,156.99	3,301.05	3,090.23	3,164.24
Total outflows	4,741.42	4,704.51	4,826.09	4,440.06	4,666.26
Reduction for inflows	1,549.81	1,547.52	1,525.04	1,349.84	1,502.02
Liquidity coverage ratio	167.39%	164.32%	161.99%	161.32%	161.27%

Source: ECB.

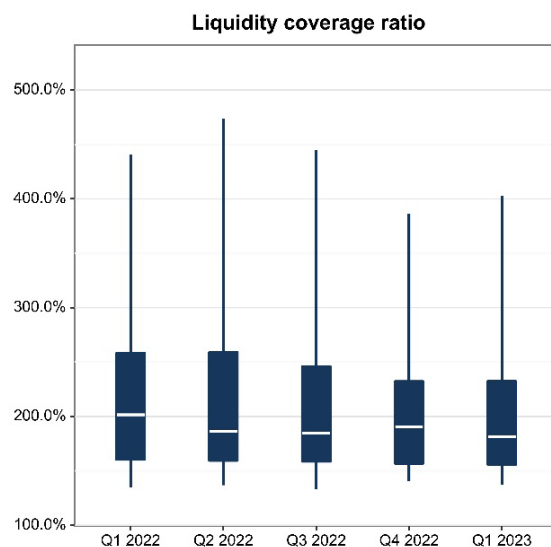
Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

According to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/322 of 10 February 2016 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions of the liquidity coverage requirement, banks are required to report the liquidity coverage ratio and its components on a monthly basis.

1) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the column header.

2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.



T06.01.2 Liquidity coverage ratio by country/1

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components ¹⁾ (Q1 2023)	Total	Belgium	Bulgaria	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Croatia ³⁾	Italy
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	5,103.00	172.54	C	972.40	10.96	167.29	73.05	637.74	1,515.93	-	542.12
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	4,925.64	164.99	C	937.31	C	164.00	72.91	622.59	1,445.11	-	525.25
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	17.73	-0.08	C	-32.05	C	0.75	0.02	-13.34	18.18	-	-2.40
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount	4,943.37	164.91	C	905.26	10.92	164.75	72.93	609.25	1,463.30	-	522.85
Excluding EHQCB ²⁾	4,795.68	156.11	C	865.13	C	160.36	C	599.78	1,439.36	-	510.70
EHQCB	147.69	8.80	C	40.13	C	4.39	C	9.48	23.94	-	12.15
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount	198.63	8.00	C	42.37	C	C	0.14	21.87	77.02	-	18.80
Level 2A	111.99	6.27	C	30.16	C	C	C	12.26	30.47	-	15.10
Level 2B	86.64	1.73	C	12.21	C	0.33	C	9.61	46.55	-	3.71
Excess liquidity asset amount	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	3,164.24	106.23	C	657.98	6.77	95.21	35.62	383.93	982.11	-	290.22
Total outflows	4,666.26	126.54	C	910.71	8.04	120.90	38.70	510.04	1,695.51	-	392.37
Reduction for inflows	1,502.02	20.32	C	252.73	1.27	25.68	3.07	126.11	713.40	-	102.15
Liquidity coverage ratio	161.27%	162.42%	C	147.79%	161.98%	175.70%	205.07%	166.11%	154.35%	-	186.80%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia.

T06.01.2 Liquidity coverage ratio by country/2

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components ¹⁾ (Q1 2023)	Cyprus	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia ³⁾	Finland
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	C	5.02	10.90	46.21	C	534.93	154.40	60.67	11.49	-	155.84
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	C	4.96	10.86	42.13	C	520.85	152.60	58.76	11.35	-	150.06
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	C	C	C	0.66	C	35.83	C	-0.06	C	-	C
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount	C	C	C	42.79	C	556.68	C	58.71	C	-	C
Excluding EHQCB ²⁾	C	4.94	11.02	C	C	546.08	156.81	58.66	11.43	-	120.06
EHQCB	C	C	C	C	C	10.60	C	0.05	C	-	C
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount	C	C	C	4.11	C	13.92	1.13	1.91	0.13	-	5.22
Level 2A	C	C	C	C	C	4.80	0.91	0.73	C	-	C
Level 2B	C	C	C	C	C	9.12	0.22	1.17	C	-	C
Excess liquidity asset amount	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-	C
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	C	2.17	3.70	28.72	C	351.16	91.46	26.12	4.10	-	89.48
Total outflows	C	2.87	4.59	32.62	C	518.39	148.25	32.64	5.28	-	107.76
Reduction for inflows	C	0.71	0.90	3.90	C	167.23	56.80	6.52	1.17	-	18.28
Liquidity coverage ratio	C	231.46%	294.60%	160.92%	C	152.33%	168.82%	232.29%	279.83%	-	174.17%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T06.01.3 Liquidity coverage ratio by classification (business model)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components ¹⁾ (Q1 2023)	Total	Corporate/ wholesale lenders	Custodian and asset managers	Development/ promotional lenders	Diversified lenders	G-SIBs ³⁾	Retail and consumer credit lenders	Small market lenders	Universal and investment banks	Not classified
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	5,103.00	315.88	143.94	89.44	771.57	2,103.69	170.53	44.78	1,463.17	-
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	4,925.64	303.00	136.53	85.51	755.81	2,008.31	165.94	44.50	1,426.06	-
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	17.73	-3.90	C	C	10.12	-1.53	0.26	C	16.73	-
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount	4,943.37	299.10	C	C	765.92	2,006.78	166.20	C	1,442.79	-
Excluding EHQCB ²⁾	4,795.68	282.61	130.18	80.64	741.87	1,971.93	160.11	44.64	1,383.70	-
EHQCB	147.69	16.49	C	C	24.05	34.85	6.09	C	59.08	-
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount	198.63	13.37	9.51	3.93	15.83	109.62	6.17	0.28	39.91	-
Level 2A	111.99	C	C	C	9.16	54.26	2.53	0.16	29.96	-
Level 2B	86.64	C	C	C	6.68	55.36	3.64	0.12	9.95	-
Excess liquidity asset amount	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	3,164.24	198.36	74.79	43.31	388.29	1,398.46	85.45	19.20	956.38	-
Total outflows	4,666.26	244.07	113.96	52.65	505.84	2,312.85	112.25	23.62	1,301.02	-
Reduction for inflows	1,502.02	45.70	39.17	9.35	117.55	914.38	26.80	4.42	344.64	-
Liquidity coverage ratio	161.27%	159.25%	192.47%	206.53%	198.71%	150.43%	199.57%	233.22%	152.99%	-

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T06.01.3 Liquidity coverage ratio by classification (geographical diversification)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components ¹⁾ (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures ³⁾	Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
			SSM	Non-SSM EEA ⁴⁾	Non-EEA Europe ⁵⁾	RoW ⁶⁾
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	5,103.00	282.62	2,520.08	338.60	163.74	1,797.96
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	4,925.64	276.70	2,434.26	331.13	159.21	1,724.33
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	17.73	-1.60	22.80	-0.03	7.56	-11.00
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount	4,943.37	275.10	2,457.06	331.11	166.77	1,713.33
Excluding EHQCB ²⁾	4,795.68	270.64	2,378.07	298.94	160.35	1,687.68
EHQCB	147.69	4.46	78.99	32.17	6.42	25.65
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	C	C	C	C	C	C
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	C	C	C	C	C	C
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount	198.63	7.06	86.78	6.24	4.62	93.94
Level 2A	111.99	2.21	56.94	5.78	3.61	43.44
Level 2B	86.64	4.84	29.84	0.46	1.01	50.49
Excess liquidity asset amount	C	C	C	C	C	C
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	3,164.24	136.93	1,526.25	211.30	79.66	1,210.11
Total outflows	4,666.26	168.58	2,162.03	267.30	94.96	1,973.39
Reduction for inflows	1,502.02	31.65	635.79	56.00	15.30	763.28
Liquidity coverage ratio	161.27%	206.41%	165.12%	160.25%	205.56%	148.58%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

3) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

5) European countries not in the EEA.

6) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

T06.01.3 Liquidity coverage ratio by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components ¹⁾ (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with total assets				G-SIBs ³⁾
		Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	More than €200 billion	
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	5,103.00	94.61	568.59	490.15	1,845.97	2,103.69
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	4,925.64	93.12	552.32	476.18	1,795.71	2,008.31
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	17.73	0.83	9.79	-9.75	18.40	-1.53
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount	4,943.37	93.95	562.11	466.43	1,814.10	2,006.78
Excluding EHQCB ²⁾	4,795.68	91.97	545.27	446.62	1,739.89	1,971.93
EHQCB	147.69	1.98	16.84	19.81	74.22	34.85
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	C	C	C	C	C	C
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	C	C	C	C	C	C
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount	198.63	1.47	17.34	16.37	53.83	109.62
Level 2A	111.99	1.19	10.47	8.44	37.63	54.26
Level 2B	86.64	0.28	6.87	7.93	16.20	55.36
Excess liquidity asset amount	C	C	C	C	C	C
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	3,164.24	39.59	271.46	266.14	1,188.59	1,398.46
Total outflows	4,666.26	48.36	359.00	348.47	1,597.58	2,312.85
Reduction for inflows	1,502.02	8.77	87.54	82.34	409.00	914.38
Liquidity coverage ratio	161.27%	238.95%	209.46%	184.17%	155.31%	150.43%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

3) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T06.01.3 Liquidity coverage ratio by classification (risk-based) ¹⁾

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components ²⁾ (Q1 2023)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	5,103.00	2,673.74	2,429.26
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	4,925.64	2,580.25	2,345.39
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	17.73	17.55	0.18
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount	4,943.37	2,597.80	2,345.57
Excluding EHQCB ³⁾	4,795.68	2,516.56	2,279.11
EHQCB	147.69	81.24	66.46
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	C	C	C
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	C	C	C
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount	198.63	104.39	94.23
Level 2A	111.99	60.63	51.35
Level 2B	86.64	43.76	42.88
Excess liquidity asset amount	C	C	C
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	3,164.24	1,709.59	1,454.65
Total outflows	4,666.26	2,436.01	2,230.25
Reduction for inflows	1,502.02	726.43	775.60
Liquidity coverage ratio	161.27%	156.40%	167.00%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

2) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

3) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

T06.02.1 Liquidity coverage ratio band by reference period

(number of institutions)

Indicator	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023
LCR ¹⁾ ≤ 100%	1	-	-	-	-
100% < LCR ≤ 150%	18	22	21	18	23
LCR > 150%	93	89	90	92	88
Total	112	111	111	110	111

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, as well as mergers and acquisitions.

According to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/322 of 10 February 2016 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions of the liquidity coverage requirement, banks are required to report the liquidity coverage ratio and its components on a monthly basis.

1) LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

T06.02.2 Liquidity coverage ratio band by country

(number of institutions)

Country (Q1 2023)	LCR ²⁾ ≤ 100%	100% < LCR ≤ 150%	LCR > 150%
Belgium	-	1	4
Bulgaria	-	-	1
Germany	-	12	10
Estonia	-	1	3
Ireland	-	1	5
Greece	-	-	4
Spain	-	1	9
France	-	2	9
Croatia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Italy	-	-	12
Cyprus	-	-	2
Latvia	-	-	3
Lithuania	-	-	3
Luxembourg	-	2	2
Malta	-	-	2
Netherlands	-	2	5
Austria	-	1	5
Portugal	-	-	3
Slovenia	-	-	3
Slovakia ¹⁾	-	-	-
Finland	-	-	3
Total	-	23	88

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Croatia and Slovakia.

2) LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

T06.02.3 Liquidity coverage ratio band by classification (geographical diversification)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q1 2023)	LCR ⁵⁾ ≤ 100%	100% < LCR ≤ 150%	LCR > 150%
Banks with significant domestic exposures ¹⁾	-	1	14
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM	-	16	51
Non-SSM EEA ²⁾	-	1	9
Non-EEA Europe ³⁾	-	-	9
RoW ⁴⁾	-	5	5
Total	-	23	88

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

2) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

3) European countries not in the EEA.

4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. all countries except European countries.

5) LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

T06.02.3 Liquidity coverage ratio band by classification (size)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q1 2023)	LCR ²⁾ ≤ 100%	100% < LCR ≤ 150%	LCR > 150%
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	-	2	21
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	-	5	38
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	-	4	13
More than €200 billion	-	8	12
G-SIBs ¹⁾	-	4	4
Total	-	23	88

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

2) LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

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